The new

بنيم التمالي عنزال يحمل

2022

من أجلكم تعلمنا ولكم ما تعلممنا

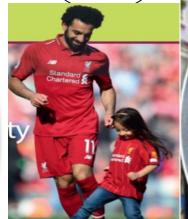
First Year

المتعادة الأولا المتعادة

الاسم / الاسم /		
العنوان/		
الامنية/		
كيفية التحقيق /	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
فى حالة فقدان الكتيب برجاء الاتصال		

رقم الطالب







اوهي تنسي هلمك

Fun with English

قاموس لاهم كلمات ترجمة

Medicine طب						
medicine	طب / دواء	addiction	إدمان			
drugs	عقاقير		یدمن			
Plastic surgery	جراحة تجميل	recuperation	فترة نقاهة			
liver		intensive care	عناية مركزة			
respiratory system	جهاز تنفسی	ventilator	جهاز تنفس صناعی			
lungs	رئتين	kidneys	كليتين			
experiments	تجارب معملية	immune system	جهاز المناعة			
backbone	عمود فقری	sanitation	نظافة عامة			
vessels	اوعية	spleen	طحال			
valves	صمامات	laboratory	معمل تحلیل			
artery	شريان	analysis	تحليل			
coma	غيبوبة	diagnosis	تشخيص للمرض			
vomiting	قئ	tablets	أقراص			
vaccines	أمصال	syrup	شراب			
antivenom	مصل / ترياق		مرهم حمل حامل التهاب			
transfusion	عملية نقل دم	pregnancy	حمل			
transplant	عملية زرع عضو	pregnant	حامل			
cells	خلايا	inflammation	التهاب			
incurable	لا علاج له	muscles	عضلات			
	Eco	أقتصاد nomy				
fever	حمی	indigestion	عسر الهضم			
economy	اقتصاد	discount	تخفيض			
economics	علم الاقتصاد	hard currency	عملة صعبة			
economic	اقتصادى	renaissance	نهضة			
commerce		monopoly	احتكار			
goods	بضائع	items	سلع			
shares	اسهم	national income	الدخل القومى			
stock market	بورصة	nationalization	تأميم			
investment	إستثمار	taxes	ضرائب			
investor	مستثمر	statistics	إحصائيات			
trade	تجارة / يتاجر	canned food	طعام معلب			
second hand	مستعمل	junk food	طعام سريع			
handmade	صناعة يدوية	balances	موازنات			
manufacture	يصنع	accounts	حسابات			
manufacturer	مصنع	accountant	مِحاسب			
brand	ماركة	prices	أسعار			
sales	مبیعات / تخفیضات	hypermarket	سوپرمارکت شامل			
For sale	للبيع	expenses	نفقات			

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reduction	تخفيض	revenues	عوائد
decline		adjustment	تىبو يە
profits	··•···································	budget	ميز انية
finance	···	corporation	تسویة میزانیة شرکة برکة
customers	زبائن	capital	رأس المال
clients	عملاء	dealers	رأس المال وكلاء
consumption	إستهلاك	purchase	یشتری
consume	يستهلك	purchaser	
rationalization		long-term	مشترى طويل الاجل
recycling		short-term	قصير الاجل
marketing	····	patent	براءة اختراع
bankrupt	···•	decline	ينحدر/يقل
Educati	···	Politics	
	•		
educational	تعليمي	policy	سياسة
boarding school	مدرسة داخلية		علم السياسة
reforms	اصلاحات	politician	سیاسی
evaluation	تقويم	party	حزب
concentration	تركيز	elections	حزب انتخابات
strategy	خطة	parliament	برلمان
staff	هيئة عاملين	constitution	دستور
principles	مبادىء	democracy	ديموفراطيه
values	قيم	democratic	دیموقراطی انتماء
manners	سلوكيات	belonging	انتماء
corner stone	حجر الزاوية	negotiations	مفاوضات
faithfulness		domination	هیمنة / سیطرة
brain drain	هجرة العقول العلمية	rights	حقوق
sufficiency	إكتفاء	activist	ناشط
creative		equality	مساواة
cultural	<u>ثقافی</u>	justice	عدالة
aware	واع	freedom	حرية
verbal	افظی غیر افظی	military	حربی / عسکری قوات مسلحة
non-verbal	غير لفظي	armed forces	قوات مسلحة
gestures	إيماءات/ ايحاءات	public opinion	الراى العام
nutrition	تغذية	martyr	شهید
UNESCO	منظمة اليونسكو	regime	نظام حكم
encyclopedia	موسوعة	armed forces public opinion martyr regime uprising conspiracy	انتفاضة
deterioration	تخلف / تدهور	conspiracy	مؤامرة
; procedures		: 10041118	
heritage	تراث	strike	اضراب
bullying	بلطجه	diplomacy	دبلوماسية
innovation	ابتكار	strike diplomacy subjects	رعايا
talented	مو هوب	national unity	وحدة وطنية

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Sport رياضة		Psycholo	علم نفس علم
professional	محترف	psychologist	عالم نفسي
amateur	هاوی	psychiatrist	لېيب نفسي
individual	فردی	complicated	عقد
World cup	···•	therapist	عالج
athletics		therapy	علاج حراف تحار
athletes	رياضيين	deviation	<u>حراف</u>
tournament	دورة	suicide	تحار
behaviour	سلوك	Physically ill	ریض بدنیا
fair play	اللعب النظيف	mentally ill	ريض عقلياً
finals	نهائيات	vices	ۮٵٸڶ
strip of	يجرد من	theory	ذائل ظرية
take drugs	تعاطى المنشطات		ترة المراهقة
audience	جمهور	teenager	راهق
defeat	هزيمة / يهزم	• · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	فِقة / صحبة
victory	نصر	*	عمال / أفعال
enrich	تثری(تغذی)	inhibitions	ساوس
solo		dichotomy	فصام
competition	منافسة	narcotics	خدرات
Physical fitness	لياقة بدنية	stubborn	ىنىد
Youth hostels	بيوت الشباب		ساوس فصام خدرات نید ضلل
muscles	عضلات		دمن
······································	علومnces	Self-	نفس/ ذات
sociology	علم الإجتماع	self-made	عصامى (بنى نفسة بنفسة)
biology		self-employed	عمل لحساب نفسة
archaeology		self-respect	حترام النفس
botany	···•	self-esteem	إعتزاز بالنفس
anthropology	علم دراسة الانسان	self-centred	تمركز حول ذاته
psychology	علم النفس	self-confident	تمركز حول ذاته ثقة بالنفس تحكم بالنفس
physiology	علم الفلسفة	self-control	تحكم بالنفس
anatomy	علم التشريح	self-defence	دفاع عن النفس
ecology	علم التشريح علم البينة	selfish	انی کتفی ذاتیاً عتمد علی نفسة علم نفسة بنفسة
zoology	علم الحيوان	self-sufficient	كتفى ذاتياً
astrology	علم التنجيم	self-reliant	عتمد على نفسة
astronomy		self- educated	علم نفسة بنفسة
	فنونts	Governm	حكومة nent
fine arts	فنون جميلة	president	ئيس
abstract art	فن تجريدي	Vice president	نيس انب الرئيس از نا
etiquette		Prime minister	ئيس الوزراء
graphics	فن الجرافيك	•	·····•
embroidery		governorate	زیر حافظ
calligraphy	فن الخط		عمده

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sculpture	فن النحت	alderman	بلد	ىيخ
ballet		adviser		ستش
	سلام/حرب Var	Literature	أدب	
treaty	معاهدة	incidents		حداث
victims	ضحایا	inspiration		هام
truce	هدنة	essay		قالة
Peace maker	صانع سلام	epic	ـة	لحم
prosperity	إزدهار	fables	س خرافية	 صص
luxury	رفاهية	imagination		يال
welfare	ىخاء	bestseller	ِ مبيعاً ف ال	ٔ ۲کثر
progress	تقدم	extract		نتطة
refugees	لإجئين	 	ال	تجا
subjects		personify		
destructive weapons		coherence		ڊسد رابط
Fatal/lethal		spiritual strength	وحية	
resistance		taboo	م/محارم	
sabotage	يفسد	 		 يال
captives	 أسرى	stimulus	/ محرك	ئير
flourish	يزدهر	subjective		تى
nations	أمم		وعى	<u>ب</u> وضر
Spy/pies		critical thinking	ِ نقدی	کیر
secret agent	عمیل سری عمیل سری	feedback	دراجعة	
treason	خيانة عظمي	Public opinion	ر العام	
hang	يشنق	reference		رجع
rebellion\ rebel		summary		د لاص
nerds		moral		فزی
bombs	 قنابل	e-books	الكترونية	
prevail	يسود	manuscripts	ورف وطات	 خطو
independence	 إستقلال	papyrus	بردی	 رقع
assassination		masterpieces		رب وا ك
Tourisn		Nature	طبيعة	.
tourism	سياحة	nature	ă.	بيعا
tourist	 سائح	natural		:: بیعے
destination	مقصد	anger of nature	ب الطبيعة	نند. ضد
resort	مصيف/ منتجع	disaster		ار ثـــة
recreation	ترفیه	disastrous		<u>ک</u> دمر
Hard currency	عملة صعبة	catastrophe	2	ار بثة
earner		earthquake	ى ب الطبيعة ة م م م م	ر لزال
attraction	حذب	volcano	······································	کان
attractive	حذاب	tornado	يار	۔۔ عصد
travel agency	و كالة سفر يات	hurricane	يار	 عصد
hospitality	ر كرم الضيافة		حلبدي	
aboriginals	السكان الإصليين الإصليين	÷ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	۰ ت <u>ر</u> ت ت ت ت ت ت ت ت ت ت ت ت ت ت ت ت ت ت ت	est t

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hostility		photosynthesis	عملية البناء الضوئي				
density		observatory	مرصد				
safety	· 	temperate	معتدل				
security		tropical	إستوائي رطوبة ت				
cultures		humidity	رطوبه				
surplus		rainbow	قوس قزح				
pharaohs	. 🏟	moisture	رطوية اليف				
homesickness	حنين للوطن						
immigration		wild	بری				
domestic tourism		extinction	انقراض منقرض فیاضانات				
·	سياحة عدم الاضرار بالبيئة	4	منفرض				
vacations	عطلات/ اجازات	÷······	فیاضانات شاده د				
fine	4	waterfalls	شُلالات				
Spac		Internet	إنترنت				
space tourism	سياحة الفضاء		موقع				
space shuttle	·•	network	شبكى				
planets		hacker	قرصان نت				
asteroids		fraud	نصب الكتروني				
space agency	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	communication	تواصل				
Mars	كوكب المريخ		تواص <i>ل</i> خصوصية				
Mercury	كوكب عطارد	*	يتصفح				
Venus		administrator(admin.)	يتصفح منظم مزيف هوية				
Jupiter	كوكب المشترى		مزيف				
weightless		identity (ID)	هوية				
gravity		posts	ملصقات				
zero gravity		Personal computer	كمبيوتر شخصي				
aliens	مخلوقات غريبة		هوائي/ بلا أسلاك				
missiles	صواريخ		شعار				
orbits	. 1	misuse	إساءة استخدام				
Cinem		fashion	موضة				
stage		fashion designer	مصمم أزياء				
actor		fashion show	عرض ازياء				
actress	ممثلة	mantles	عبانات				
scenario	سيناريو/ حوار	tastes	أذواق				
director	· 	naked	عارى				
producer	· • ······· ·	semi-naked	شبه عاری				
location		cope with	یجاری / یسایر				
movies	·•	models	عارضات أزياء				
serials		variety	منوعات				
award	جائزة / يمنح جائزة	•	إكسيسوار/ كماليات				
publicity	شهرة / ذيوع		ادوات تجميل				
	general Wordsکلمات عامة						
withstand		insulation	عزل (للاشياء)				

testify	يشهد	jealousy	غيرة
public transport	مواصلات عامة	appreciation	تقدير
mummification	تحنيط	receipt	إيصال
mummify	يحنط	raping	إغتصاب
mummy		circumstances	ظروف
curse	لعنة	bite	يراهن/ يعض
seminar	ندوة	machinery	ميكنة
reckless	غير مبال	harassment	تحرش
recycling	إعادة تصنيع/ تدوير	succeed	يتبع/ ينجح
wastefulness	تبذير	successor	تابع / خليفة
wasteful		voluntary	تطوعي/ طوعاً
extravagancy	إسراف	volunteer	متطوع
extravagant	مسرف	guerilla war	حرب عصابات
propaganda	دعاية	bankruptcy	إفلاس
neutrality	حيادية		مقلس
neutral	محايد	concepts	مفاهيم
communism	شيوعية	erratic= unstable	غیر مستقر
communist	شيوعي		دبلوماسية
hypocrisy	نفاق	parallel to	موا <i>زی لــ</i>
hypocrite	منافق	dignity	عزة / كرامة
Zionism	صهيونية	cloning	إستنساخ
flyovers	كبارى علوية	accumulation	تراکم / تکدس
vegetarian		obstacles	عوائق
liberty	حرية	claims	إدعاءات/ فروض
mixed-blessing	نعمة ونقمة	merely	مجرد
deeds		elite	صفوة/ نخبة
pessimism	تثباؤم	tendency	إتجاه / ميل

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Unit 1

Getting away الذهاب بعيدا

ecotourism	سیاحه بیئیه	destination	مقصد-اتجاه	biologist	عالم بيولوجي
collaboration	تعاون	including	متضمنا	tourist	سائح
endanger	يعرض للخطر	cheap	رخیص	volunteer	متطوع
endangered	معرض للخطر	gardening	زراعه الحدائق	rebuild	يعيد بناء
isolated	معزول	pink	وردي	path	ممر
insulated	مغطي بعازل	sand	رمال	top	قمه
local	محلي	friendly	ودود	fortunately	لحسن الحظ
design	يصمم	a tradition	تقليد	unfortunately	لسوء الحظ
environment	بيئه	traditional	تقليدي	warm	دافئ
environmental	بيئي	village	قریه	souvenir	هدیه تذکاریه یسقط
environmentally	بيئيا	summarise	يلخص	drop	يسقط
educate	يعلم	text	نص	prepare	تعد
learn	يتعلم	everywhere	في كل مكان	brilliant	لامع
show		provide	یزود-یوفر		يغوص
conservation	محافظه	harm	يؤذ <i>ي</i>	teenage	مراهق
along	بطول	tourist indus	صناعه السياحه try	a teenager	مراهق
coast		eco-hotel	فندق في بيئه نظيفه	resort	منتجع
shore	شاطئ	respect	يحترم – احترام	relaxed	مسترخي
avoid	يتجنب	anywhere		relaxing	مريح
tourist	سائح	lean out of	يطل من	underwater	تحت الماء
coral reefs	شعاب مرجانيه	spicy	حريف-لاذع-حراق	ancient	قديم
safe	آمن- خزنه	swell up	ينتفخ		معبد
animal	حيوان	trek	يذهب في رحله شاقه	history	تاريخ
plant		conservation		actually	حقا
exist			انسان الغاب- حيوان	fascinating	مبهر
island	جزيره	spider	عنكبوت	glad	سعيد
unique	فريد	bite		really	حقا
giant		rainforest	غابه مطیره	bored	مالل
القرود" lemur	هوبر"نوع من ا	sick	مریض	stuck	محشور
turtle	سلحفاه	balcony	بلكونه	awful	مخيف
sustainable	مستمر	fall	يسقط	grand parents	اجداد
tiny	ضئيل-صغير	old	قديم	clog	سداده- یسد
granddad	خ۲	peaceful	سلمي	existence	وجود
vegetables	خضراوات	quite	هادئ	pollution	تلوث
active	نشط	photograph	صوره	pollute	يلوث
ancient	قديم	castle	قلعه	polluted	ملوث
beautiful	جميل	hatred	كراهيه	1	مواد ملوثه
modern	حدیث	exotic	غريب- دخيل	boring	ممل
new	جديد	loads	احمال- اعباء	busy	مشغول
•	كثير الضوضاء	•	البرتغال	calm	هادئ
Indonesia		Madagascar	مدغشقر	crowded	مزدحم
Ecuador	الاكوادور	lettuce	خس	manhood	الرجولة

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bite	يعض	blow	تهب	carnival	احتفال
blog	مدونة	board	متن السفينة	cruise ship	باخره سياحيه
dragon	تنین	eco-hotel	فندق صديق للبيئه	exist	يتواجد
fascinating	جميل	otherwise	وإلا	paradise	جنه
plaza	مجمع تجاري	resident	ساكن	sail	يبحر - شراع
stuck	عالق	sunbathe	يأخد حمام شمس	victim	ضحيه
mosquito	ناموسه	Thai	تايلندي		

Definitions

ecotourism	السياحه البيئيه	a holiday which respects and conserves the	
		environment.	
endanger	يعرض للخطر		
existence	وجود	the state of existing	
impact	تأثير	the effect or influence that an event or situation has no	
		someone	
limited	محدود	not very great, number, abilityetc	
environment	البيئه	A A	
materials	موارد	a substance that is used to make something or that has a	
		particular quality.	
unique	فرید- متمیز	unusually good and special and not like any other	
sustainable		can continue or last for a long time	
lean	يميل	to bend or move from a vertical position	
spicy	لاذع	having a strong taste	
swell up	يتورم-ينتفخ	to become bigger or rounder	
trek	يقوم برحله شاقه	to make a long or difficult journey on foot	
crowded	مزدحم		
exotic	غريب	unusual and exciting because it is from or in another	
		country.	
isolated	معزوله	far away from any others	
peaceful	هادئ	not involving a war	
relaxing	مريح		
ancient	قديم	thousands of years ago in the past	
ecosystem	النظام البيئي	all the animals and plants in an area and the way they	
		depend on each other.	
volunteer	متطوع	Someone who does a job willing without being paid	
conservatism	حمايه للبيئة	the protection of natural things such animals, plants,	
		forests, etc to prevent them from being spoiled or	
		destroyed.	
conservationist	ناشط بيئي	a person whose job is to help protect natural things such	
		as wild animals.	
exciting	شيق- مثير	something that makes you feel excited.	
modern	حدیث- معاصر	something which is new and connected to the present.	
orangutan	إنسان الغابه	a large ape with long arms and long orange brown hair.	

Derivatives

bore	يسبب ملل	bored	مالل	boring	ممل
amaze	يدهش	amazed	مندهش	amazing	مدهش
limit	يقلل /حد	limited	محدود	un limited/limitless	لاحد له
affect	يؤثر	effective	مؤثر	effectively	بشكل فعال
influence	يؤثر/تأثير	influential	مؤثر	influenced	متأثر
save	يوفر -ينقذ	safe	امن	safety	أمان

Synonyms

trek	رحلة طويله سيرا	
spicy	حريق- متبل بالبهارات	hot
material	قماش	cloth- fabric
isolated	بعيد - منعزل	remote – faraway
giant	عملاق	very big- gigantic
exotic	مدهش	amazing
impact on	يؤثر _ تأثير	effect- affect
impact	ارتطام - اصطدام	crash

Antonyms

1		غير دائم ضاغط اجتماعي ضوضائي شيق
مريح	stressful	ضاغط
منعزل	sociable	اجتماعي
هادئ	noisy	ضوضائي
ممل	interesting	شيق
جميل	ugly	قبيح
نشط	lazy	كسول
مدهش	conventional	تقليدي
اجنبي	native	مألوف
لحسن الحظ	unfortunately	لسوء الحظ
يتواجد	die out	سيق قبيح كسول تقليدي مألوف لسوء الحظ ينقرض قريب هناك
نعتر	near	قريب
هنا	there	هناك
كبير	small tiny	صغير اضئيل
نشط	lazy	كسول
مشغول	free	غير مشغول
هادئ	noisy	ضوضائي
خدتد	old	قديم
رخيص	expensive	غالى
امن	hazardous	صغير اضئيل كسول غير مشغول ضوضائي قديم غالى خطير
	مریح منعزل مادئ ممل ممل جمیل نشط مدهش الجنبي دیتواجد یتواجد یتواجد منا بعید نشط معید معید معید معید معید معید معید معید	الله المعلق الم

Prepositions

important for	هام ل	lean over	يطل علي
swell up	يتورم	lean out of	يطل من
impact on	تأثير علي	fill with	يملأ ب

influence on	تأثير علي	full of	ملئ ب
famous for	مشهور	trek into	ملئ ب يذهب في رحله شاقه ألي
expose to	يتعرض ل	busy with	مشغول ب
blow off	يهب	adapt to	يتكيف مع
feed on	يتغذي علي	part of	جزء من
take in	يمتص	take care of	يعتني ب
take turns	يتناوب الادوار	take out	يتكيف مع جزء من يعتني ب يخرج
close to	قریب من	on the balcony	في البلكونه في اجازه
sail along	يبحر بطول	on vocation	في اجازه
interested in	مهتم ب	on holiday	في اجاز ه
excited about	فرحان ب	on business	في عمل
stay in	يقيم في	on duty	في مهمه
stay with	يقيم مع	on vocation	في مهمه
benefit from	يستفيد من	learn about	في عمل في مهمه في مهمه يتعلم عن
good at	جيد في	on approval	تحت المشوره
good for	مفید ل	good to	رحيم ب

راجع معای takeعشان هناخدها بعدین بزیادة شویتین

Take place	يحدث	take over	يتولي مسئولية
take on	يوظف	take in	يمتص – يخدع – يفهم
take part	يشارك	take apart	يفكك
take after	يشبه	take off	تقلع الطائرة- يخلع ملابس

Language notes

1- Encourage / discourage

يشجع علي مصدر + to +مفعول + encourage

We should encourage tourists to visit Egypt

encourage + v+ ing يشحع علي الشئ He encourages staying on the beach.

لا يشجع على او يمنع من الشئ + from + مفعول discourage

We should discourage children from eating fast food.

2- See/ hear/ watch/ notice +object + v+ing/inf

see/ hear/ watch/ notice + مفعول V+ing

يري او يسمع او يشاهد او يلاحظ جزء من الحدث

We saw the sun going down

يري او يسمع او يشاهد او يلاحظ الحدث كاملا

see/ hear/ watch/ notice + مصدر

We saw the sun go down

quiet alea

We'll have to be quiet so as not to wake the baby

quite . الي حد ما He seems quite upset about it all

يخرج/يترك شئ قبل اكتماله يخرج/

I quite school when I was 16.

4- Keep + object +adj/v-ing

Keeping the special coral reefs safe is a must

5- Ed/V-ing

غالبا وليس دائما الصفات التي تنتهي ب v-ing لوصف الاسخاص والصفات التي تنتهي ed لوصف الاشخاص

		ەق ، قىسا	
excited	فرحان	exciting	مثير
relaxing	مريح	relaxed	مسترخي
amazing	مدهش	amazed	مندهش
interested	مهتم	interesting	شيق
fascinated	منبهر	fascinating	مبهر
bored	شاعر بالملل	boring	ممل
frightened	خائف	frightening	مخيف

- -the story was very (interested- interesting)
- -Really she is (interested-interesting) in her job all the time.

6- (include- contain- consist of- enclose)

include

يحتوي علي (جزء او اكثر من الكل وليس الكل)

contain

يحتوي علي أشئ بداخله (علي كل)

consist of

يتكون من كل المكونات الاساسية

يرفق- يحيط enclose

All students (including- enclosing) sarah are clever.

The flat (contains- **consists**) of 3 a bathroom and a kitchen.

The bottle(consists- **contains**) 3 litters of water.

7- stay with

يقيم مع

يقيم في stay in- at

- -He stayed (with- in) his relatives.
- -He stayed (with- in) a hotel.

7- Little

اسم لا يعد +little اسم يعد + قليل الكميه صغير الحجم

- 1-He gave us **little** money.
- 2-He is a <u>little</u> boy, he is weak.

9-Coloured / colourful

coloured colourful ملون _ ذو الوان متنوعه ذاهي الالوان _ مثير

- 1-I have no (colourful- coloured) photos all my photos are black and white.
- 2-He has (coloured- colourful) life. He has a happy life.
- 3-Little children like (coloured- **colourful**) clothes that attract others.

10-conserve

conserve = preserve

يحفظ – يحمي – يرشد

1st year sec. New OK.

conserve **conservation** = **preservation** شخص محافظ علي conservationist حمایه _ ترشید

-We have to (conserve- conservationist) water.

11- isolate	يعزل – يفصل	isolation	عزله - البعد
isolated	بعيد - شاعر بالعزله		

- 1-We should (isolated **isolate**) our children from bad friends.
- 2-He lives in an (isolate- **isolated**) city.
- 3-The feeling of (isolate-**isolation**) is very difficult.
- 4-I can't live in an (isolation-isolated) place.

12-crowded with	مزدحم بــ	over crowded with	مكتظ
over crowdedness	الازدحام	over crowding	الزحام
crowd	جمع- حشد	crowd	يتجمع - يحتشد

- 1-The street is crowded (by- with) people.
- 2-The most serious problem is (crowd-crowdedness).
- 3-There is a lot of (**crowd** crowded) in the wedding.

لاحظ التعبير الاتي:

لقد تزاحمت عليه الهموم..Worries crowded in on her

13-Lean

lean - leant	ينحني	lean – on / against	يتكئ علي – يعتمد علي
lean	رفيع	leaning	مائل
lean years	سنوات الضنك	lean meat	لحوم قليله الشحم
lean production	انتاج مقتصد	lean out of	يطل من

- 1-Don't (leaning **lean**) out of the train.
- 2-We have visited the (lean-leaning) tower of Pisa.
- 3-She is (<u>lean</u>- fat) she is about to skinny.
- 4-He leans (of- on) his father in taking decisions.

14-Volunteer

volunteer	يتطوع	volunteer	شخص متطوع
voluntary	تطوعي	voluntarism	السياحه الخيريه
		voluntarist	سائح تطوعي

- ≥ -It's not compulsory it's (volunteer- voluntary)
- ≥ -He has (**volunteered** voluntary) to help them

15-Swell

swell , swelled, swollen	يتقدم - يز داد	swelling	ورم
swollen	متورم - ملتهب		

swell with pride يشعر بالفخر

swell with anger بط غضبا

swell – headed = big – headed مغرور

- 1) -The bee stung him and his face has become (swell- swollen).
- 2) -The man has insulted him and he (swelled-willed) with anger.
- 3) -she is conceited, she is (well **swell**) headed.

16-Material / spicy

spicy	حريق- حار	spices	تو ابل
spicewith	يتبل	spice up	تمتع
material	مادي – ملموس	material	مادي خاص بالمال
material	قماش	material	ماده خام
spice	اهتمام- اثاره		

- 1) -this sandwich is very (spice- spicy)
- 2) -His jokes (**spice** spicy) up our talk.
- 3) -our teacher of English make us feel with (spice-spicy) in the class.
- 4) -Don't be (material clothes), you always think of money.
- 5) -I need some (clothes- material) enough for a suit.
- 6) -Building (clothes- materials) have become very expensive.
- 7) -I have a (spicy- material) evidence that she is innocent.

17-Eco

ecotourist	سائح بيئي	ecotourism	سياحه بيئيه
ecology	علم البيئه	ecologist	عالم متخصص في البيئة
ecosystem	النظام البيئي		

18-Sustain

sustain	يحافظ علي	sustain – expose	يتعرض لـ
sustainable	ملائم للبيئه	sustainable	دائم

- -We should not destroy (sustain- sustainable) forests.
- -We must (sustain sustainable) our monuments.

19-Danger

danger	خطر	dangerous	خطير
endanger	يعرض للخطر	endangered	معرض للخطر
dangerously	بشكل خطير		

- -We must do something to save (danger- endangered) animals.
- -It's great (danger- dangerous) to deal with electricity.
- -He has (dangerous- endangered) himself to save his sister.

20-fall	يسقط	fell	fallen
feel	يشعر	felt	felt
fill	يمللأ	filled	filled
fail	يرسب	failed	failed

1-you should study hard or you'll..... your exams.

New OK.	1 st vear sec
New Un.	- 9041 000

2-you must.....the tank with water.

3-He.....happy whom he succeeded.

4-Be careful or you willoff the tree.

21-present	هدیه لمناسبه	souvenirs	هدایا تذکاریه
prize	جائزه	reward	مكافأه

-tourists always buy (prizes- souvenirs) before leaving the country.

22-Busy with + n

busy+v-ing

He is (busy - busy with) a customer right now.

He is (busy – busy with) studying for the exam.

23-Weather / climate

الطقس حاله الجو في فتره قصيره / مكان ما climate

- * What will the (weather climate) be like tomorrow
- * What was the (weather climate) like yesterday?
- * The (climate-weather) in Egypt is fine all the year around.

24-else

ونستخدم بعد الكلمات التي تبدأ ب some / every/ noمثل someone else/ everyone/ nothing else نستخدم بعد الكلمات التي تنتهي one- thing- body

Something else-something else-everybody else

ونستخدم بعد كلمات الاستفهام what/ who/where/what else/who else/where else

مصدر +would +rather فاعل

- *I'd like to have orange juice.
- * I'd prefer to stay at home.
- * I'd rather have coffee.

26- Spend

يقضى/ يتبرع ب (v.ing)+ وقت امال اجهد +spend + فاعل

- We will spend some time working outside.
- He spend a lot of effort (money) doing this project.
- مال + Spend + مال + on + (v.ing/n)
- *Governments should spend more money on scientific research.

27-Expressions with the reflexive propouns

21 Expressions with the renexive pronou	113
cut yourself	اجرح نفسى
help yourself	خذ ماتريد
enjoy yourself	استمتع بوقتى
make yourself at home	اعتبر البيت بيتك
behave yourself	كن مؤدب

29-New meanings

isolated inc	ident	فريد	حدث	a spicy story	قصه غير لائقه	trek	مسافه طويله
lean (adj.	سمين	(غير	نحيف	lean years	سنوات عصيبه		

New OK.	1 st vear sec.
New Un.	- your ooo.

		•
Don't g	et con	11564

park	حديقه عامه ـ محميه	bark	يمبح
park	یرکن	break	یمبح
learn	يتعلم	educate	یعلم یمنع
protect	يحمي	prevent	يمنع
percent	في المائه	percentage	نسبه منویه
expire	تنتهي صلاحيه	exist	يتواجد
exert	يبذل	expert	خبير
a long+ n	طویل	along	بامتداد
a tradition	تقليد	traditional	تقليدي اقصىي حموله
most	معظم	utmost	اقصي
lead	يؤدي	load	حموله
hell	جحيم	hill	تل
cross	يعبر	across	عبر لاذع ـ حراق شاحنه
species	فصائل	spicy	لاذع ـ حراق
trek	يذهب في رحله صعبه	truck	
dangerous	خطير	endangered	معرض للخطر
tame	اليف	wild	بري ـ متوحشس
isolate	يعزل	insulate	يغطي بماده عازله
except	ماعدا	accept	یقبل خطیر
endangered	معرض للخطر	dangerous	خطير

Collocations

bring problems	يسبب مشكلات
start university	يبدأ دراسة جماعية
create jobs	يوفر وظائف
the meeting is in progress	اللقاء شغال
<u>try</u> a hobby	يجرب ممارسة هواية
have a reason	لدیه مبرر
have a holiday	يحصل علي أجازة
have an impact	له أثر
have a good time	يقضىي وقت سعيد
go trekking	يذهب في رحلة سير
introduce a low	يصدر قانون

Expressions

go diving = go for a drive	يذهب للغوص	make sure	يتأكد
the komodo National Park	حديقه كومود الوطنيه	its beach with pink	شاطئها من الرمال
		sand	الورديه
on the second day	في اليوم الثاني	took a taxi to	يأخذ تاكسي الي
trekked into the desert	رحل في الصحراء	lean over the	تتكئ علي الشرفه
		balcony	
sailed along the river	ابحر علي طول النهر	such a remote place	مثل هذا المكان البعيد
all around the world	حول العالم	across the Sahara	عبر الصحراء الكبري
climb to the top of a hill	تسلق الي اعلي التل	the wind blew my	هبت الرياح قبعتي
		hat off	_
keep as a souvenir	تبقي كتذكار	here and there	هنا وهناك

	1 st year sec.
New OK.	r vear sec.
HEW UN.	

`most of the time	معظ الوقت	take photos	يلتقط صور
there's nothing to do	لا يوجد شئ يجب القيام به	a tiny village with	قریه صغیر بلا محلات
		no shops	
watching a programme or	يشاهد برنامج علي ١	during the school	خلال العطلات المدرسيه
TV	التلفزيون	holidays	
Environmentally-friendly	مواد طبيعيه صديقه	Along the sea	بجوار البحر
natural materials	للبيئه		
Endangered wildlife	الحياة البرية المهددة	Giant turtles	سلحفاة عملاقة
	بالانقراض		
getting away کان بعید	الهروب او الاسترخاء في ه	I'm over the moon	اننى فى غاية السعادة
something went wrong	لقد حدث شییء ما خطأ	loads of things to do	كثير من الاشياء مطلوبة
			العمل
along the red seacoast	بطول ساحل البحر	I always make sure	دائما اتأكد
	الاحمر		
the Mediterranean sea	البحر الابيض المتوسط	hobbies I would to try	الهوايات التى اود ان اجربها
my friends are away or	اصدقائي بعيدا او	cause a problem	يسبب مشكله
busy	مشغولين		
have a good time	يقضىي وقتا سعيدا	find a solution to	يجد حل ل
go on a cruise	يذهب في رحلة نهريه	go on a boat trip	يذهب في رحلة بالقارب

Listening Text

Luca: Last summer, I decided not to go on holiday to Greece with my friends, but do something different.

Klara: So where did you go?

Luca: Well, as I'm studying Biology I thought I'd go to Indonesia to find out more about the orangutans there. So, I booked a holiday with an ecotourism company and went to Borneo.

Klara: What was it like?

Luca: A bit of a disaster although I did love the rainforests. When we got to Jakarta, we caught an internal flight to Borneo, but my luggage never arrived so, I had to buy new clothes. The next morning, we took a boat up the river to the orangutan centre and while I was leaning out of the boat to take photos, I dropped my camera.

Klara: Oh, no. Did you manage to get it back?

Luca: No way, the river's really deep, so I just had to leave it, but I was very annoyed, but at least I had my phone. It took two days to get to the centre so while we were sitting on the boat, the guide told us all about the orangutans and what the conservationists are doing there. It sounded really exciting. When we arrived, the guide introduced us to the people working there and then we had dinner.

Klara: What was the food like?

Luca: It was mainly rice and vegetables, but they were very spicy. I don't like spicy food, so I only ate the rice. By the end of the week, I was eating the vegetables and fish though as I was so hungry.

Klara: Well, I'm glad to hear you're not such a fussy eater anymore. What did you do every day?

Luca: We got up about six every morning as that's when the sun rises, had breakfast and then trekked into the forest to learn about the orangutans from the people who are looking after them.

Klara: Did you feed them?

Luca: No, they're wild animals, not pets.

We just observed them, made notes and took photos. We also learnt about other animals, birds and insects in the rainforests. Unfortunately, at the end of the first week, a spider bit me while I was sleeping and my arm swelled up.

Klara: So what happened?

Luca: I had to go to hospital – but as the nearest hospital was 200 km away, I had to go by helicopter. I stayed there for a week all alone and then went back to the centre, but as soon as I got back I was ill. One of the tourists was making the dinner that night and he wasn't a good cook. He didn't clean the fish properly and everybody was sick. I'm staying at home this summer!

Reading

What is ecotourism

Ecotourism is about providing holidays to places which are often **endangered** and isolated. The holidays are designed to have a limited **impact** on the local **environment** and to educate tourists about conservation.

Madagascar is famous for its ecotourism and wants to protect its ecosystem (the animals and plants in its environment). 80% of the animals, and 90% of the plants that live there don't exist anywher else in the word. Lemurs, for example, only live in Madagascar



Egypt is developing ecotourism to protect the environments along the Red Sea coast. Tourists can stay in hotels built of environmentally friendly natural materials. Friendly natural materials. When tourists go diving they are taught how to avoid damaging the fish and corals.



The Galapagos Islands in **Ecuador** are famous for the **unique** animals, such as the giant turtles which live there. Ecuador makes sure that tourism is **sustainable**. Only a limited number of people can visit islands each year, so the animals and their environment are safe



The Komodo National Park in **Indonesia** is a popular ecotourism destination. Much of Indonesia's endangered wildlife, including the Komodo dragon, can only be found here. The National Park is also famous for its beach with pink sand.



Reading Text (2)

This is me on our hotel balcony in Sharm El-Sheikh. It's brilliant here and there are loads of things to do. I'm over the moon visiting Egypt. The weather's really hot so we spend most of the time in the water. My sister and I are learning to dive with some other teenagers at the resort. I love diving; it's so relaxing and you can see all these amazing fish in the sea. I want to get an underwater camera so I can take photos of them. Last week, we were in Luxor and visited the ancient temples there. I'm not usually interested in history, but I actually found them fascinating and am really glad we went there.



Reading Text (3)

Day 10 of my summer holidays! I'm so bored – all my friends are away or busy with their family and I'm stuck here at home. The weather's awful and there's nothing to do. Last week, I went to stay with my grandparents for a few days, which was nice, but they live in a tiny village with no shops. I was helping Granddad in his garden most of the time. He grows all his own vegetables – he says it's cheaper than buying them. Maybe I'll try and grow some lettuce in our garden when it stops raining. I was watching a programme on TV this morning about gardening— maybe I'll have a new hobby!



Workbook: adverts for four different holidays. A beach break

Do you want to relax in a quiet and peaceful place? Escape from noisy streets and leave your busy city life behind. Visit this amazing paradise. Enjoy the sunshine on isolated beaches and swim in clean, clear water.

Adventure time

Are you tired of the same old, boring places? Are you looking for an active holiday? Then this is the holiday for you. Day one starts with diving, then day two takes you climbing in the beautiful Alpine mountains.

Eco-trip

Ecotourism is a new way to travel for a new kind of traveller. You can go trekking through the Andes and explore ancient Machu Picchu with a local guide. You can enjoy peace and quiet or you can meet the local people, all without damaging the environment.

A cruise to remember

Why not take a calm cruise around the Caribbean? On board our modern cruise ship, you can enjoy great food and forget your worries in our relaxing restaurants. We stop at six different islands where you can visit the crowded markets and see many unusual sights.

(Model Essay نموذج لمقال) What are the benefits of volunteering?

Volunteering means to carry out a duty or a job without expecting repayment. The concept is very popular in the advanced or rich countries such as United States, Australia, United Kingdom and other western nation. There are many benefits one can gain through volunteering. When one volunteers to help out someone such as a friend, teacher or parent, one is immediately seen as selfless and helpful. When you help a teacher to clean the classroom or get involved in at the school level or other community projects. In addition, volunteering with an organization such as orphanages ايتام، community centers and other non-profit organizations such as the Society for Prevention of Cruelty itowards Animal and other welfare organizations allows you to interact تتفاعل with society at large. In addition to helping, these organizations carry out their duties; you not only gain experience but can learn a variety of skills. This is especially beneficial مفيد for students. Even though one is not being paid, through volunteering time, effort and skills one would learn more than what money can buy. You can learn to be bold شجاع, independent as well express your opinions and gain communication and interpersonal skills.

Thus, the responsibility falls on the teachers to encourage students to volunteer their times not only for school activities but to spend their leisure in helping out community-based organizations. Volunteering also allows one to become more mature at a relatively younger age. When you are exposed to volunteering at a young age be it at the home front, school or their organizations, you would learn the importance of responsibility in carrying out your duties to the best of your ability. Volunteering also exposes and issues. For example, if you volunteer your time regularly at a charity organization, you would learn how the organization works and the importance of team work, and other essential ideas related to the day-to-day operations of the organizations. You will not only enhance your general knowledge, but also learn how to deal with problems, challenges as well dealing with different types of personalities.

Thus, there are many benefits to be gained by volunteering. Students in particular should be allowed to participate in volunteer activities to enhance their knowledge as well learn useful interpersonal and organizational skills.

1- Say the meaning of the words then complete the exercise

Ecotourism- impact- isolated- materials- environment- sustainable- unique

- 1-there are many.....animals in the world, which we need to save.
- 2-some animals live in very......parts of the world and people never see them.
- 3-the tourist industry has a big......on the local town.
- 4-the natural world around us is the.....
- 5-it's important to only local......when building an Eco hotel.
- 6-the komodo dragon isto Indonesia. It doesn't live anywhere else.

7is for peop	ole who want a holiday which	ch respect the environ	nmental.
8-we need to be sure that	tourism here isor	therwise people will	stop coming.
	ect answer from a,		
1 is about p	roviding holidays to places	wh ich are often end	angered
a - Ecotourism	b - Ecology	c - Economy	d – Economics
2 -There are a few panda	as left in the world today .P	andas are	••
a - danger	b - existence	c - endangered	d – dangerous
3- He lived in an	house. There were no	houses beside his.	
	b - isolated		d - insulation
	on the environme		
	b – affection		d – impact
	books .the school		•
	b – prevent		d – pollute
	d care for those with		F
	b – limited		d – wealthy
	sts to be educated about		a wearing
	b – preference		d - conversation
	for its ecotourism and want		
_	b – damage		-
	ins the animals and the plan		
	b – systematic		
	of the animals and 90% of t		
_		_	-
11 only live	b – exist	c - exceeu	u – extract
Corre	b - Monkeys	a Duffalass	d I amoona
	otourism to protect the envi		
a – along	b – a long	c – long	d – belong
	otels of enviro		
	b – building		
	ada because I want to		
a - play	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	c – do	d – make
_	er a happy life		
a – having	b – have	c – to have	
16- Tourists who go divir	ng should avoid damaging tl		
a - corals	b – collars		
	ds in Ecuador are famous fe	or the a	nimals .
		c — unique	
18- Ecuador is famous fo	r the unique animals such		
a – like	b - so	c – alike	d - as
19 -The word sustainable	is equal in meaning to the	word	
a – continuous	b - finished	c – vanished	d – disappeared
20 - Safe is the opposite	of		_ _
a – security		c – secure	d – safety
=	tourists the isla	ands every year	<u>-</u>
a – visit	b – visits		d – have visited
	name, he used a		
	,		

21

Fun with English

		_	
	b – surname		
	al park in Indonesia is a pop		
	b – disaster		
	is only found in the N		
	b – dragon		
	s were made from mud bric		
	b – matters		
	, including the		
	b – good life		d - tame
	to answer the quest		
a – after	b – turns	c – place	d – to
	also famous for its beach w		
	b – scarf		
_	animals in the wor		
	b - dangerous		d – dangerously
30- Some animals live in	parts and peop	ple never see them.	_
	b – isolated		d – nearby
31-The tourist industry h	as had a big on	the local town	
a – packet	b – infect	c – packed	d – impact
	ound us is the		
a – environment	b – wildlife	c – material	d – destination
33- The opposite of wild	d is b – worse		_
	e only local wh		
	b – mattress		
	is to Indonesi		
	b – unique		
	eople who want a holiday w		
a – Industry	b – Agriculture	c – Culture	d – Ecotourism
	e that tourism here is	-	
	b – suspend		
	e disappearing		
a – water	b – orange	c – orangutan	d – organs
	e food to the orangutan		1
	b – conservationists		
•	ng to up where	•	
a – swell	b – swing		d – suit
_	up that hill with all	_	al Amende
a – truck			d – trunk
	out of the window or you will		d lues
a – lean 13 I prefer having my ch	b – lane	c – lend	d – lure
43-I prefer having my ch		o anion	d ancels
	b – species		
	zon will contrib		
a – rain	b – gardens	c – neius	u – ramiorests

زمن الماضي البسيط The past simple tense

©Form_

التكوين

1-التصريف الاول للفعل مضافا إليه ied - ed - d مثل

play	يلعب	played	d	cook	يطبخ	(cooked
finish	ينهي	finish	ed	visited	يزور	,	visited
die	يموت	die		tie	يربط	1	tied
lie	یکذب	lied		decide	يقرر		decided
cry	يصرخ	cried	fry	يقلي		fried	
try	يحاول	tried	study	ذاکر y	ڍِ	studied	l

ن الشكل الاخر هو التصريف الثاني للفعل مثل:

give	يعطي	gave	write	یکتب	wrote
make	يصنع	made	catch	يمسك	caught
have	يملك	had	win	يفوز	won
do	يفعل	did	am,is,are	یکون	was-were
eat	يأكل	ate	read	يقر أ	read
leave	يترك	left	see	بري	saw
cost	یکلف /یتکف	cost	lie	یکذب	Lied
burn	يحرق	burnt	lay	تبيض /تلد	Laid
learn	علم	learnt يڌ	lie	يغفو	lay

Negative:

التصريف الثاني للفعل +never

didn't + inf

-she learned a lot throughout her life.

- -she didn't learn much throughout her life.
- -she never learned throughout her life.

Question:

Did + subject + inf ? Was\ were + subject +adj /n?

- -A: Did he eat the cake?
- B: No, he didn't
- -A: Was she at the circus?

• B: No, she wasn't

Key words:

once	ذات مرة	day	ذات يوم
past	ماذي	ancient	قديم
yesterday	امس	previous	سابق
the other day	امس	ago	مضي – منذ
How long ago	متي	in +	تاریخ ماضي
last week	الاسبوع الماضي	last year	السنه الماضيه
last			

- -The Pharaohs (rule- <u>ruled</u>) in Egypt in the past.
- -He (works- worked) in a bank 5 years ago.
- -Yesterday I can (run-ran) into my old friend.
- -How long ago (did you visit- have you visited) the pyramids.

Passive:

Was\ were + p.p

- |-the report (checked- was checked) properly.
- •-My car (repaired was repaired) in the garage.

Usage:

1حدث بدأ وانتهى في الماضي في وقت محدد:

• -I travelled to London in 2003.

2-لوصف احداث متتابعه في الماضي:

• -I got up late so I washed and wore my clothes then went down the street and waved to a taxi.

3-حدث استغرق وقت في الماضي وانتهي في الماضي

• -I lived in Alex for 5 years = it means that I left Alex.

4-للتعبير عن المضارع في حالة التمني والرغبة وهنا مع:

- (تمني شئ في المضارع) ماضي بسيط + فاعل المضارع) ماضي بسيط + فاعل المضارع) ماضي بسيط +فاعل المضارع) ماضي بسيط +فاعل المضارع) ماضي بسيط +فاعل المضارع) ماضي بسيط +فاعل المضارع) ماضي بسيط +فاعل
 - -I wish I had a lot of money now.
 - -I'd rather they were with us now.
 - -It's time he helped us in this problem.
 - -If only I <u>were</u> taller <u>now</u>.

5-للتعبير عن العادات وهناك اساليب كثيرة للتعبير عن العادة في الماضي:

ماضی بسیط + l-always \ often \ usually +

• -when he was young he <u>always</u> played in the street.

2- used to + inf علي كان معتاد على

• -When he was a student, he used to study a lot.

3- Was \ Were used to + v - ing کان معتاد علی

• -He was used to getting up late when he was a teenager.

4-become | got used to + v- ing - كان معتاد علي ولكن اخذ العاده بالتدريج كأنني بقول بدأ يعتاد علي

• -when he felt that his father become sad, he got used to paying attention to his study.

5- subject was \ were in the habit of +v- ing 6-It was (his) habit to + inf 7-His \ Her habit was to + inf

موضوع used to بالتفصيل

تعبر عن عاده في الماضي لم تعد في الحاضر

• -He used to get up late.

-كان متعود في الماضي الاستيقاظ متأخرا أي الآن يستيقظ مبكرا

- -Now, he no longer gets up late.
- Now, he doesn't get up late any more \ any longer.
- -Now, he gets up early.

6 be used to + v-ing

• عند التحدث عن العادات

o be used to + inf

• يستخدم لكي

6[™]used to + inf

• اثبات

6[™]didn't use to + inf

نفي

- -Really he didn't use to smoke. Now he smokes.
- -He didn't use to be rich, Now he is rich.

ر استخدام would + inf للتعبير عن التكرار في الماضي would + inf

- -Every morning, I would run for 3 kilometres.
- -My grandfather would always say "you're failure"

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New OK. 1st year sec.
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ولكن لا نستخدم would لتدل على التكرار مع افعال الحب والكراهيه

Possess - own - have - to be

- -He used to be brave when he was young. \square
- -He would be brave when he was young.

الماضي طي الماضي did + inf للتعبير عن التأكيد على حدوث شئ في الماضي الماضي

-I did go to the office = I really went to the office.

لا تنسى:

جمله ماضی بسیط + when فاعل

جمله ماضي بسيط + when ماضي بسيط فاعل

- -I last saw Mona when I was in Alex.
- -The last time I saw Mona was when I was in Alex.

1-Choose the correct answer (practice)

- 1-He left for Paris two days...... (ago for since last)
- 2-Talat Harb...Misr Bank several years ago. (find found founded finds)
- 3-.....he at home last night? (Was Were Did Could)
- 4-.....they watch the film last week? (Were Can Did Do)
- 5-Where.....you born? (were are was did)
- 6-I studied English literature...2005. (since for at in)
- 7-Nora......at school yesterday. (isn't wasn't didn't be doesn't be)
- 8-When I was young, Iplay football on Fridays.

(used – am used – used to – was used to)

9-Are camels still used to.....things on their backs?

(carrying-carried-carries-carry)

10-Why.....millions of people go to America in the 19th century?

(do – did – have – had)

11-They.....the telegram last night.

(receive – have received – receives – received)

12-We.....to go to Hurghada last summer as our favourite resort.

(preferred – had preferred – are preferring – prefer)

13-I.....travel to France when I was young.

 $(use\ to-got\ used\ to-used\ to-was\ used\ to)$

14-Our car....down and we had to walk three kilometres.

(broke-breaks-broken-breaking)

15-Omar....across the Sahara last year.

(was cycling – cycled – has cycled – cycles)

16-Yesterday, we.....some beautiful fish in the Red Sea.

(are seeing – were seeing – see – saw)

17-The tourists......swimming in the sea. It was too dirty.

```
1st year sec.
     New OK.
       (don't enjoy – didn't enjoy – weren't enjoy – never enjoy)
 18-My grandparents.....a holiday last summer.
       (never had – never has – have never had – never have)
19-Who.....the door?
       (you opened – did you open – opened – were you opened)
20-...., a lorry hit a motorbike.
       (Yesterday – Tomorrow – Ago – Now)
21-Adel read an interesting story.....
       (every day - ago - now - the other day)
22-I.....lunch at home yesterday.
       (haven't – hadn't – don't have – didn't have)
23-He usually.....his grandparents when he was on holiday.
       (visit – visits – visited – visiting)
24-My team won the match and I .....a goal.
       (scored – score – have score – scores)
             Tense زمن الماضي المستمر Tense
 Form
                                 was,
                                           were + V- ing

    بدل على استمر ار حدث في الماضي

• Sara was studying all night yesterday.

    أي أنها كانت تذاكر طو ال اللبل أمس

• I said to him Hello but he didn't answer because he (spoke - was speaking) on the phone
then,
                                                     ■ قو اعد متعلقة بز من الماضي المستمر
 while /as/Just as/when
• Just as I (studied – was studying) the light went out.
• While I (was watching TV, my father (came – was coming).
• I fell down while I ( played – was playing )

    هناك قاعدة خاصة بـ When و هي الأفضل في حالة حدث قطع حدث ماضي مستمر ماضي مستمر
    و لذا نمشي عليها في حالة التصحيح
When
• When I was walking, I saw an accident.
                                         و يكون التصحيح أما نستبدل when ب الاستراد و يكون التصحيح
• When I saw an accident, I was walking .
 While/Just as/when
• While he was studying, his sister (played – was playing)
                                                            Fun with English
    اوھي تغنسي <del>ھلجاك</del>ا
                                    27
```

1st year sec. New OK. في حالة حذف الفاعل While +v-ing **During** + nفي حالة الاختيار بين While /During و بعدها V-ing تكون (**During** – while) the film, I slept. • While (**I was sleeping** – sleeping) , someone entered our flat . لا يفضل حذف الفاعل عندما يكون الفاعل مختلف يمكن حذف while بالشكل الآتي. • While I was walking in the street, I ran into my friend. • Walking in the street, I ran into my friend. ماضى مستمر + When ماضی بسیط on + v-ing = ماضی بسیط • When I was playing, I fell to the ground. • On playing, I fell to the ground. عندما نجد then بمعنى " في ذلك الحين " نختار ماضي مستمر . \bullet I didn't go because I (did - was doing) my homework then . at 7 p.m yesterday — عندما نجد تركيبة مشابه • I (slept – was sleeping) at 6 a.m yesterday. عندما نجد and نحتار ماضی مستمر عندما نجد to فختار ماضی مستمر • Between 7 and 9 yesterday I (took – was taking) my exam. و لكن مع الفعل live تكون التركيبة السابقة الماضئي البسيط أفضل من الماضي المستمر • Between 1999 and 2003, I (<u>lived</u> – was living) in Cairo . Between 1999 and 2003, 1 (<u>Ilveu</u> – was nving , in حسن . إذا تم تحديد عدد مرات الحدث في الماضي و كان الاختيار بين الماضي البسيط و الماضي المستمر فإننا نختار ماضي بسيط مثل • I (**phoned** – was phoning) him 3 times but no one answered me . لا نستخدم to be في زمن الماضي المستمر While he (was - was being) in Cairo , he met his friend -: ملحوظة معنى حسب المعنى مثل :- while يمكن استخدام مضارع بسيط أو مضارع مستمر بعد think of you while I'm aslaan • I even think of you while I'm asleep. • You should concentrate while you are studying . لا نستخدم الماضلي المستمر مع الافعال الخاصة بالشعور و الحواس و الادراك مثل :-يعتقد Know – understand- see –believe – like – hate – think **Passive** Was, were +V-ing was ,were being +P.P Somebody phoned me while the dinner was cooking (was being cooked) ₩While the plan was making, Ali came (being made) يمكن استخدام while في المقارنة بين الاشخاص و المواقف لبيان الاختلاف While some students like English, others don't يمكن استخدام الماضي المستمر مع because He couldn't answer the phone because he was sleeping

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Choose the correct answer: Practice
```

1-Some people....on the farm from morning to afternoon that day.

(was worked – were worked – was working – were working)

2-Some boys....when the teacher entered the classroom.

(fought – were fought – was fighting – were fighting)

3-What....you doing when I called?

(are - were - did - had)

4-My car.....down as I was driving to work.

(stops - stopped - was stopping - was being stopped)

5-While I....at the club, I played tennis.

(was – was being – am – am being)

6-Nada....when I rang the doorbell. I felt sorry for waking her up.

(slept – was slept – has slept – was sleeping)

7-....the film, I ate popcorn and drank juice.

(As – While – During – When)

8-....watching the film, I ate popcorn.

(As - While - During - As soon as)

9-During yesterday's match, most players....fit.

(hadn't been – weren't – weren't being – have been)

10-I....my toys when I was young.

(was loving - was being loved - loved - loving)

11-He....the money he needed.

(gave - didn't give - wasn't given - gives)

12-While I was riding my bike, Ito music.

(was listening – listened – listen – listens)

13-Adel entered.....his mother was making lunch.

(during - after - before - while)

14-We saw a terrible accident as we.....to the airport.

(drove – were driving – drive – are driving)

15-Dad was talking when Iinto the room.

(was coming – am coming – came – come)

16-I wish Ia better time.

(have - had - had had - was had)

17-I wish Ia better time last year.

(have - had - had had - was had)

18-It's time you.....back my dictionary.

(gave - give - gives - was given)

19-I'd rather.....here than in Cairo.

(live - lived - lives - had lived)

20-I'd rather Ihere than in Cairo.

(live – lived – lives – had lived)

21-.....touching the pan, Mona cried in pain.

(While – On – When – During)

22-While he.....on holiday, he always helped his mother.

1st year sec. New OK. (was being - were being - was - had) 23-Just as the player....the ball, he hurt himself. (kicks - kicking - is kicking - was kicking) 24-.....on holiday, I had a great time. (While - On - When - During) 25-Samar was painting....she spilt the paint on the floor. (when - while - as - just as) 26-....my arrival home, I saw no one was there. (During - On - While - As) 27- I.....watching a film on TV last night. (used to enjoy – enjoyed – was enjoying – would enjoy) 28-I waited at the door until my mother.....it at last. (opened – had opened – has opened – was opening) 29-Don't open the door until Iyou. (tell – told – had told – was told) 30- While...., the baby was laughing to the doctor. (examining – was examining – being examined – examined) Choose the correct answer 1-Nesma first met her best friend when she...... at primary school. d) is a) has been b) was being 2. What at midday yesterday? b) were you doing a) are you doing c) you were doing d) have you done 3. The car..... fast when it hit the tree. a) was moving d) is moving b) moves c) has moved 4. Yesterday evening, we for our English test when all the lights went out. a) revised b) were revising c) were revised d) have revised 5. What when I called you? You sounded very busy. b) you were doing c) you did a) did vou do d) were you doing 6. How fastwhen the accident happened? b) were you driving a) did vou drive c) you driven d) have driven 7. The television was on, but nobody a) had watched b) was watching d) was watched c) watched 8. We were sitting in the garden when it suddenlyto rain. a) was starting b) started c) had started d) has started 9. Did you hear what she said ? – No, Iabout something else. a) thought b) was thinking c) have thought d) think a) was finding b) found c) had found d) have found 11. While I was reading the newspaper, the telephone b) is ringing a) has rung c) rings d) rang 12.seeing the accident, the motorists drove more carefully. b) Without c) Despite d) Over a) On 13. She a magazine when suddenly somebody knocked at the door. b) reads d) had read a) read c) was reading 14. While my mother was cooking, my father.....TV. a) was watching b) has watched c) watching d) watched

1st year sec. New OK. 15. We.....a meeting at work this morning when suddenly all the office lights went out. a) were having b) have had c) had While Ion holiday, I met my fiancée. b) was being c) have been d) being 17. Mona phoned her cousin while.....to Cairo. a) travelled b) was travelling c) travelling d) travel 19. I fell asleep whilemy homework. d) had done a) was doing b) doing c) did 20. I my homework while my brother was watching television. b) have done c) was doing d) had done 21. Hoda the room while Mona was making dinner. a) cleaned b) was cleaning c) is cleaning d) cleans 22. The birdon the branch of a tree when the farmer shot it. a) sat b) sits c) sitting d) was sitting 23. the storm, several car accidents happened. b) While d) When 24. I couldn't answer the phone yesterday because I b) was sleeping a) slept c) have slept d) had slept 25. The sun when I woke up this morning. a) shone b) shines d) was shining 26. While in the street, I saw an accident. b) walks a) was walking d) walked 27. They to music while their mother was cooking. a) were listening b) listened d) have listened c) listen 28. Were you talking? - No. Sir, we our homework. b) were wrote d) write a) wrote c) were writing 29. My mother was cooking dinner when I home. a) had arrived b) was arriving c) have arrived d) arrived 30. While my mother was cooking, my father.....TV. b. has watched a. was watching d. watched c. watching 25.seeing the snake, she felt scared a) During b) When d) Before c) On 29. While Dalia was reading a book, Dina television. b) had watched c) watched d) was watching 30. She a magazine when somebody knocked at the door a) read b) reads c) was reading d) had read 33. Yesterday evening, we for our English test when all the lights went out. a) revised b) were revising c) were revised d) have revised 34. The phone rang while we.....lunch. a) was cooking b) cooked d) having cooked c) were cooking 36. While I was reading the newspaper, the telephone b) is ringing a) has rung c) rings d) rang 37.seeing the accident, the motorists drove more carefully. b) Without c) Despite d) Over 40. I..... a mystery movie on T.V. when suddenly the electricity went out.

a) had watched b) watched

d) watching

c) was watching





Jim Hawkins:

I'll start by writing about the time when my father owned an inn called the **Admiral Benbow**, many years ago. I remember the day when a man walked into the inn. He was tall and strong, with an old blue coat and a scar on his face. He looked around him. "This is a nice, quiet place. I'll stay here. Please, take this up to my room," he said, pointing to a large wooden box. "You can call me **Captain**. And this is for you," he continued, handing my father three or four gold coins.

The Captain was usually a quiet man. He spent his days walking on the beach or on the cliffs. When he came back, he always asked, "Did any sailors visit the inn today?" At first, we thought he wanted to find some other sailors, but later we realised that he didn't want any sailors to find him. In the evenings, the Captain sometimes told stories about his time at sea. My father was worried that **nobody** would want to visit the inn because they would be frightened by the Captain's stories, but I think people liked them. The **Captain** stayed at the inn for months. He did not give us any more money for his room and my father did not dare to ask him for more. One morning, the **Captain** went for a walk along the beach. I was helping my mother to make breakfast when another man walked into the inn. He was thin and pale, with three fingers on his left hand. He sat down and asked, "Is this table here for my friend **Bill**?" I told him that I did not know **Bill** and said that the table was for the Captain. "Well, my friend Bill might say that he's the Captain," he said. "He has a scar on his face and likes to tell a story. Is that him?" "Yes," I said. "He's gone for a walk." "Which way did he walk?" he asked. I pointed towards the beach. The man stood up and waited by the door for the Captain to return. When the Captain saw the man, he looked pale and ill. "Black Dog!" the Captain said. "That's right," he replied. "I've found my friend Bill! We've had a lot of adventures since I lost these fingers!" I left them to talk. Then suddenly there were loud shouts and both men stood up and ran outside. The Captain had a sword and then I saw Black Dog running away with blood on his arm. The man continued running until we could not see him. The **Captain** walked back into the inn. He looked ill and suddenly he fell over. I thought perhaps he was hurt from the fight. At that moment, the doctor arrived to see my father who was sick.

"Help us, <u>Dr Livesy!</u> The <u>Captain</u> is hurt!" said my mother. The doctor looked at him and said, "He is not hurt, but he is very ill. Help me to take him upstairs." We took the <u>Captain</u> up to his bedroom and the doctor gave him some medicine. The <u>Captain</u> stayed in bed, but he was not quiet. He told me about his travels at sea, and said that he had something which people wanted.

"Black Dog is not as bad as some of the other men." he said, "They all want to find me. Tell me if you see them!" That evening, my father died. I felt terrible and forgot all about the strange things that the **Captain** told me. Then, a week later, I saw a blind man coming down the road towards the inn. He stopped outside the door when he was near and asked, "Where am I? Will a kind person help me?" "You are at the Admiral Benbow Inn in Black Hill Cove," I told him. At that moment, he grabbed my hand. "Take me to the Captain!" he said. "Take me to him now!" I walked with the blind man into the inn and took him to the Captain. The Captain looked very surprised to see him. "Now, Bill, stay where you are. I can hear you. Take this." He then put something in the Captain's hand, turned round and left. The Captain looked at what the man gave him. "Ten o'clock!" he said. "I have time!" Then the Captain suddenly fell to the floor. He was dead. I found my mother and we talked about what we should do. We knew that the Captain had a box in his room and it probably had money in it. The blind man and **Black Dog** probably wanted this. I thought about taking the box to **Dr Livesy**, but I did not want to leave my mother. We knew that we were in danger. We decided to go to the nearest village and ask our neighbours for help guarding the inn. However, none of the people in the village wanted to help us. They did not come back with us, but one man went to tell **Dr Livesy**. Another man said that we could have his gun. It was dark when we returned to the inn. We found the key to the box in the captain's jacket. I also saw the message that the blind man gave to the Captain. It said, "You have until ten o'clock tonight." We went upstairs and my mother soon opened the box with the key. Inside, we found some clothes, some guns, some papers and other things. We also found a bag with some coins inside.





"We only have time until ten o'clock," I said. "Let's leave before the blind man and Black Dog return." "I'll only take the money which the <u>Captain</u> owes us," my mother said, opening the bag. We stood up to leave, and I decided to take the papers from the box, too. We walked as quickly as we could back towards the village, but as we

walked, we heard the sound of people in the road behind us. "Take the money and run," said my mother. "I'm too weak to continue." I did not want to leave her, so we stopped under a bridge, where we could hide in the dark.

ترجمة الفصل الاول

جيم هوكينز

ان يعثروا عليه.

سأبدأ بالكتابة عن الوقت الذي كان فيه والدي يمتلك نزلًا يسمى (الأدميرال بينبو) ، قبل عدة سنوات. أتذكر اليوم الذي دخل فيه رجل إلى النزل. كان طويل القامة وقويا ، ومرتديا معطفا أزرق قديم وله ندبة على وجهه. نظر حوله

"هذا مكان جميل وهادئ. سأبقى هنا." هو قال ،" من فضلك ، خذ هذا إلى غرفتي." واشار الى صندوق خشبي كبير ايمكنك ان تنادينى كابتن. وتابع قائلا "هذا من أجلك" ، واعطى والدي ثلاث أو أربع عملات ذهبية. وكان كابتن عادة رجلا هادئا. قضى أيامه يمشي على الشاطئ أو على المنحدرات. عندما عاد ، كان يسأل دائمًا ، "هل قام أي بحار بزيارة النزل اليوم؟" في البداية ، اعتقدنا أنه يريد العثور على بعض البحارة الآخرين ، لكن في وقت لاحق أدركنا أنه لا يريد أي بحارة

في المساء ، كان يخبرنا كابتن أحيانًا حكايات عن وقته في البحر. كان والدي قلقًا من عدم رغبة أي شخص في زيارة النزل لأنهم سيخافون من قصص كابتن ، لكنني أعتقد أن الناس أحبوها

بقى الكابتن في النزل لعدة أشهر. لم يعطنا أي أموال إضافية لغرفته ولم يجرؤ والدي على طلب المزيد

في صباح أحد الأيام ، ذهب الكابتن للتمشي على الشاطئ. كنت أساعد والدتي في الإفطار عندما دخل رجل آخر إلى النزل. كان نحيفاً شاحبًا ، وله ثلاثة أصابع في يده اليسرى. جلس وسأل ، "هل هذه الطاولة هنا لصديقي بيل؟"

أخبرته أننى لا أعرف بيل وقلت إن الطاولة مخصصة لكابتن

قال: "حسنًا ، قد يقول صديقي بيل إنه الكابتن". "لديه ندبة في وجهه ويحب أن يروي حكاية. هل هذا هو؟" "نعم انا قلت. "لقد ذهب للتمشي".

الفي أي طريق مشي؟اا

أشرت نحو الشاطئ. وقف الرجل وانتظر عند الباب حتى يعود الكابتن

عندما رأى القبطان الرجل ، بدا شاحبًا ومريضًا" بلاك دوج!" قال الكابتن.

أجاب: "هذا صحيح". "لقد وجدت بيل صديقي! حدثت لنا الكثير من المغامرات منذ أن فقدت هذه الأصابع!"

تركتهم ليتحدثوا. ثم فجأة كانت هناك صيحات عالية وقف الرجلان وجروا الى خارج المنزل. كان مع الكابتن سيف ، ثم رأيت بلاك دوج يهرب وعلى ذراعه دم. استمر الرجل في الجرى حتى لم نتمكن من رؤيته

مشى الكابتن إلى النزل. كان يبدو مريضا وفجأة سقط. اعتقدت انه ربما أصيب من التعارك. وفي تلك اللحظة ، وصل الطبيب لرؤية والدي المريض.

"ساعدنا يا دكتور لايفسي! قالت والدتي إن الكابتن قد أصيب!

نظر إليه الطبيب وقال: "لم يصب بأذى ، لكنه مريض للغاية. ساعدني في اصطحابه إلى الطابق العلوي"

أخذنا الكابتن إلى غرفة نومه وأعطاه الطبيب بعض الأدوية. بقي الكابتن في السرير ، لكنه لم يكن هادئًا. أخبرني عن رحلاته في البحر ، وقال إن لديه شيئًا يريده الناس

"الكلب الأسود ليس سيئًا كبعض الرجال الآخرين." اخبرني إذا رأيتهم"!

في ذلك المساء ، توفي والدي. شعرت بالسوء ونسيت كل شيء عن الأشياء الغريبة التي كان يخبرني بها الكابتن.

وبعدها بأسبوع ، رأيت رجلاً أعمى يسير على الطريق نحو النزل. توقف خارج الباب، عندما اقترب سألني ، "أين أنا؟ هل ممكن يساعدني رجل كريم؟

"أنت في فندق الأميرال بنبو في بلاك هيل كوف" ،انا أخبرته

في تلك اللحظة ، أمسك بيدي "خذني إلى الكابتن!" "خذني إليه الآن"!

مشيت مع الرجل الأعمى في النزل وأخذته إلى الكابتن. بدا الكابتن مندهشًا جدًا عندما راه.

"الآن يا بيل ، ابقى حيث أنت. أستطيع سماعك. خذ هذا. "ثم وضع شيئًا في يد الكابتن ، واستدار و غادر. نظر القبطان إلى ما أعطاه الرجل "الساعة العاشرة!" "لدى الوقت"!

ثم سقط الكابتن فجأة على الأرض ومات.

لقد وجدت أمي وتحدثنا عما يجب أن نفعله. كنا نعلم أن الكابتن لديه صندوق في غرفته وربما كان لديه مال في ذلك. الرجل الأعمى وبلاك دوج ربما أرادوا ذلك. فكرت في أخذ الصندوق إلى الدكتور لايفسي ، لكنني لم أرغب في مغادرة والدتي. كنا نعرف أننا في خطر. قررنا الذهاب إلى أقرب قرية وان نطلب من جيراننا المساعدة في حراسة النزل

وبالرغم مع ذلك ، لم يرغب أي شخص في القرية ان يساعدنا. لم يرجعوا معنا ، لكن رجلاً ذهب ليخبر الدكتور لايفسي. وقال رجل آخر إنه يمكن أن يكون معه سلاحه.

كان الجو ليلا عندما عدنا إلى نزل. لقد وجدنا مفتاح الصندوق في سترة القبطان. رأيت أيضًا الرسالة التي أعطاها الرجل الأعمى للكابتن. قال ، "لديك حتى الساعة العاشرة الليلة".

ذهبنا إلى الطابق العلوي وسرعان ما فتحت أمي الصندوق مع المفتاح. في الداخل وجدنا بعض الملابس وبعض الأسلحة وبعض الأوراق وأشياء أخرى. وجدنا أيضا حقيبة بها بعض العملات المعدنية داخلها.

قلت: "لدينا وقت حتى الساعة العاشرة فقط". "دعونا نغادر قبل أن يعود الرجل الأعمى وبلاك دوج."

قالت والدتى وهي تفتح الحقيبة: "سأأخذ فقط المال الذي يدين لنا به الكابتن".

وقفنا للمغادرة ، وقررت أخذ الأوراق من الصندوق أيضًا. مشينا بأسرع ما يمكننا متجهين نحو القرية ، ولكن بينما كنا نسير ، سمعنا صوت الناس على الطريق خلفنا.

قالت والدتى: "خذ المال واهرب". "أنا ضعيفة جدا لكي اكمل معك."

لم أكن أريد أن أتركها ، لذلك توقفنا تحت الجسر ، حيث يمكننا أن نختبئ في الظلام

New Vocabulary

		11011 1	ocabaiai y		
adventures	مغامرات	blind	كفيف	cliffs	منحدرات صخرية
fingers	اصابع	dead	میت	frightened	خائف
grab	يجذب / يخطف	guarding	حراسة	gun	بندقية
inn	حانة/فندق صغير	island	جزيرة	leave (left)	يغادر
neighbours	جيران	pale	شاحب	point	یشیر
realise	يدرك	sailor	بحار	scar	ندبة/أثر جرح
suddenly	فجأة	surprised	مندهش	sword	سيف
terrible	فظيع	towards	تجاه	treasure	كنز
turn	يتحول	village	قرية	upstairs	الطابق العلوي
come back	يعود	run outside	يجري للخارج	wait by	ينتظر بجوار

Exercises on Chapter 1

1-.....means light in colour.

(Blind - Frightened - Pale - Strong)

- 2-To....means to need to pay someone for something that they have done for you or sold to you. (guard grab own owe)
- 3-To.....is to take hold of someone or something with a sudden or a violent movement. (scare arrest grab release)
- 4-A/An...is a small hotel, especially an old one in the countryside.

(restaurant - inn - station - corridor)

New OK.	I" year sec.
E	
5means unable to see.	
(Frightened – Pale – Blind – Disabled)	h a a al
6-Tois to protect a person, place, or object by staying near the	nem and watching
them. (kill – attack – guard – donate)	
7-Tois to be brave enough to do something that is risky.	
(dare – fear – frighten – die)	
8-A/Anis a mark on skin from a cut or wound.	
(weapon – sword – inn – scar)	
9-A/Anis a steep piece of land or rock.	
(scar – cliff – stone – desert)	
10-A/Anis a weapon with a long, sharp blade.	
(gun – mark – sword – harpoon)	-t baya
11-When I got on the metro, it was too late for me to find a sea	at as some boys
hurried andall the empty seats.	
(burgled – stole – rubbed – grabbed)	
12-Although he looks smart, he has aacross his forehead from	n a kniie.
(scar – scarce – scared – scare)	
13-I saw himat me and telling them what I had said.	
(pointing – circling – shooting – fronting)	
14-Yesterday I was late, so Imy bag and went out.	
(cleaned – collected – grabbed – painted) 15-After he knew that he failed the exams, his face looked	
(pale – happy – distinguished – flourished)	
16-Aya always helps hersister to go to school as she can't see	ے
(deaf – dumb – senseless – blind)	.
3- Translate	
1- Our national heritage is a priceless wealth but there are peop	ole who destroy it.
unaware of its importance	, a
	•••••
••••••	•••••
2- There is a continuous conflict between man and nature in wh	hich man comatimas
triumphs but some other times the nature seems merciless.	men man sometimes
trumpus out some other times the nature seems mereness.	
3- Road accidents cause a lot of fatal loses in both lives and mone	ey yearly and the
government is asleep	
	••••••
	••••••
4-We can't ignore the fact that education in our country needs an	urgent rescue
operation. The reform of education is a must even if we spend bil	llions of money on
it.	
	with English
	with English

1st year sec.

Unit (2) Supporting the community

دعـــم المجـتمع

ماند- مساندة support	يؤيد – يس	cancer	السرطان	benefits	فوائد
community	مجتمع	desire	رغبة	check	يفحص
footballer s	لاعب كر	chance		find out	یکتشف
admire	يعجب بـ	succeed		save	يوفر ـ ينقذ
Admired		empathy	تعاطف	Check up	فحص طبی
intelligence	ذكاء	success	النجاح	inspire	يلهم
ability	قدرة	a role model	قدوة	well known	يلهم مشهور
score	يسجل	model	ملكان موضة	biology	علم الأحياء
a goal	هدف	nickname	لقب	respect	يحترم
م world cup	كأس العال	happiness		serious	جاد
finals	نهائيات	take part in	يشارك في	wish	أمنية يؤذي
praise	يمدح	blood	دم	hurt	يؤذ <i>ي</i>
kind	طيب	pressure	ضغط	reduce	يخفض
generous	کریم	injured		name	يسمي
donation	تبرع	transplant	ينقل – يزرع عضو	partner	زمیل حفظ
donate	يتبرع		منتظم	conservation	حفظ
donor	متبرع	illness	مرض	player	لاعب
		witness	یشهد/ شاهد	pilot	طيار
	مسقط رأس	long term	مدي طويل	recognize	يتعرف
organization	منظمة	villager		livestock	مواشي ماشية يوظف
attack		worry	يقلق - قلق		ماشية
responsibility	مسئولية	biologist	عالم بيولوجي		يوظف
look after	يعتني ب	sense		encourage	یشجع یتخرج
achieve	ينجز	research	بحث	- C	يتخرج
degree	درجة	found	يؤسس	relationship	علاقة
scientist	عالم	all over	كل أنحاء	area	منطقة
stadium	استاد	amazing	مذهل	killing	قتل
presenter	مقدم	guardian	وصي/حارس احامى	missing	مفقود
viewer	مشاهد	based in	مقره في	monitor	يرصد
friendly	ودود	based on	قائم علي	track	يتعقب
bored	متضايق	nearby	قريب	hunt	يصيد
movement	حركة	local	محلي	grow up	یکبر بطل
kids	أطفال	protect	يحمي	hero	بطل
volunteer	يتطوع	achievement	انجاز	neglect	يهمل

Definitions

	community	مجتمع	All the people who live in the same area, city etc.			
someone who is l		حارس -وصي	someone who is <u>legally</u> , <u>responsible for</u> looking after			
			someone or something.			
	livestock	حيوانات	animals such as cows and sheep that are kept on a			

	المزارع <u>يرصد-يراقب</u>	farm.
monitor	يرصد-يراقب	to watch carefully and check a situation in order to see
		how it changes or progress over.
persuade	يقنع	to make someone decide to do something, especially
		by giving them reasons.
prestige	نفوذ- مكانة	the respect and admiration that someone or something
		gets because of their success or important position in
		society.
admire	يعجب ب	to <u>respect</u> and <u>like</u> someone because they have done
		something that you think is good.
blood	ضغط الدم	the force with which blood travels through your body.
pressure		
desire	رغبة	a strong hope or wish
donate	يتبرع ب	to give something, especially money, to a person or an
		organization in order to help them.
generous	كريم	willing to give money, spend time etc, in order to help
		people.
intelligence	ذكاء	the ability to <u>learn</u> , <u>understand</u> , and think about
		things.
iron level	مستوى الحديد	the amount or degree of something , compared to
		another amount or degree
long-term	المدى الطويل	continuing for a long period of time.
role model	قدوة	someone whose behaviour, attitudes etc. people try to
		copy because they admire them
transplant	نقل الاعضاء	the operation of transplanting an organ, piece of skin
		etc

Words, Synonyms and Antonyms

word			synonyms			antonyms	
admire	يعجب	adoı	e	شىق	ي	criticize	ينتقد
amazing	مدهش	surp	rising	دهش	8	ordinary	عادي
employ	يوظف	hire	- take on	ظف	بو	dismiss	يطرد
famous	مشهور	cele	brated	شهور	5	unknown	مغمور
generous	کریم	lavis	sh- open-handed	خي	£	miserly	بخيل
honour	يكرم	este	em	در	نان	insult	یهین
missing	مفقود	lost		فقو د	۲.	present	موجود
praise	يمدح	resp	ect- glorify	حترم – يمجد	i.L	criticize	ينتقد
prestige	هيبه	digr	nity	رامه	Ň	unimportance	خزي
reduce	يقتل	deci	ease	لل	نان	increase	يزداد
support	يدعم	assi	st	باعد	بت	abandon	يتخلي عن

Synonyms

search for	يبحث عن	look for
------------	---------	----------

monitor	يراقب	watch / observe
livestock	الماشيه	cattle
donate	يتبرع	give
conservation	محافظ	preservation
dangerous	خطير	serious

Antonyms

wild	بري	tame / domestic	اليف
regular	معتاد	irregular	غير مألوف
intelligence	ذكاء	stupidity	غباء
donate	يتبر ع	receive	يستلم

1-admire to disapprove is asto mean.

a-generosity b-generous c-miser

2-He looks after the livestock. Livestock means......

a-wish b-people c-cattle

3-He desired to kill her. The synonyms of desired.

a-gave b-wished c-hated

4-She searched for her wallet, search for means.......

a-look out b-look for c-look up

5-He monitored the iron level, the word monitored can be replaced by.....

a-watched b-tracked c-a&b

6-To give the antonyms of regular we add

a-dis b-in c-ir

Expressions and Phrases

Cancer hospital	مستشفي السرطان	health problems	مشاكل صحية
along with	بالإضافة إلي	protect from	يحمي من
a role model	قدوة - نموذج	go missing (get lost	مفقود - تائه
blood <mark>donor</mark>	متبرع بالدم	the aim of the	هدف المنظمة
	· -	organisation	
blood pressure	ضغط الدم	from all over the wo	من كل أنحاء العالم
make friends with	يتصادق مع	sense of responsibilit	إحساس بالمسئولية
iron deficiency	نقص الحديد	over hunting	الصيد الجائر
score a goal	يسجل هدف	world cup finals	نهائيات كاس العالم
find out about	يكتشف عن	take part in / share i i	يشارك في
life skills	مهارات حياتيه	check blood pressure	يقيس ضغط الدم
go missing = get los	يضل الطريق st	check the iron level	يقيس نسبه الحديد في الدم
start school / university	يبدأ دراسه في مدرسه ـجامعه	save wild animals	ينقذ الحيوانات البريه
leave school / univer	يترك المدرسه – الجامعه Sity	blood donors	المتبرعون بالدم

Collocations

is monitored by	يضبط بواسطه	make a choice	يختار
look after	يعتنى ب	cattle farmers	الفلاحين المربين للماشيه
has the ability to	يمتلك القدرة على	on a holiday	في اجازة
is praised for	يمتدح بسبب	In a friendly way	بطريقه ودوده

the aim of be) admired for	يعجب بهمن أجل
reduce the number of يقال عدد sentto	يؤهل يرسل ل
work with the يعمل لصالح well known for	معروف جيدا ل
community	
this is only done هذا يمكن فقط ان يتم عن donate to	يتبرع للاعمال الخيريه
by طریق charity	
earn money یکسب رزقه (نقود) get a job	يحصل على وظيفه

Go

go missing	يضل الطريق	go swimming	يسبح		
go diving	يغوص	go for a swim	بسبح		

Have

have health problems	لديه مشكلات صحيه	have benefits	لديه فوائد
have an impact	لديه تأثير	have a desire	لديه رغبه
have skills	لديه مهارات	have illness	لديه مرض

Give

give a chance	يمنح فرصه	give a nickname	يلقب
give blood	يتبرع	give a sense of	يعطي احساس
		responsibility	بالمسئوليه
give a title	يلقب	give up	يقلع
give a speech	يلقي حديث	give a chance	يعطى فرصه

Make

make friends	يصادق	Give/make	يقوم بتحركات	
		movements		
make sure	يتأكد	Make trouble	يسبب مشكلة	

Do

do a job	يؤدي وظيفه	do sport	يمارس رياضه
do work	يؤدي عمل	do operation	يقوم بعمل عمليه
do research	يقوم بعمل بحث	do experiment	يقوم بعمل تجربه

- 1-He has (made done) a lot of work.
- 2-I have my blood pressure (shook- checked) every year.
- 3-she (did- went) missing in Cairo.
- 4-Fruits (have make) a lot of health benefits.
- 5-He was (taken- given) a title of the magician of the ball.
- 6-Those problems (did- had) serious impact on the family life.
- 7-A lot of youth (make-donate) their blood.
- 8-You must (take- give) up bad habits.

Prepositions

succeed <u>in</u>	ينجح في	hear about	يعلم عن
take part in	يشارك في	worry about	يقلق علي
be interested in	مهتم بـ	be admired for	يعجب به لسبب
donate to	يتبرع لـ	praise for	يمدح بسبب

send to	يبعث- يوصلالي	kill for	يقتلزززبغرض
ability to	القدره علي	famous for	مشهور ب
desire to + inf	الرغبه 6ي- يرغب في	search for	يبحث عن
a role model to	قدوة لـــ	do research into	يقوم بعمل بحث عن
bringinto	يجلب ِ الي	protectfrom	يحمي من
think of	يفكر في شخص- يتذكر	be based <u>in</u> +مکان	مقره في – يتواجد في
one <u>of</u> + اسم جمع	احد- احدي	find out (about)	يكتشف – يعلم(عن)
benefit of	فائده الــ	around the world	في كل انجاء العالم
benefit from	يستفيد من	be angry with	غاضب من
to+infشخص+inf	يلهم شخصا ب		ضجر من (یشعر بملل نحو)
important to- for	مهم	in a very friendly	بطريقه وديه <u>way</u>
encourageto+inf	يشجع علي لكي		يعمل مع- يتعامل مع

Complete with a preposition:

- 1-U.S.A is basedthe united states of America.
- 2-I can't dealhim a lot.
- 3-The nurse look.....the patient.
- 4-I know a lotAmerica.
- 5-Mohammed Salah plays.....Liverpool.
- 6-They praised him.....his courage.

Take ,took taken

take care of	یعتنی ب	take off	يخلع ملابسه/ تقلع الطائره
take turns	يتبادل الادوار	take after	یشبه
take place	يحدث	take to	يعتاد على / يميل الى
take in	يمتص /يفهم/ يخدع	take out	يخرج
take part in	یشار ك فی	Take over	يتولى مسئولية

يحدث take place =happen- occur يشارك في take place =happen- occur

The students should take part in conversations

The coronation took place as it was planned

Language notes

له مقر في له مقر في Be based in له مقر علي له مقر علي Be based on Be based on

- -the USA is based (in- on) the united states of America.
- -His family is based (**in** on) Cairo.

transplant	نقل او زراعه اعضاء	transplant	ينقل- يزرع عضو
transplant	ينقل نباتات		

support	یدعم - یساند	support	دعم ـ مسانده
supporter	مساند		

track	يطارد يلاحق	track	طريق
track	یتابع ـ یرصد	track	تراك الملعب- السباق

party حزب فوج مجموعه party

-The police are (transplanting- tracking) some criminals.

-He was a member in the national (wedding- party).

field	حقل	field	مجال
field	ارض الملعب	take the field	يدخل الملعب
on – off the field	داخل- خارج الملعب	go into the field	يدخل الملعب
field	الواقع العلمي		

-Egypt has achieved a lot in the field of science.

admire	يعجب بـ	admirer	معجب
admirefor	يعجب بــــــ لـــ	admiration (for)	اعجاب
admire	ينظر باعجاب		

- -I (<u>admire</u>- admire with) Shakespeare very much.
- -He is one of her (admires- admirers).
- -He gave her a present as a sign of (admire- admiration)

Blood

bloodless	منعدم الدم	blood vessels	صفائح الدمويه
blood veins	اورده الدم	blood transplant	نقل الدم
blood donation	التبرع بالدم	blood transfusion	نقل الدم
blood donor	متبرع بالدم	blood pressure	ضغط الدم
blood group	فصيله الدم	blood pulse	نبض الدم
blood stream	مجري الدم	Blood cells	كرات الدم

- 1) -We can measure blood (pulse stream).
- 2) -Really he is in need of blood (veins- transplant)
- 3) -What's your blood (team- group) Mine is B+.
- 4) -We need a blood (pluse- **donor**) the sick man is in need of blood.

Community - society

Community Society

مجتمع صغیر ـ جالیه ـ جماعه صغیره ـ طانفه مجتمع کبیر

- -The Egyptian (community- society) may need more support to live happily.
- -The Egyptian (**community** society) in America needs more support.

religious community	طائفه دینیه	local community	مجتمع محلي
international	مجتمع دولي	care community	رعایه اجتماعیه
community			

Donate

donate	يتبرع ب	donor	متبر ع
donation	تبرع	give- make donation	يتبرع
generous donation	تبرع هائل	charitable donation	تبرع خيري
anonymous donation	تبرع من مجهول		

- 1) -Some (donate- **donors**) are unknown to us.
- 2) -The school repairs are based on (donate- donations)
- 3) -The hospital got a (donate- **donation**) from a businessman.

admire for	بعجب بــ	admire	معجب بـــ
admiration	اعجاب	admirer = fan	معجب
donate	يتبرع	donor	متبرع
donation	تبرع		
empathy	تعاطف	empathic (with)	متعاطف
generous	کریم	generosity	کرم
hunt	يصطاد- يتعقب – يطار د	hunter	صياد
intelligent	ذکی	intelligence	ذكاء

- 1-I (admire- admirer- admiration) his style of writing.
- 2-He showed his (admire- admired- admiration) for her beauty.
- 3-He has a lot of (empathy empathic) with the poor.
- 4-Mo Salah made a (donor- donation) to a hospital.
- 4-I want to (donate- donor donation) to a charity.
- 5-He is always (generosity- generous) with people.

Don't get confused

Don't get comuseu					
every day	كل يوم في بدايه او نهايه	everyday	يومي قبل الاسم		
	الجمله				
angel	ملاك	angle	زاویه		
hear of / about	يعرف عن _ يسمع عن	hear from	يتلقي رسائل – اتصال		
a charity	جمعیه خیریه	charity	احسان – بر		
biography	سيره ذاتيه يكتبها شخص عن	autobiography	سيره ذاتيه يكتبها شخص عن		
	اخر		نفسه		
community	مجتمع صغير	society	مجتمع كبير		

Community	مبسع عسير	society		
1-I have heard	my friend who is abroad	d, he sent messa	ge.	
a-of	b-from		c-a	about
2-he is a member in				
a-charity	b- a charity		C-0	charitable
3n	neans a life story written b	y the same perso	on.	
a-novel	b-biography		c-a	utobiography
4-We must discuss the	ne matter from different			
a-angles	b-angry		c-a	ingels
5-He plays football				
a-everyday	b-every day		c-c	lay
	Instead / i	nstead of		
Instead of + ing / r	noun	دلا من	ب	
-I had meat instead	of chicken (having chick	ken)		
Instead +	اية او نهايه الجمله2	فی بد		
-He didn't go to scl	hool instead, he went to t	the cinema with	h his b	ad friends.

a-instead

a-instead

b-neither

b-neither

d-instead of

d-instead of

c-neither of

c-neither of

1-Nahed couldn't go to the meeting, so I went to the meeting.....

2-It is advisable that we stay at home.....going to the movie.

A good teacher must inspire his students and encourage them

مشهور ك... famous.... for * famous * famous * مشهور في in في المسهور ألم ا

He is famous for his honesty.
He became famous in Egypt.

اسم العائلة surname اسم مستعار (كاتب) pen name اسم دلع/شهرة

Mohamed Salah

Mohamed Salah is one of Egypt's most famous footballers. He is admired for his intelligence and ability to score goals. In 2017, he scored the goal to send Egypt to their first World Cup finals since 1990. Salah has been praised for his kind and generous donations to charity in Egypt. He donated money to his hometown of Nagrig to build a school, and he has helped a children's cancer hospital in Cairo. Salah's desire to help others is because he wants to give young people a chance to succeed. He is a role model to millions of Egyptians who gave him the nickname 'The Happiness Maker'.



Choose the correct answer:

1- Mohamed Salah helps people by

A. building houses B. giving money C. playing football

2-People admire Mohamed Salah for his

A. generosity B. donations C. intelligence

3-The synonym of the word (famous) is

A. well known B. unknown C. nameless

Answer the following questions:

- 4- What do people around the world think of Salah?
- 5- What has Salah helped to build in Nagrig?

6-Why is Salah sometimes called 'The Happiness Maker'?

Read the following passage then answer the questions: Blood donors

Every year on 14th June, countries around the world take part in World Blood Donor Day. Why should people donate blood? Donating blood can help people if they have been badly injured or need regular blood transplants because they have a long-term illness. Giving blood can also have health benefits. All donors have their blood pressure and iron levels checked before donation, so people who donate blood can find out quickly if they have any health problems. Giving blood can save lives and it is easy to do!



Choose the correct answer:

1- People should give blood because......

A. it helps injured people. B. it reduces health benefits.

C. it is not easy to do.

2- World Blood Donor Day	s on	
A. 13th June.	B. 14th June.	C. 24th June
Answer the following	g questions:	
3-Pick out words from the	bassage which means:	
A. Participate 4- What happens on 14th J	_	ng
5- Why should people dona	te blood?	
6- Name one benefit of givi	ng blood.	

Lesson 2 Listening Text Audio script

Interviewer: In today's programme, we're talking to Martin Drake about Dr Leelah Hazzah, an Egyptian conservation biologist and founder of Lion Guardians, a conservation project in Kenya. Martin, when did Leelah become interested in lions?

Martin: Well, as a child, her father told her stories about how he listened to lions roaring at night when he was sleeping on the roof of their house during the summer. But when he explained that there weren't any lions left in Egypt, she decided that when she grew up, she would find out how to save them in other countries.

Interviewer: What happened next?

Martin: She went to America to study conservation biology and then moved to Kenya to research lions amongst the Maasai people. It was there that she saw how quickly lions were disappearing. Did you know that sixty or so years ago there were about 200,000 lions in Africa, but that number is under 20,000 now?

Interviewer: So why are lions disappearing so quickly?

Martin: There are several reasons. people have built houses in the areas that lions traditionally hunt, so they can't find enough food to eat and, so they attack the villager's livestock, you know, their cows and goats. The villagers get angry with the lions and kill them in order to protect their animals. Another reason is prestige – in Maasai culture, young men get a lot of respect from killing a lion. They are even given a lion name which shows that they are no longer a boy, but a man.



1st year sec. New OK.

Interviewer: What did Leelah do?

Martin: She lived with the Maasai for a year and listened to their views about lions. She learnt that they have a love-hate relationship with lions, they admire their beauty, but hate them for eating their cattle. She also understood the prestige that came from being a lion killer and realised that she needed to persuade the young men that keeping livestock and having a job gave them more prestige than killing a lion, so she started to teach them about the advantages of protecting lions instead.

Interviewer: Is that when she started Lion Guardians?

Martin: Yes. Lion Guardians is an organisation that employs local people to look for lions in order to protect them. Remember, these young men already have the skills needed to track lions in the wild, so they are taught to become lion guardians rather than lion killers. The organisation gives them a job and teaches them to read and write, so they can help conservations with their research.

Interviewer: How successful is the programme?

Martin: Very successful. Maasai men now have jobs, a regular income and a sense of purpose. They get to know the lions they are protecting and even give them names and talk about them with fondness.

Interviewer: And finally, what can other conservationists learn from Lion Guardians?

Martin: The importance of listening to people in the community and to recognise how much knowledge local people have. By working together, both the locals and conservations can benefit.

Interviewer: Thank you, Martin. And at 8 o'clock tonight you can see a





Exercises on Vocabulary

Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:

1- -Mohammed Salah is one of Egypt's most famous.....

a – scientists **b** – footballers

c – actors

d-singers

2- Salah is----- for his intelligence.

a – invented **b** – **discovered** c – admired

d– invited

3- What makes Salah distinguished is his ----- to score goals

b – disability

c – capable

d – ability

4- He ----- a decisive حاسم goal to send Egypt to the World Cup finals.

a – registered

5- Being -----is one of the most qualities of a footballer.

b – put

d – achieved

a – funny

b – lazv

c – beautiful

d – intelligent

1st year sec. New OK. 6- My father is -----. . He always invites a lot of guests to have lunch. a – miserly **b** – generosity c – generous d - stinging **a – miserly b – generosity c – generous**7- The good footballer should work ------ his teammates. c – with b-tod – about 8- Resala is an Egyptian ----- which helps the poor. a – school **b** – **pharmacy** c – hospital d – charity 9- Some boys adore football,----- boys are keen on handball. d - one a – others b – other c – another 10- Thanks ----- modern inventions we lead a happy life. b – for a - toc – about d - on11- A blood -----is someone who gives his blood to the injured. b – donor c – accountant d – expert a – earner d – directions b – upon c – after 13- The place where you were born and grew is called your ----a – downtown b – city centre c – town hall d – hometown 14- We can ----- the match easily if our players are fit. a – win c – gain b – earn d – beat 15- We should ------ people who make great achievements. a – tease b – criticise c – praise d – baize 16-players are paid much money. b – professional d - oldc – amateur 17-is a fatal disease as it is incurable. d - Sore throat a – Cancer b – Colic c - diarrhea 18- Our team -----two goals and won the match. b – scored c – played d – beat 19- I have seen him ----- about the pyramids on TV. **b** – talking c – to talking d - to talk 20- You should study hard to ----- your goal. **b** – **score** c – achieve d - beat 21- My father has influenced me a lot. I do just like him. He is my ----- model a) rule b) roll c) roller d) role Wealthy people should ----- money to rebuild our country. 22a) take b) save c) donate d) generous 23-No one can deny the ----- which the various charities play in our country. b) rule d) mule a) role c) pole The World ----- is a great football event. a) Medal b) project d) Mug 25- I go to hospital to measure my blood.---c) quantity b) donor d) amount Dr El-Baz worked ----- many projects. 26b) with d) on 27- I have a strong ----- to be one of the toppers this year. a) headache b) disease c) desire d) dessert 28- Footballers are now not amateurs. Football is their job. b) craftsmen d) actors a) professionals c) artists 29- Mohammed Salah wants to give young people a ------ to succeed a) money b) chance d) champion 30- Zeinab Oteify is a famous weight lifting.----b) footballer a) tennis c) singer d) athlete

اؤئي تغنيي كلحك

Fun with English

1st year sec. New OK. 31- - Children take ------in junior championships. b) part a) turns c) place d) photos 32- The "Plateau " "El-Hadaba " is a ------ given to Amr Diab. c) false name a) nickname b) pen name d) fake name 33-The Nile plays a ----- part in the lives of the Egyptians. b) minor c). major a) small d) tiny Happiness is the synonym of the word. -----34b) grief a) sadness c) sorrow d) delight Can you ----- photographs with this modern camera? b) take a) give c) make d) paint Egypt----- the Cup of African Nations in 2006 .2008 and 2010. 36b) won d) bought c) gave 37- My father a serious operation last week and he is feeling well now. b) made d) gave 38-Dr Samira Musa was a nuclear scientist..... b) researcher c) researching d) searcherwonderful this villa is! b) What c) Why a) How d) Whatever 40- The ambulance took the people who were badly ----- to the nearest hospital. a) rewarded b) injured c) influenced d) enjoyed
41- My friend needs regular blood ------ because of his long term illness a) transfusion b) transport c) transmit d) transfer 42- Do you think giving blood has health. ----d) kindness a) benefits b) useful c) good All donors have their blood pressure and ----- levels checked. b) copper c) iron d) silver Diabetes is considered one of the ----- term diseases b) along c) long d) belong 45- Blood donors can find ----- quickly if they have health problems b) out c) about d) for Leela's father told her stories about lions. This ------ her to study biology. a) conspired b) despair c) inspired d) aspired 47- Villagers are angry ----- the lions as they kill their cows and goats. b) of a) with c) from d) about I haven't met my classmate for many years . I wish I could ----- him. b) recognize c) apologize d) despise 49- Leela Hazzah works with the Lion ----- who cares for lions b) Hunting c) Guardians a) Players d) Documents 50- What other ----- programme do you know about? a) conversation b) conservation c) perception d) preservation I am -----, all my friends are away on holiday and I am stuck at home. a) boring b) boredom c) bored d) bore They aim to reduce the number of lion ----- in the area b) savings c) dying d) killings 53- Cattle are important to the villagers but they often go ----- or attacked by lions. b) missed c) missing d) losing 54- The new factory in our area will ----- a lot of university graduates. b) employ c) occupy d) supply 55- Maasai men are chosen to become ----- as they understand lions. a) guardians b) goalkeepers c) hunters d) group. **Fun with English**

اؤئي تغنيي كلحك

	New OK. 1st year sec.
	ey have the skills needed to lions' movements
i <mark>ome</mark> i Gus	nt b) memory c) monitor d) minor ardians also take part in reducing the number of who kill lions for sport.
untin	
	ns are every day and the information is sent to the cattle farmers.
acke	d b) tackled c) ticked d) stuck
	is in the photo? – Mohammed Salah.
	b) Whose c) Who's d) Who
	w do you think Mohammed Salah helps people in his local? unism b) socialism c) social d) community
	amsir b) socialism c) social ay communicy
Fil	l in the gaps with word(s):
1	I get up at seven o'clock. Ileave for school until I My
	breakfast. Ihard at school. During the break, I am used
	towith my friends.
2	Yesterday, two of my friends and I went to the club. We met
_	some friends there. We alla nice time. We played
	football matchmatch was very exciting.
	I have an ideal friend. I knew him four years He used to
3	·
	working hard. Heput off his work to the following day. He
	alwaysexercises, so he is healthy and fit.
4	Yesterday, I was the last oneenter the classroom, but fortunately,
	the teacher wasn't He came after about half an hour and
	hevery annoyed. When wehim why he was angry, he said
	that his car was stolen.
5	Sport plays a big role in children's physical and mental development. It
	teaches children howwork as a team and co-operate with others
	However, childrenperform lesstheir classmateslikely
	to feel too little in comparison to their more gifted classmates.
T	ranslate into Arabic:
	n organization helps people to protect their livestock and reduce the number of lion
KIIII	ngs.
	have painted and in the start of WT
2-1	have enjoyed reading the story of "Treasure Island" for the first time.
	Our parents exert great efforts to please us and provide a happy, secure life
for	us. We really owe much to them.

1st year sec. New OK. The present simple 1 التكوين Form: يتكون المضارع البسيط من مصدر الفعل مع مع الضمائر I و you و weو the,she,it أما بالنسبة لـ he,she,it نصرف الفعل كالتالى: 1. نضع s في الحالة العادية. (eats - runs - walks – sings) 2. نضع es لو انتهى الفعل بـ x أو o أو sh أو ch أو ch أو ch أو ch أو ch و أو x لو انتهى الفعل بـ x أو o أو ch أو sh 3. إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف y مسبوق بحرف ساكن تحذف ونضيف cries – tries) . ies 4- إذا انتهى الفعل بحرف y مسبوق بحرف متحرك (a / e/ i / o/ u) نضيف s فقط (enjoys - plays – prays) -4 2. الاستخدام Usage: نستخدم المضارع البسيط للتعبير عن: 1. عادات و افعال متكررة habits: E.g. I often watch television in the evening. Adel usually visits his relatives on Friday. 2. حقائق الثابتة facts: E.g. The sun <u>rises</u> in the east. The earth <u>goes</u> around the sun. 3. جداول المواعيد الثابتة schedules: E.g. I am traveling to London tomorrow. My plane leaves at 6 am. 4. المواقف او الافعال التي دائما او عادة حقيقية: Mohamed Salah gives money to help people in his hometown 3. الكلمات الدالة Kev words: الكلمات التالية كلها كلمات دالة على المضارع البسيط: نادراً never, أبداً never, دائماً/للأبد ever إحياناً ever, فالباً often, مادةً , scarcely بالكاد, seldom بصورة متكررة frequently بالكاد, hardly الدرأ seldom الدرأ occasionally بين الحين والأخر from time to time بين الحين والأخر ⊠ يستخدم المضارع البسيط مع الظروف الزمنية الآتية وتأتي في نهاية الجملة أو أولها every day/every week / every year/twice a week / twice a month / → Rania goes to the club every Monday. Every Monday Rania goes to the club. ☑ يستخدم المضارع البسيط مع ظروف التكرار و تأتى قبل الفعل الأصلى أو بعد verb to be
 ☑ - My brother often watches TV. - I sometimes walk to school. - She is always tired in the evenings. - I am never late for school. 3. النفي Negation: 1- نستخدم (don't))مع (i/ they/ we / you) وبعدها مصدر الفعل I don't play football on Friday. they don't like pizza. 2- نستخدم (doesn't) مع (he/ she /it) وبعدها مصدر الفعل He doesn't want a parrot. - she doesn't want a kitten. 3 ـ يمكن أن نستخدم never للنفي مكان doesn't وياتي بعدها فعل منتهي (s) Ex :Ahmed doesn't study English = Ahmed never studies English 5. السؤال ٢ تكملة الجملة + مصدر + (vou/thev) + كلمة استفهام ? تكملة الجملة + مصدر + (اسم مفرد +Does + (he/she/it/your + كلمة استفهام $\sqrt{-When do you go to school?}$ -- I go to school at 7 o'clock

 $\sqrt{\ }$ Where does she live, Sara? -- She lives in America.

Do + (you/they) + مصدر ؟ تكملة الجملة + مصدر ؟ Does + (he/she/it/your + مصدر + (اسم مفرد ?



ex-Do you like fish? yes, I do /No, I don't

→Do they play tennis?. yes, they do, No they don't

عند السوال عن عدد المرات نستخدم

البحملة + مصدر + (فاعل) + How often + Does/do

<u>اجابة ب (always-usually- never- every week-once – twice – three times</u> How often do you go to the library ? I go to library twice a week.

) البني للمجهول Passive:

+ is/are + p.p

→ Football is played around the world.

الماضي البسيط The past simple tense

التكفين 1-Form

يتكون الماضى البسيط من (التصريف الثانى للفعل) بإضافة d وed او ied للفعل إذا كان فعل عادى (المنظم) مثل Play – played / help – helped

ي أماً إذا كان فعل شاذ (غير منتظم) يُحفظ مثل see - saw / go - went / have – had. يُحفظ مثل (ied / ed /d) المنتظم

(1) اذا كان الفعل ينتهى بحرف (e) نضع له (d) arrive → arrived like \rightarrow liked live → lived (2)إذا كان الفعل ينتهى بحرف (v) مسبوقاً بحرف ساكن ، نحذف (v) ونضع ied) study → stud<u>ie</u>d $carry \rightarrow carr\underline{ied}$ cry → cried (3)إذا كان الفعل ينتهى بحرف (y) مسبوقاً بحرف متحرك (a – e – i – o – u) نضع(ed) stay → stayed play → play<u>ed</u> enjoy → enjoyed (4)إذا كان الفعل ينتهي بحرف ساكن مسبوقاً بحرف متحرك يُضاعَف الساكن ونضع (ed) travel → travelled clap → clapped stop → stopped لكن اذا انتهى ب(x / v / w) وقبلة حرف متحرك لا يتم مضاعفة هذه الحروف . fixed / follow →followed →

لاستخدام 2-Usage

نستخدم الماضي البسيط للتعبير عن:

حدث بدأ وانتهى في الماضي.

E.g. I <u>played</u> football yesterday. I <u>was</u> in Alexandria a month ago.

2. عادة في الماضي (غالباً مع كلمة "used to" والتي معناها " اعتاد أن").

E.g. When I was in Paris, I <u>used to play (played)</u> tennis.

لاحظ: يمكن ان يستخدم مع كلمات المضارع البسيط ليدل على عادة في(Always- often- never-usually/every) الماضي

E.g. When he was a child, he walked to school everyday.

▶I always ate breakfast before I went to school.

3. حكاية قصة.

E.g. Ali found a bag, and then he went to the police station.

4. حالة if الثانية:

If I had enough money, I'd buy this expensive mobile.

5-الاحداث التي حدثت تباعا واحد تلو الاخر في الماضي ليس هناك فارق زمني.

E.g. First, he <u>paid</u> the taxi, then he <u>got</u> out of the taxi.

When he <u>had</u> an idea, he <u>wrote</u> a short story.

Yesterday, I went to the club and met my friends.

6- ويستخدم الماضى البسيط مع التعبيرات الاتية حالة وجود فاعل

- ا ماضی بسیط + فاعل + ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا ا
- ماضى بسيط + فاعل + 2- It's (high)time
- 3- I would rather + فاعل + ماضي بسيط +

>I wish Hany studied hard.

- > It's time she studied English.
- ▶I'd rather he <u>left</u> now.
- > I'd rather you didn't hunt elephants

الكلمات الدالة 3-Key words

Yesterday سنة ماضية + in / الماضى مدة زمنية+last / منذ ago (مدة زمنية) / امس Yesterday الماضى in the past الماضى once/one day /ذات مرة How long ago = when / The otl

مصدر الفعل did not(didn't) + V.(inf) + فاعل

4. النفي Negative:

في حالة النفي نستخدم (المصدر + didn't)

→ I <u>didn't play</u> football yesterday. → he <u>didn't go</u> to school last week.
لاحظ: هناك اشكال اخرى للافعال في زمن الماضي التي لايمكن تحول الى النفى باستخدام didn't مثل:

was→ wasn't / were→ weren't / could→ couldn't

- **⇒**Ali wasn't at the cinema last week. **⇒**They weren't at school yesterday.
- ➡ When I was young , I couldn't ride a bike.

Did subject + inf.....?

5. السؤال Question:

وين السؤال ب Yes / No نتبع الاتي :

→Did you watch TV last night? Yes, I did. / No, I didn't.

عند تكوين السؤال ب اداة استفهام :

?مصدر الفعل....did + subject + inf اداة الاستفهام

- → What time did you go to bed? Why did he buy that shirt?
- → where did you go yesterday? I went to the club

6. المبنى للمجهول Passive:

+ was/were + p.p

→ Football was played yesterday. → The film was watched at home by Heba Choose the correct answer: practice

1-Lions.....meat.

(eats – eat – don't eat – doesn't eat)

2-My father.....in a big company. He is an accountant.

(works – work – is working – is worked)

3-After Ilunch, I will take a rest.

(will have - had - had had - have)

4-She will help me as soon as she.....her work.

(will finish – finish – finishes – finished)

5-According to the timetable, the train....the station at seven.

(will reach - reach - reaches - had reached)

New OK. 6-Ali works as a doctor. He.....very busy. (often is – is often –often has – has often) 7-Mona.....something to do. She is very busy. (always have – have always – always has –has always) 8-Sama is usedin Aswan. (to life – to live – living – lives) 9-It is my habit......for walks on Fridays. (going - go - to go - to going)10-Fady.....working on the farm. (is used - used to - is used to - used) 11-My sister usually......the 8 o'clock train to work. (has caught - catch - catches - catching) 12-Mr Omar.....come to work late. (never - doesn't - don't - isn't) 13-He.....very quickly, so we didn't understand him. (speaks – spoke – was spoken – speaking) 14-He.....very quickly, so we don't understand him. (speaks - spoke - was spoken - speaking) 15-My friends came to my birthday and....me presents. (give - gives - gave - were giving)

Exercises on grammar تدريبات علي القواعد

1--choose the correct answer from a,b,c or d

1 Mohamed Salah..... football in Liverpool. b. playing d. is played a. play c. plays 2 In 2017 my parents to Luxor. a. are moving b. will move d. moved c. move 3 How often do you..... fruit and vegetables? b. ate d.to eat a. eat 4 Hala is going to be a scientist when she...... school. b. leaving c. leaves a. leave d. left 5 There..... thousands of people at the football stadium. a. be b. are c. is d. was 6 The TV presenter..... to her viewers in a very friendly way c. talked a. are talking b. talk d. talking 7-Your cousinat the community centre last summer a. is helping b. helped c. helps d. help 8-The young men..... to be field biologist a. are taught b. taught c. teach d. are teaching

1st year sec.

New OK. 1st vear sec. 9-The community..... to look after the lions a. encourages b. encourage d. encouraged c. is encouraged 10-Lions.....as much as in the past. c. isn't killed d. doesn't killed a. don't kill b. aren't killed 11) Iso tired last night. b. had c. is d. was 12) Iasleep at half past eight yesterday. d. failed b. fell a. fall c. felt 13- Money.....into the area by the tourists a. brought b. brings c. are brought d. is brought 14) Omar...... That's why he is always fit. b. don't smokes c. doesn't smokes a.smoke d. never smokes 15) When I was eight, I.....programme about a famous Egyptian doctor on TV. a. saw b. see c. am seeing d. seen 16) We are making a card for my brother.to help? a. Are you wanting b. Did you want c. Do you want d. Have you wanted 17) My sisterworking with children. a. enjoying b. enjoy c. is enjoying d. enjoys 18) After my fatherhis work, he will take us to the club. d. had finished a. finishing b. finish c. finishes 19)you understand what the teacher says? b. Do c. Are d. Does 20)Ali always......to work when he was young. c-is walking a-walked b-walks d-was walking 21Karimat the school two years ago. a. start b. starting c. started d. is starting 22) Imy new camera last week. b. am buying c. bought d. buy 23) My fatherin a bank in the city centre. b. worked c. am working d. work a. works 24-I would rather you ----- football with us. b. played c. plays d. playing a. play 25-Local people.....jobs by the organization. b. are given a. are giving c. is given d. given 26 - Mona.....at school yesterday as she was absent. b. doesn't see d. isn't seen a. didn't see c. wasn't seen **27**. The last time I my cousin was in 2015. a. have met b. meet d. was met c. met 28. I for five hours every day last week. a. work b. have worked c. working d. worked 29. A terrible accident in our street yesterday. b. happens c. happened a. happen d. happening 30. Children often their parents and grandparents to do things. b. helped a. helping c. helps d. help 31. He got into the car and down the road.

a. drive	b. drove	c. drives lio and television.	d. driving
32. He often	on rad	lio and television.	
a. is speaking	b. spoken	c. has spoken	d. speaks
33-Surgeons.	usual	lly see small things b	v the naked eve
a. didn't	b. aren't	c. doesn't	d. don't
34. When I was	young, I used to	c. doesn't to the park eve	ery weekend.
a. going	b. gone	c. go	d. goes
35. When I was	young, I	c. go ride a bike.	_
a. am used to	b. was used to	c. used	d. used to
36. Two million	years ago, very he	avy rainin the	e Western Desert.
		c. fell	
37. Not many g	irls to so	chool in the early 20tl	n century.
a. have gone	b. went	c. are going in our street y	d. go
38. A terrible a	ccident	in our street y	esterday.
a. happen	b. happens	c. happened	d. happening
		arents and grandpar	
a. helping	b. helped	c. helps	d. help
40. Our train	at	7.15 yesterday morni	ng.
a. left	b. leaving	c. leave	d. leaves
41. We knocked	d on the door, but r	nobody	••••••
a. comes	b. come	c. coming	d. came
42. I fo	or five hours every	day last week. c. work	
a. have worked	b. working	c. work	d. worked
43. When I wen	t on holiday, I alwa	ys a lot of ph	otographs.
a. was taking	b. take	c. took	d. taking
44. When my br	other was young, I	he football e	very day.
a. played	b. plays	c. is playing	d. was playing
45. My football	team the	eir match last weeken c. win ar	d.
a. has won	b. have won	c. win	d. won
46. Last year, n	ny friends and I	ar	exciting holiday.
a. have had		c. will have	d. had
49. Crowded ci	ties often	air pollution .	
a. has	b. have	c. are	d. were
50. The Pharao	hs	Egypt for thousar	nds of years.
a. have ruled		c. ruled	d. ruling

Unit 2 Lesson 5

Treasure Island

Chapter 2



I could see the road from where we were hiding, and soon I saw eight men. One of them was the blind man. I saw them walk down the road to the Admiral Benbow Inn. They were surprised to see that the door was open, then they all ran inside. I heard someone shout, "Bill's dead!"

كان بامكاني رؤية الطريق من حيث كنا نختبئ، وسرعان ما رأيت ثمانية رجال. كان احدهم الرجل الأعمى. رأيتهم يسيرون على الطريق المؤدي إلى نزل الأميرال بنبو. فوجئوا برؤية الباب مفتوحًا ، ثم جروا جميعًا إلى الداخل. سمعت أحدهم يصرخ ، " بيل مات!"

"Go and find his box," said the blind man. A little later, a window opened from the Captain's bedroom and a man called out, "Someone has opened the box!" "Is it there?" said the blind man. "Only the money is there," replied the man.

```
"اذهبوا وابحثوا عن صندوقه" ، قال الرجل الأعمى. بعد ذلك بقليل ، فتح نافذة من غرفة نوم الكابتن ونادى رجل، "شخص ما فتح الصندوق!" "هل هو هناك؟" قال الرجل الأعمى. أجاب الرجل: " المال فقط هوالموجود."
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"It's the boy and the woman from the inn!" shouted the blind man. "Let's find them!" The men started to look around the house. "If you find it you'll all be rich!" said the blind man.

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إنه الولد والمرأة من النزل!" صاح الرجل الأعمى. "هيا نجدهم!"
بدأ الرجال في البحث فى ارجاء المنزل. قال الرجل الأعمى: "إذا وجدتوه، فسوف تكون جميعًا اغنياء."
me. we heard horses coming down the road. When the men heard the horses, they
```

At this time, we heard horses coming down the road. When the men heard the horses, they started to run in all directions.

في هذا الوقت ، سمعنا خيولًا تسير على الطريق. عندما سمع الرجال الخيول ، بدأوا في الجري في كل الاتجاهات. The horses arrived, so I ran out to see who was riding them. One of them was the boy who went to get Dr Livesy, and the rest were policemen. Two men took my mother to the village, where she soon felt better, and the others tried to catch the men. But it was too late: we heard that they escaped on a boat.

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وصلت الخيول ، فجريت لاعرف من كان يقودها. أحدهم كان الصبي الذي ذهب للحصول على الدكتور لايفسي، وكان الباقي من رجال الشرطة. أخذ رجلان والدتي إلى القرية ، وهناك سرعان ما شعرت بتحسن، وحاول الآخرون القبض على الرجال. ولكن بعد فوات الأوان: سمعنا أنهم هربوا على متن قارب
```

I returned to the Admiral Benbow with the police.

"What did they want?" said Mr Dance, the head of the police.

عدت إلى الأدميرال بنبو مع الشرطة.

اؤهى تنسي هلمك

56

Fun with English

"ماذا كانوا يريدون؟"قال السيد دانس ، رئيس الشرطة.

"I think that they wanted this," I said, showing him the papers that I still had in my jacket. "I'd like to take them to Dr Livesy."

"That's a good idea," said Mr Dance. "He's a magistrate as well as a doctor. He'll know what to do. I'll come with you."

قلت: "أعتقد أنهم أرادوا ذلك" ، وأظهرت له الأوراق التي كانت لا تزال في سترتى. "أود أن آخذهم إلى الدكتور لايفسى."

قال السيد دانس "هذه فكرة جيدة". إنه قاض وكذلك طبيب. سيعرف ماذا يفعل. سآتي معك."

We found that Dr Livesy was not at home, but was eating at the house of Mr Trelawney, an important rich man. Mr Trelawney asked us into his house. I showed Mr Trelawney and Dr Livesy the papers that the Captain had in his box.

وجدنا أن الدكتور لايفسي لم يكن في بيته، ولكنه كان يأكل في منزل السيد تريلاوني ، وهو رجل غنى مهم. طلب السيد تريلاوني منا في منزله. لقد عرضت على السيد تريلاوني والدكتور لايفسي الأوراق التي حملها الكابتن في صندوقه

"I think this might be a clue as to where Flint buried his treasure!" said Dr Livesy.

"That is why those men were not interested in money," agreed Mr Trelawney. "If you are right, we should take the next boat from Bristol and go and find the treasure ourselves!"

"أعتقد أن هذا قد يكون دليلًا على المكان الذي دفن فيه فلينت كنزه!" ، قال الدكتور لايفسي. "لهذا السبب لم يهتم هؤلاء الرجال بالمال" ، وافقه السيد تريلاوني في رأيه. "إذا كنت على حق ، يجب أن نأخذ القارب التالي من بريستول ونذهب ونجد الكنز بأنفسنا!"

"If Jim here agrees," said the doctor, looking at me, "we should look at these papers now." The doctor looked at the papers. Some of them seemed to describe the ships that the Captain and his men had robbed of money. Then we looked at the other papers and saw a map of an island, with a big cross on it next to the words, "most of treasure here."

قال الطبيب وهو ينظر إلي: "إذا وافق جيم هنا ، يجب أن ننظر إلى هذه الأوراق الآن." نظر الطبيب إلى الأوراق الآن." نظر الطبيب إلى الأوراق. بدا بعضهم يصف السفن التي استولى الكابتن ورجاله على المال التى كان بها. ثم نظرنا إلى الأوراق الأخرى ورأينا خريطة لجزيرة عليها صليب كبير وبجواره جملة "معظم الكنز هنا".

"Dr Livesy, we should go to Bristol tomorrow," said Mr Trelawney. "In a few days, we'll find the best ship in England. Jim Hawkins here can come as our ship's boy. You can be the ship's doctor." "I agree," said the doctor, "but those men who tried to find the map will now be looking for us. We are not safe anymore. We must not tell anyone else what we know."

قال السيد تريلاوني: "دكتور لايفسي ، يجب أن نذهب إلى بريستول غدًا". "في غضون أيام قليلة ، سوف نجد أفضل سفينة في إنجلترا. يمكن أن يأتي جيم هوكينز كفتى لسفينتنا. يمكنك أن تكون طبيب السفينة ". قال الطبيب "أوافق" ، لكن هؤلاء الرجال الذين حاولوا العثور على الخريطة سيبحثون عنا الآن. نحن لسنا آمنين بعد الآن. يجب ألا نخبر أحداً آخر بما نعرفه ".

It took us longer than we thought to be ready to leave England. While Mr Trelawney prepared for the journey in Bristol, I stayed at Mr Trelawney's house with his servant Redruth and spent hours studying the map, thinking about the treasure that we might find.

اوهي نفسي هلمك

Fun with English

New OK. 1st year sec.

استغرقنا وقتًا أطول مما كنا نظن لنستعد لمغادرة إنجلترا. وبينما كان السيد تريلاوني يستعد للرحلة في بريستول، بقيت في منزل السيد تريلاوني مع خادمه ريدروث وقضيت ساعات في دراسة الخريطة، أفكر في الكنز الذي قد نحده.

One day, a letter was sent to me from Mr Trelawney. It said that a good man called Blandly had a ship called the Hispaniola for us. Trelawney said that he had found a crew ready to work on it. The crew included a man called Long Adel Silver, who had lost a leg but was a good cook. Silver also knew other men who would join us. Trelawney said that everyone was excited by the thought of the treasure. I was surprised by this, as I thought we had to keep the news of the treasure a secret.

في أحد الأيام ، تم إرسال رسالة إلي من السيد تريلاوني. كان يقول أن رجلاً صالحاً يدعى بلاندلي لديه سفينة اسمها هيسبانيولا لنا. قال تريلاوني إنه وجد طاقمًا جاهزًا للعمل عليها. وكان من بين الطاقم رجل يدعى لونج جون سيلفر ، فقد ساقه ولكنه كان طباخًا جيدًا. عرف سيلفر أيضًا رجالًا آخرين سينضمون إلينا. وقال تريلاوني أن الجميع كان متحمسًا لفكرة الكنز. لقد فوجئت بهذا ، لاني اعتقدت أنه كان علينا ان نبقى خبر الكنز سرا

I was very excited by the thought of the journey and I went to say goodbye to my mother at the Admiral Benbow Inn. I was very sad to leave her the next day, when I travelled to Bristol with Redruth. We had just one night in the city before we were going to sail.

لقد كنت متحمسًا للغاية لفكرة الرحلة وذهبت لأودع أمي في فندق الأميرال بنبو. كنت حزينًا جدًا لتركها في اليوم التالى عندما سافرت إلى بريستول مع ريدروث. قضينا ليلة واحدة فقط في المدينة قبل أن نبحر.

Chapter 2 Vocabulary

x يوافق agree	disagree	يرفض ب	bury	يدفن
anyone else		اي شخص اخر	right (n) (adj)	حق/صحیح
road		طريق	look at	ينظر الى
hide (hid / hidden)	يختبئ/يخفي (seem to	يبدو ان
surprised		مندهش	describe	يصف
open (v) (adj)		یفتح/مفتوح	description	وصف
میت dead	death	الموة/حالة وفاة	rob	يسرق
deadly (adj) مميت	die	يموت	robber	سارق
call out = shout		يصرخ	map	خريطة
find (found)		يجد	try to	يحاول ان
found (founded)		يؤسس	look <mark>for</mark>	يبحث عن
rich= wealthy	X ثري	فقیر poor	Safe أمن safe	بأمان ly
direction		اتجاه	safety الامان sav	ve يحفظ/ينقذ
catch (caught)		يقبض على	ready to	جاهز / مستعد
escape		يهرب	leave (left)	يغادر / يترك
return		يعود	prepare for	يعد/ يجهز
head		راس / رئيس	think about(thought)	يفكر في
Show	U	يعرض / يبين / عرض	thought	فكرة
papers		مستندات / جرائد	include	يتضمن
magistrate		قاضي	cook	يطبخ / طباخ
clue	ز	دليل / مفتاح لحل لغ	crew	طاقم سفينة

secret	سر / سري	journey	رحلة طويلة
servant	خادم	cross	يعبر / علامة
excited	متحمس/منفعل	inside	فی داخل
The rest	البقية	as well as	بالإضافة الى

Exercise on Chapter 2

Choose the correct answer:

1-A/An.....is the most important person in an organization.

(head – crew – clerk – cleaner)

2-A/An....is a piece of land surrounded by water.

(beach – island – desert – river)

3-A /A.....is someone whose job is to live in another person's house and do jobs for them such as cleaning and sweeping.

(magistrate – officer – servant – captain)

4-To.....is to steal something from a person, shop etc.

(give – donate – hide – rob)

5-A/An.....are the people who work together on a ship, plane etc.

(crew - staff - team - gang)

6-To....is to succeed in leaving a place when someone or something is trying to stop you. (rob – escape – guard – dare)

7-A/An.....is someone who decides if a person is guilty of less serious crimes in a court. (doctor – sailor – cook – magistrate)

8-A/An....is an object or piece of information that helps to solve a crime.

(servant – crew – clue – head)

9-.....is a group of valuable things such as gold, silver, jewels etc.

(Treasure - Scar - Adventure - Head)

10-A / An.....is the mark (X or +) used on paper, to represent where something is, or where something should be.

(equal - plus - cross - minus)

11-The police found a vital.....to the girl's disappearance in an area near her home.

(secret – crew – glue – clue)

12-In the court, the girl told the.....that she stole to get money to pay for her mother's medicines. (parrot – magistrate – pirate – pharmacist)

13-The.....decided that the man was innocent and set him free.

(pirate – sailor – cook – magistrate)

14-It is the policemen's job to....criminals and send them to prison.

(hold – catch – hand – overlook)

15-Dr Zewail was the.....of the team who discovered the femtosecond.

(head – hand – lord – owner)

Unit 3

Improving lives

association	جمعيه	abroad	بالخارج	life	حياة
beliefs	معتقدات	admit		master	السيد ايتقن
community	مجتمع	adult	يعر_	mistake	،حب ،یـــن خطأ
crescent	<u> </u>			note	ملاحظه
culture	مدرن ثقافه	against	منطقه	opinion	4
		area brainstorm	ستثير الفكر		رأى
debt	دين		يستنير العدر يتعطل اينكسر ايكسر	opportunity	فرصه
earn	يكسب	break	ينعص ايندسرايدسر	pay	يدفع الشرطه
experience	تجربه اخبره	brief	محتصر	police	
experiences	خبرات			realize	يدرك
feed bank	بنك الطعام	collect	يجمع	repair	يصلح
merchant	تاجر	common	عام امشترك		يحترم
miserable	يائس	crime	جريمه	high school	مدرسه ثانوی
owe	یدین	criminal	مجرم	improve	يحسن يطور
plump	ممتلئ قليلا	details	تفاصيل	plan	خطه ایخطط
prison	سجن	die		disabled	معاق
stepfather	زوج الام		فرق	dreamer	حالم
structure		include	يشمل	educate	يعلم
voluntary	عمل تطوعي	interest	اهتمامات	empty	فارغايفرغ
exactly	تماما	successful	ناجح	main	رئيس <i>ى</i> مع <i>نى</i> يفقد
expert	خبير	suggestion	اقتراح	meaning	معنى
explain	يشرح	summary	ملخص	miss	عقفي
extract	اقتباس	tip	نصيحه	novel	روایه
factory	مصنع	tired	يبدو عليه التعب	pass	يجتاز
factual	واقعى	trick	یخدع خدعه	penny	بنس(ملیم)
floor	ارضيه	trust	يثق\ثقه	pound	جنيه
goods	بضائع	twins	توأم	reader	قارئ
hate	یکره	worker	عامل	reply	ردا پرد
return	يعود	arrange	يرتب	revise	يراجع
review	یراجع مراجعه	baby sister	اخت رضيعه	several	عديد
section	قسم	become	يصبح	show	يوضح
situation	موقف	check	يفحص	skill	مهاره
society	مجتمع	die	يموت		ينفق يقضى
solve	يحل	helpful		surprise	دهش یدهش
steps	خطوات	hurt	يؤذي	talk	حدیث یتحدث
still	مازال		يحافظًا يحتفظ ب	try	يحاول
group	مجموعه	later	فيما بعد	writer	كاتب
F	• •		• • •		•

Definitions

community	people who live in a place or in an area and have	مجتمع
	common interests	
culture	the beliefs and traditions of a group of people	ثقافه

New OK.	1 st vear sec.
new Un.	

debt	money you must give back to someone	دين
earn	money you receive for doing work	یکسب \ یتقاض
food bank	place where people collect food to give to others	بنك الطعام
merchant	a person who sells and buys a lot of goods	تاجر
miserable	very sad	تعیس \ شقی
owe	have to pay back money or things that belongs to others	یکون مدین
plump	slightly fat in a nice way	مكتنز / ممتلئ أ
prison	a place to keep criminals for a period of time as a punishment	سجن
rat	an animal like a big mouse	فأر \جرذ
voluntary work	a job that people do for no money	عمل تطوعي
youth association	a group of young people who do things together	جمعيه شبابيه

Expressions

		J J10113	
a boy of four	ولد عمره 4سنوات	key information	المعلومات الرئيسيه
an idea for a short story	فكرة لقصه قصيره	long time ago	منذ وقت طويل
at the end of	فی نهایه	made him give it back	جعله يعيدها
at this age	في هذا السن	make life worse for	يجعل الحياة اسوأ ل
book character	شخصیه فی کتاب	make the society better	يجعل المجتمع افضل
change people's	تغير وجهة نظر الناس في	many times	مرات عديده
opinion <u>about</u>			
continue (up) to	يستمر حتى	my job was to	كانت وظيفتي هي ان
difference in meaning	فرق في المعنى	none of them	لا احد منهم
disabled children	الاطفال المعاقين	not any more	لا مره اخرى (فيما بعد)
earn enough money	يكسب ما يكفى من المال	people benefit	منفعة الناس
find him a good job	يجد له وظيفه جيدة	Red Crescent	الهلال الاحمر
for example	على سبيل المثال	similar to you	يشبهك
for no money	مجانا	something goes wrong	شیئ ما تعطل
for the first time	لاول مره	spent three years writing	قضى ثلاث سنوات يكتب
<u>free</u> time	وقت فراغ	stay abroad	يبقى خارج البلاد
go travelling	یذهب فی رحله	details of the story	تفاصيل القصه
good to hear from you	انه لشيئ جيد ان اتواصل معك	the poor law	قانون الفقراء القانون السيئ
have nowhere to live	ليس لديه مكان ليعيش فيه	there should be	ينبغي ان يكون هناك
health problem	مشكله صحيه	try visiting	يحاول زياره

Antonyms

word	الكلمة	antonym= opposite	العكس
admit	يقر ب/ يعترف ب	deny /conceal	ينكر
against	ضد	with/ for	مع
borrow	يستعير/ يستلف	lend	سلف /يقرض
common	عام /مشترك	unusual	غير مألوف /نادر
earn	یکسب /یجنی مال	lose	يخسر
empty	فارغ	full	مملوء
miserable	تعيس	happy/contented	سعید / راضی

New OK. 1st vear sec. thin/slender/skinny plump compulsory/obligatory/ paid اجباري / مدفوع الاجر voluntary synonyms word المترادفات synonym = meaning الكلمه confess یقر ب/یعترف admit widespread/usual/ordinary/customary عام/ مشترك/ شائع common unhappy تعیس /بائس miserable unpaid عمل تطوعي voluntary **Language Notes** have have a problem لديه طفل يضع طفل have a child have a fortune have time الديه ثورة have opportunity عليه ديون have debts have a happy ending have a suggestion have a lecture لديهم اهتمامات مشتركه have common interests have a meeting الديه الفرصه have opportunity Make بكسب مال make difference make money بحدث اختلاف يدون ملاحظات make notes make noise يحدث ضوضاء بر تکب خطأ make a mistake make peace يوفق ىتأكد make sure make a promise Do do sport يعمل واجب منزلي housework يمارس رياضه يجري عمليه يقوم بعمل do an operation a job يقوم بعمل اشياء do an experiment things يجري تجربه lose / miss

lose	يخسر /يضيع	lose job	يخسر او يضيع شيئ
lose a book	يخسر مباراه	lose a key	يخسر وظيفه
lose interest	يفقد اهتمام	lose patience	يضيع مفتاح
lose weight	يفقد وزن	lose sight	يفقد الصبر
lose mind	يفقد عقله	lose money	يضيع /يخسر مال
lose to	يخسر امام	lose time	يضيع الوقت

miss	يفقد بمعنى يفوت شيئ	miss a day	يغيب اليوم
miss a bus	يفوته الاتوبيس	miss a lecture	تفوته محاضره
miss a plane	يفوته الطائرة	miss a match	تفوته مشاهده مباراه
miss a train	يفوته القطار	miss someone	يفتقد شخص ما
miss a flight	تفوته الرحله		

go missing= go lost لا ننسى ان نقول

• my bus came late so I (lost -**missed**)the start of the lecture.

- I (missed-lost)all my money in business.
- I got up late so I (lost –missed) the train.
- She (missed <u>lost</u>) her sight when she was young.
- He (missed-<u>lost</u>)his leg in a car accident.
- When she travelled abroad she (lost- missed) all her family, she hoped to speak to them all.

Lool	ينظر 🖈	

look at	ينظر الى	look up	يبحث عن معنى
look for	يبحث عن	look forward to	يتطلع الى
look like	يشبه	look up to	يوقر /يحترم
look out	يحترس	look into	يفحص

- I couldn't find my pen although I looked..... Everywhere.
- She is so beautiful as she look her mother.
- All of us lookto the trip.
- I will look The complaint.

life /a life /the life				
life	الحياه (عموما)	a life / the life	حياه من نوع معين	
a live	على قيد الحياه	lives	حيوات /ارواح	
live	يعيش	live	مباشر	

- It's a matter of (life-a life alive) or death.
- The match will be sent (live alive)
- He is not dead, he is (a life-alive)

Good

good at	جيد في	good for	مفید ل
good to	رحیم ب/عطوف علی	good with	جيد في التعامل مع

- The is goodEnglish
- **⊃**You should be goodthe needy
- **⊃**He is goodnumbers

Other /others

قد تسبق كلمه other باحدي الكلمات الاتيه:

Any- some – the – many- several another + الم مفرد يعد cup- book اخر بمعني ثاني او اضافي A few- Two shirts – one others + فعل ded others

- -some students like English but(other- another- others) don't.
- -I like meat but(other- others) friends like fish.
- -I don't like this colour, can you show me (other- others **another**) one



association

association(n)	اتحاد/ منظمه	associate with(v)	يربط بين و
associate(n)= colleague	زميل عمل /شريك	(be) associated with+ شخص	یکون مصاحب /ملازم
		اشيئ	ل
in association with	بمصاحبه /بالتزامن مع	شخص+associate with	يلازم /يرافق
associate(v)	يلازم /يصاحب/يأتي مع		

- 1. -this youth **association** helps poor people
- 2. You need to work with your associates to finish the report.
- 3. The green color of the trees usually comes in the association with spring.
- 4. Bad cough **associates** smoking
- 5. People usually **associate** high price with quality.
- 6. Don't associate with bad friend

Culture

culture(n)	ثقافه	cultural(adj)	ثقافی
culture(n)	حضارة	cultured= cultivated(adj)	مثقف
culture=cultivation	الزراعه		

- The culture of Arab people is different from European culture.
- we are all proud of ancient Egyptian culture.
- Rice culture needs a lot of water.
- There are cultural differences between countries.
- Mr Ali is a cultivated person.

لاحظ بعض التعبيرات والمتلازمات اللفظيه التاليه:

Western desert	الثقافه الغربيه	ثقافه محلیه local culture	
National culture	ثقافه قوميه	common dominant/culture	ثقافه سائده
<u>Cultural</u> heritage	التراث الثقافي	multicultural society	مجتمع متعدد الثقافات

Debt

debt	ین get/fall/run into debt	يصبح مدينا ل
be in debt to	debt of gratitude/thank	مدين بالشكر والامتنان

in heavy debt عليه ديون كثيره indebted (to)(adj)

مدين/غارم

- 1. H- he found a second job to pay back his debts.
- 2. The old man can't retire because he is in debt.
- 3. He was in debt to the bank.
- 4. The old man can't retire because he is heavily in debt.
- 5. The old man can't retire because he got/fell/ran into debt.
- 6. I owe debt of gratitude to my parents.
- 7. He is indebted to a car company.

لاحظ بعض المتلازمات اللفظيه التاليه:

Have a debtعلیه دینclear the debtsWrite off /cancel a debtیتنازل عن الدین کبیرA heavy debtPay off debtsیسدد فوائد الدیونپسدد فوائد الدیونService a debt

merchant تاجر (شخص/شرکه) merchandise

He makes a lot of money as a merchant

His stores are full of high-quality merchandise.

miserable= not happy	بائس/تعیس/شقی	
miserable= very little /very bad (adj)	ضئيل /سيئ جدا/(قبل الاسم فقط)	
misery	البؤس /التعاسعة /الشقاء	
miser	بخيل	

- She has lost her job and family .she looks miserable.
- His miserable income isn't enough for his family.
- I was angry because of my team's miserable performance.
- You don't know the misery of the war and poverty.
- I am sure he won't donate any money .he is a miser.

شخص +مبلغ مالی+(owe(d)	يدين لب.
مبلغ مالی +شخص + (owe(d)	يدين بل
شيئ +forشخص++(d)	يدين لمقابل

- Omar owes Ali ten pounds.
- Omar owes ten pounds to Ali.
- You owe me for the drinks.

لاحظ بعض المتلازمات اللفظيه التاليه:

Owe + شخص +a debtيدين بالفضل ل...Owe everything to + يدين بكل شيئ ل....سخص +a lot/ a great dealOwe+ شخص + a lot/ a great deal

- 1- -we owe our parents a debt.
- 2- We owe everything to my family.
- 3- She owes her mother a great deal.

prison	السجن
prisoner(n)	سجين
imprisonment	عقوبه السجن/مده الحبس
imprison	یحبس/ یسجن/ یقید حریه

prison	سجن کبیر
jail	سجن (للحجز المؤقت)
cell	زنزانه(حجره داخل السجن

- Thieves are sent to the prison.
- He was taken to jail.
- The dangerous criminal was kept a lone in a cell.

Prison is a place for criminals.

عند الحديث عن السجن كمكان (prison)

لاحظ بعض المتلازمات اللفظيه التاليه:

- Go to the prison
- يضعفي السجن Put..... in prison
- Be released from prison يطلق سراحه من السجن
- Let.....out of the prison يخرج منالسجن
- Get out of prison يخرج من السجن
- A prison sentence(25 years)
- Sendto prison
- Escape from prison
- visitors to the prison wait here.
- In this prison, there is a library for prisoners who like reading.
- No one has seen him since his imprisonment.
- He was imprisoned for selling drugs.

youth	مرحله الشباب
youth	الشباب بوجه عام (يعامل معامله الاسم الجمع
a youth -youths	شباب(تعد)

- I was very fit in my youth.
- The youth of Egypt are ready to help their country.
- A group of youth are arrested for troublemaking.

مقاطع بادئه prefixes

prefix البادئه	الوظيفه function	examples امثله
dis-	تكون العكس	disabled
mis-	Mistake /misunderstand تكون العكس	
re-	يعيد Review /rewrite	
step-	احد الاقارب(نتيجه الزواج من احد الوالدين	Stepfather /stepmother /stepfamily

مقاطع ناهيه Suffixes

الناهيه suffix	الوظيفه function	examples الامثله
-able	تكون صفه	miserable
-al	تكون صفه/اسم	criminal
-er	تكون اسم فاعل	dreamer
-ful	تكون صفه	successful
-ing	تكون صفه/اسم	Ending /amazing
-ly	تكون ظرف	exactly
-ual	تكون صفه/اسم	Factual /individual

Clear the confusion

earn money	یکسب مال مقابل عمل
get money	يحصل على مبلغ معين من المال في مده معينه
make money	يكسب (كثير من المال)بطريقه غير تقليديه

- This doctor earns twenty thousand pounds a day
- I get 4000 pounds a month
- Footballers make a lot of money.

own	يمتك	borrow	يستلف/يستعير
owe	یدین ب	lend	يقرض /يسلف

- He owns a farm in the countryside
- I owe Ahmed a thousand pounds.
- I borrowed a thousand pounds from Ahmed.
- Ahmed lent me a thousand pounds.

plump	مكتنز - ممتلئ بشكل جذاب(بالنسبه للنساء والاطفال)
fat	سمین
overweight	لدیه وزن زائد
obese	سمین جدا(بشکل خطیر)

- She is a plump cheerful little girl
- A fat person finds it difficult to do a sport.
- She wants to follow a diet because she is overweight.
- He was an obese teenager.

at the age of	فی سن / فی عمر
in the age of	في عصر

- I could swim at the age of nine
- In the age of Mohammed Ali, Egypt was a very large Empire.

work	عمل /مكان العمل (كلمه لاتعد)
a work –works	عمل أدبى او فنى(كلمه تعد)
a job -jobs	وظیفه محدده- مهمه (کلمه تعد)

- He did much work in the office yesterday.
- I go to work in my car.
- El-Karnak is a work by Naguib Mahfouz.
- My first job was as a teacher
- I've finished all today's jobs.

invent	يخترع شيئا لم يكن موجودا
discover	يكتشف
explore	يستكشف

- Graham Bell invented the telephone 1876.
- She discovered that she had forgotten her mobile at home.
- Columbus landed on America and explored

hard(adj)	صعب /خشن /نشیط/ حماسی
hard(adv)	نخت
hardly(adv)	بالكاد

You will have to make some hard decision to solve this problem.

After a month without rain, the ground was too hard to plough.

Success in sport require hard work and a great deal of determination.

She has worked hard all her life and became a great person.

I hardly know your friend. I met him only once.

cause	يجعل	let	يسمح/يدع
make	يجعل	allow	يسمح
force	يجبر	permit	يسمح

Do you know what causes volcanoes to happen?

The teacher made the student do the experiment again.

The students were made to do the experiment again.

the earthquake forced the inhabitant to leave.

Please let me tell you the story.

The mother allowed /permitted her children to play outside.

work <u>for</u>	يعمل ندى	work <u>in</u> (<u>at</u>)	يعمل في مكان
work <u>as</u>	يعمل ك	work with	يعمل مع
work <u>on</u>	يعمل في مشروع ـ يستمر في عمل ـ يعمل على تطوير)		

- My brother works for a clothes company in Alex.
- My brother works as a clothes designer in Alex.
- My brother works in Alex.
- My brother works with many efficient people.
- My brother works on the underground.
- I've been working on this project for three years now.

Don't get confused

debt	دین	debate	مناظره
lend	يسلف	borrow	يستلف
earn money	يكسب مال	make money	يكون ثروة
buyer	مشترى	merchant	تاجر
owe	یدین	own	يملك
miserable= very sad	تعيس	arrogant	متغطرس
plump	ممتلئ قليلا	dump	يرمى
go to the prison الزيارة	يذهب للسجن بغرظ	go to prison	يذهب للسجن بغرض (جريمه- عمل)
break a law	يخالف القانون	follow rules	يتبع القواعد
break a promise	يخلف وعده	keep a promise	يحافظ على وعده

New OK.	1 st vear sec
New Un.	

rat	فأر كبير	mouse	فأر صغير
crime	جريمه	criminal	مجرم
work for	يعمل لصالح	pay for	يدفع ثمن
arrange	يرتب	soak	يمتص
attract	يجذب	extract	مقتبس
several	عديد	visual	بصرى

Reading

David Copperfield



'This is Mr. Quinion, David,' Mr Murdstone said. 'You're going to work for him at Murdstone and Grinby, the bottle merchants, in London. You'll earn enough money to pay for your food, and I've arranged a place for you to live.'

I was ten years old and I was going to go to work. And it was hard work. I went to a dirty old house near the river where rats lived under the floors. **There** my job was to wash empty bottles with three other boys, and I hated it.

One morning, a plump man came to see me with Mr Quinion. 'Ah, Master Copperfield!' the man said 'This is Mr Micawber,' Mr Quinion told me. 'You will be living at his house.'

And that evening, Mr Micawber took me home. His wife - a thin, tired-looking lady - was sitting with a baby. The baby was one of twins, and they had a boy of four and a girl of three.

I soon discovered that the Micawbers were poor and that Mr Micawber owed money to several people. One morning the police came and took Mr Micawber away to prison because of his debts. I went to see him there the next Sunday.

'If a man earns twenty pounds a year and spends nineteen pounds, he'll be happy,' he said. 'But if he spends twenty pounds and a penny, he'll be miserable.

Workbook: Reading

The book character David Copperfield went to work when he was ten years old. In the 1800s, it was not unusual for children to work at this age in England. Poor parents did not have the money to send their children to school. They often needed their children to earn money or they could not pay their debts. Factories liked to have children working for them because they did not need to pay them as much as they paid adults. The children could also do some things the adults could not do. For example, they were small so they could go under machines when they broke. The children were often miserable. They worked very long hours and most of them had no opportunity to improve their lives. However, some children learned a skill when they worked. They were the lucky ones, as these new skills helped them to get better jobs when they were older.

Lesson 2 Listening

Audio script





Today millions of people know Charles Dickens for the brilliant books that he wrote. He was a great storyteller. But Dickens didn't only want to entertain people with his books, he also wanted to change their opinions about the world they lived in. He hoped his readers would then do something to make the world a better place.

Dickens was most interested in helping poor children because of his own difficult childhood. When he was 12 years old, Charles' father was sent to prison. Like David Copperfield, he had to leave school and work to support his family instead. The poor Law of 18 removed support for most poor people so their lives were hard.

When he wrote David Copperfield between 18 and 1850, Dickens wanted to show us that not all poor people were bad. Like his father, Mr Micawber went to prison because he had no money but after he left prison, he wanted to help David because he was a good man. In Dickens' books, people who worked hard were also often rewarded. For example, at the end of the book, David Copperfield becomes a successful writer.

Dickens also wanted to say that rich people needed to do something to help the poor. In David Copperfield, a man called Mr Wickfield helps David by giving him a room. Dickens thought that people like Mr Wickfield were honest and good and deserved to be rewarded. Other people in the book, on the other hand, were bad and had an unhappy end.



Let's talk about how to write a great short story. It's important to plan your story. It should have four parts. At the start, we find out when and where the story is happening and we meet the main character. Don't spend too much time describing places and people – your characters need to do something from the start.

In the second part of the story, the main character has a problem or something goes wrong. It's a good idea to have two or more problems. After that, the problem or problems are solved and everything is OK again. In this third part of the story, there should be a surprise for the reader. Finally, we find out what the characters do next, so, what happens to them when things are OK again

اؤهى تنسي هلمك

Fun with English

Reading A summary of David Copperfield

A David Copperfield grew up with his mother and his stepfather, Mr Murdstone. B Some time later, Uriah Heep played a trick on Aunt Betsey and took her money and David worked hard to help her. C Then David's mother died and Mr Murdstone took him to live with Mr and Mrs. Micawber. David had to leave school and work in a factory. Then Mr Micawber went to prison and David had nowhere to live. D When David returned to England, he married Agnes and he became a successful writer. E When David found Uriah Heep, he admitted that he took Aunt Betsey's money and David made him give it back to her. Then David went travelling around Europe. F Without a home to live in, David visited Aunt Betsey and she took him to live with her friend, Mr Wickfield. A man called Uriah Heep also lived with Mr Wickfield and his daughter, Agnes, but David didn't trust him.

Video Script

People have always told stories. Thousands of years ago they told stories about dangerous places to hunt so the people in their community wouldn't go there. Older people told stories about the people who came before them. They couldn't write the stories down and they didn't want to lose them, so, they painted pictures to tell stories. If you put your message into a story, people will remember it because they'll feel an emotional connection to the people and places in the story. They may even decide to do something to help the people in the story or people like them. They say a picture can tell a thousand words, but the words in a story can touch a thousand lives.

Exercises on vocabulary

(1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 1- Charles Dickens wrote great...... like, "Oliver Twist" and "A Tale of Two Cities". b) novels d) poems c) reports 2- Thieves and criminals are sent to to have their punishment. c) the restaurant a) the cinema d) school b) prison 3- People who borrow a lot of money get into b)mess a) pain c)debt d) space 4- A writes for a newspaper. a) scientist b) journalist c) teacher d) doctor 5- Naguib Mahfouz wrote novels to describe life in 20th Egypt. a) decade b)time c) century d)age 6- TV presenters sports stars on most favourite TV programmes. c) examine b) interview d) check a) test 7- If you spend too much money, you will be debt. b)at c)over 8- Oliver Twist was born and grew up in a because he was an orphan a) work b) garage c) factory d) work 9-If you don't have enough money, you can a room with another person.

1st year sec. New OK. a) divide b) share c) take part d) collect 10-. Life is full of situations which we must accept as we have no b) choice c) desire a) appetite 11 –My friend me to his wedding party and I accepted his invitation. c) introduced a) invented b) invited d) intended 12-A father has to work hard to enough money for his family. b)earn c) reward 13-My uncle works a professor at Ain Shams University. a) like b) such as c)as d) the same 14-Charles Dickens had a very childhood. c) pleasant d)hard b) happy 15-Adel Imam is best..... for his funny films and plays. b)knew c) known d) Knowing 16 -Dickens wrote magazine when he worked as a journalist. b) stories c)novels d) poems 17- -Amir's father has married two women, so Amir has some brothers and sisters. c) third b)half d) unreal a) quarter 18-We live in a nice house the river. d)by 19-Wise people should learn the of the stories they read. a) moral b) mineral c) mirror d) mayor 20 – Some burglars broke into the old lady's house and her of all her money. c) borrowed a) robbed b) stole d)lent 21- Charles Dickens is best known for his about the poor . d) novels b) poems c)plays 22-The can bb responsible for their deeds. b) children a) babies c) adults d)dead. 23-We saw an exciting in the theatre. b)film d) novel 24-The police found the lost child and him back to his family. b) introduced c) described 25- I must be..... for my work so that I can support my family. b)paid c) believed a) earned d)won 26- Because the man and his wife didn't have children, they a child at their home. a) adopted b) adapted c) admired d) adored 27-A of thieves broke into the bank and stole a lot of money. b) crowd c)gang d)team 28- I have read a of Oliver Twist by Charles Dickens a) summary b) summer c) summarise d) summon 29-There was a in the house next door while everyone was asleep at home a) court b) burglary c) burger d) gallery 30-The thief who your mobile was caught last night

1st year sec. New OK. a) found b) kidnapped c) helped d) held 33-Aseel is my She is my sister's daughter. b) niece a) nephew c) aunt d) mum 34- I usually keep my money in a secret in my jacket. a) box b) boot c) pocket d) packet 35- The factory promis ed the workers to be given a rise. d) cleaner a) manager b) colleague c) worker 36- I my new friend to my family and they welcomed him. a) produced b) deduced c) introduced d) offer 37- Fagin is a criminal who trains boys to be b) thieves d) doctors a) officers c) managers 38- Oliver saw the boys something from Mr Brownlow. b) to taking c) taking d) taken 39- Oliver realizes he can't live as a thief and runs b) up c) down d) away 40- While breaking into the house at night, he was...... b) shout a) shot c) shoot d) shit 41-Mrs Maylie let Oliver with her and her niece. b) to staying d) staying 42- The Maylies found that Rose was Oliver's aunt. a) out c) down b) up d) away 43- the end . Oliver was adopted by Mr Brownlow and lived happily . b) Of c) In 44- How do you think Oliver felt when he arrived in London his own 45- Mr Bumble was angry because he wanted more food. b) with c) on 46-The Parliament should pass strict to criminate building on agricultural land a) motivation b) low d) lawyers c) laws 47- The boy spent a lot of time cartoons on his mobile. a) watching b) to watch d) watched 48- The problem is solved and things are again. a) bad b) worse c) wrong d) OK 49- It is important for the writer to his story c) plane b) planning d) plant 50-Think of an idea for a short story..... the place . the time , the characters ,etc. b) Brain drain c) Brainstorm 51- I really want to do something to help other people in my time. a) free b) fare c) fair d)flee 52- do you have any suggestion for work I can do? a) volunteer **b) voluntary** c) volume d) vacuum 53- Since my uncle travelled abroad, I haven't heard him b) about c) from 54- I appreciate the girls who help their mothers their housework a) with b) about c) in d) off

The present Perfect Simple Tense

زمن المضارع التام البسيط

Form

- -the police (<u>have</u>- has) helped people a lot.
- -My mother (have- has) cooked our food.

Negative

haven't \ hasn't +p.p

- -Rewan (hasn't –haven't) done her homework.
- -Mona and her friend (hasn't -haven't) been to school.

question

Have \ Has

p.p + فاعل

- -Has he (witness- witnessed) the accident.
- -Have they (**tried** try) to solve the problem.

Passive

- The report (has checked has been checked) properly.
- -A lot of projects have (carried **been carried**) out in the new administration capital.

Usage

1-حدث بدأ في الماضي ومازال حتى الوقت الحاضر.

• -He has lived in Cairo since 2009.

معنى هذه الجملة أنه يعيش في القاهرة في عام 2009 وماز ال يعيش حتى وقتنا هذا.

2-حدث في الماضي وانتهى ولكن مازال له آثر في الوقت الحاضر.

• -I (**forget- have forgotten**) my key so I can't open the door now.

-عملية نسيان المفتاح في الماضي وله اثر في الوقت الحاضر. لم يستطيع فتح الباب.

3-حدث انتهى منذ فترة وجيزة وهنا دائما نجد كلمة just

• -I (have just cooked -cooked) the food .would you like to have a sandwich?

4-حدث في الماضي ولم يتم تحديد وقت حدوثه

- -I (bought- have bought) a beautiful car.
- -I (**bought** have bought) a beautiful car last week.

5-عند التحدث أو السؤال عن الخبرات الماضية بالبلدي كده هل انت عملت هذا الشّئ طوال حياتك أم لا مثل: New OK. 1st year sec.

- -(Have you ever been- Did you ever go) to the zoo?
- -I (have never been was never) to the zoo.

6-حدث في الماضي وانتهى ولكن قابل للتكرار في المستقبل.

- -Messi is a good player, he(has scored-scored) 100 goals.
- •-Messi was a good player, he(has scored-scored) 100 goals.

في الجملة الثانية غير قابل للتكرار

7-نستخدم المضارع التام مع اللروابط الزمنية الدالة على المستقبل

- After \ as soon as \ when
- Before \ By the time \ once
- أى مستقبل ، مضارع تام +
- -After she (has done did) the homework, she will watch TV.
- -Once I (have finished finished) my duty, I 'll inform you.

8-عند ذكر عدد مرات حدوث الحدث ولم نحدد نقطة زمنيه في الماضي.

-He (had visited- has visited) Cairo three times.

Key words

since	منذ	for	لمدة
just	توا \حالا	already	بالفعل لا
yet	حتى الآن	never	من قبل
recently	حديثا	lately	مؤخرا
so far	حتى الآن	up till now	حتى الآن
over the ages	على مر العصور	over the years	على مر السنين
since when	منذ متی	for how long	لمدة كام
this week	هذا الأسبوع	ever since	منذ
in the recent years	في السنوات الأخيرة	this year	هذا العام
ever	من قبل	in the last few years	في السنوات القليلة الماضية

عندما نرى الكلمات السابقة فأننا نتذكر زمن المضارع التام

Up till now, sofar, over the ages - over the years

وتستخدم هذه الكلمات في بداية أو نهاية الجملة في زمن المضارع التام

- -So far, I (didn't meet -<u>haven't met</u>) manager.
- -Over the ages ,Egypt (faced- has faced) a lot of problems.
 - مؤخرا
 وتستخدم في بدية أو نهاية الجملة ويفضل استخدامها في النفي
 حديثا Recently
 وتستخدم في بدية أو نهاية الجملة ويفضل استخدامها في الاثبات
 - I haven't seen John (<u>lately</u>- recently)

• Recently, Egypt (took - **has taken**) new steps towards progress.

 ever
 من قبل

 وتستخدم في منتصف الجملة
 1-السؤال

 أبدا
 أبدا

 تستخدم في منتصف الجملة
 1-نفي

 yet
 قطعا/حتى الآن

 وتستخدم في آخر الجملة
 1-نفي

 وتستخدم في آخر الجملة
 1-نفي

- -Have you b(<u>ever</u> –yet)seen the pyramids?
- -No, I have (ever –<u>**never**</u>) seen them.
- -Have you done the homework (never-<u>yet</u>)?
- -No, I haven't don't it (never-**yet**).
- -She is the most polite girl I have (ever-never) known.
- -I have (ever-<u>never</u>)met a more polite girl than Asmaa.

ولكن خلى بالك:

• -Shakespeare is the best writer **ever**.

إن شكسبير هو أفضل كاتب على مر الزمان.

-He is intelligent, **yet** he is careless.

Yet = but

• Just احالا already بالفعل

-وتستخدم هذه الكلمات بعد الفعل المساعد

- He (*has just* –just have) done the homework.
- \mathbb{Z} -the letters ($\underline{\text{have just}}$ just have) been sent.

ركز في الفارق في المعنى بالفعل

Just توا \ حالا already
- I have (just – already) visited Paris. I was in 2009.

وهنا في الجملة التركيز على وقوع الحدث فقط وليس وقوعة حديثا

Just now

من الكلمات الدالة على الماضي البسيط وليس المضارع التام

• -I (<u>did</u> –have done) the homework just now.

تستخدم Already في نهاية الجملة لتدل على السرعة والدهشة .

• Have you written the homework already? you are very fast

حالات خاصة ب Just

• -Really he is just; he has given them their rights.

هنا Just بمعنى عادل.

A: Mum, I want to eat.

B: just a minute.

هنا Just بمعنى انتظر.

This

- This week /month year century يفضل المضارع التام عن الماضى البسيط
- This morning afternoon evening المضارع التام و المضارع التام
- -I (visited -have visited) my uncle this week.
- I (achieved <u>have achieved</u>) a lot this month.

مفأننا نستخدم مضارع تام أو ماضى بسيط و الأفضل ولكن الأمر يختلف مع جزء من اليوم ماضي بسيط

-I (<u>sent</u> –have sent) a letter earlier this morning.

Since For ويأتى بعدها بداية المدة الزمنية ويأتى بعدها مجمل المدة الزمنية

منذ لمدة

Since		fo	r
since 2009	منذ 2009	for 5 years	لمدة خمس سنوات
since summer	منذ الصيف	for 2 seasons	لمدة أسبوعين
since October	منذ شهر اكتوبر	for 3 months	لمدة 3 شهور
since Monday	\ \	for 2 weeks	لمدة اسبوعين
since 7 o'clock	منذ الساعة السابعة	for an hour	لمدة ساعة
since 6 p.m.	منذ السادسة مساءا	for a day	لمدة يوم
since 5:30	منذ الخامسة والنصف	for many years	لسنوات عديدة

<u> Since – for</u> وكمان

for the last year	طوال السنه الأخيرة	since last	منذ\الماضي
for years	لسنوات	since yesterday	منذ أمس
for ages	لعصور	since then	منذ ذلك الحين
for while	لفترة	since Adam and Eve	منذ آدم وحواء
for awhile	لفترة قصيرة	since his birthday	منذ عيد ميلاده
for long	لأمد بعيد	since +اسم	منذ+اسم
for as long as you can	لأقصى مدة زمنية	جمل فی +since	منذ +جملة ماضى بسيط
remember	تستطیع ان تتذکر ها	الماضى البسيط	
For the last week		since the last meeting	

6[∞]-Fill with since / for

- 1- I have been working in his officea month
- 3-I have used this medicinetwelve years
- 4- Mr Hassan has been in the hospitalhis accident
- 5-We have waitedhalf an hour
- 6-He has written stories as long as you can remember
- 7-I haven't met Ali 2003
- 8-She hasn't done the homework along time .
- 9-Samy has carried out the project his father's arrival.



Since قواعد خاصة ب

Since مضارع تام ماضى بسيط

ويجوز الماضى البسيط أن يكون مضارع تام و الأفضل بعد Since ماضى بسيط مضارع تام ، ماضى بسيط Since

- -I haven't met him since he (is- was) in Cairo.
- -Since she became a doctor, she (didn't meet <u>hasn't met</u>) her old friend.

Since = ever since

-I have lived in Alex ever since I (have-been born -was born)

ن جمل خاصة
 قد يتحول المضارع التام الي ماضي تام مع since في حالتين:

1-اذا سبقت جملة Since بماضى بسيط وأصبح الزمن الذى كان مضارع تام حدث أول مثل:

- -My brother (haven't hasn't hadn't) sent me a letter since he travelled abroad.
- -My brother sent me a letter last week, he (hasn't -hadn't) sent a letter since he travelled abroad.

هنا ترتيب الأحداث: 1-الحدث الأول لم يرسل منذ سفره حتى الأسبوع الماضى. 2-الحدث الثانى الارسال الأسبوع الماضى.

- Ali said "I haven't eaten fish since 1999".
- Ali said that he hadn't eaten fish since 1999.

- مضارع تام + For how long +
- مضارع تام + since when•
- ماضى بسيط + How long ago
- -(since **for**) how long have you lived here.
- -(since-for) when have you met the manager?
- -how long ago (**did you make** have you made) the plan?

قواعد آخری تتداخل مع Since

فاعل when + ماضي بسيط Last تصريف2 اضى بسيط+ was)when) The last time فاعل تصربف 2

تاريخ مضارع تام since ماضى بسيط تاریخ + in

- •-I last saw Aya (since-for-when) she was 12.
- •-the last time I ate fish (is-was) when we were in Alex.

- •-I (lived-have lived) in Cairo in 2003.
- •-I (lived-<u>have lived</u>) in Cairo since 2003.

مضارع تام ماضى بسيط since مضارع تام ماضى بسيط

(والأفضل ماضي بسيط)

- -It's a long time since I (ate-had eaten) fish.
- -It's two years since I last (<u>met</u>-haven't) my uncle.

Since + v_ing

وهنا يساوى الاسم

• -Since leaving the university, he (didn't search-hasn't searched) for a job.

Since

مدة زمنية +

ago

• -I haven't played (for-since) 2 weeks ago.

حالات خاصة ب Since

يمكن استخدام Since بمعنى لأن as \ because وهنا لا يوجد زمن محدد

- -|He studies hard since he wants to achieve his goal.
- -He couldn't answer the phone **since** he **was having** a shower.
- -He can't open the door **since** he **has lost** the key.
- -He couldn't buy anything **since** he **had lost** his money.

مضارع تام+..... \It's the first\only

• -it's the first time I (play-<u>have played</u>).

ذهب ولم يعد have has gone to ذهب وعاد

- -He has ($\underline{\mathbf{been}}$ gone) to Alex, he returned just now.
- -He has (been- gone) to Alex, he will come tomorrow.

In

- -He is in Cairo
- -He was in Cairo
- -He has been in Cairo

أى انه في القاهرة الآن

اى انه ليس في القاهرة الأن

أي انه عاش أو زار القاهرة

• -Where have you (gone –**been**)?

لأنه امامي الآن لذا فالسؤال أنت كنت فين.

- In the last few years / months...... Egypt has changed a lot in the last few years.
- In recent years It has not rained in the Western Desert in recent years

**Practice Grammar	Choose the co	rrect answer	
1-They in Luxor since 201	5.		
a)lived b)have live	d c)live	d)will live	
2-I can't phone my parents because	Imy phone.		
a)has lost b)lose	c)will lose	d)have lost	
3-Nawal's younger sister has studie		e hasn't studied prese	nt perfect
a)yet b)already	c)since	d)for	
4-The plane has I ca	•		
a)left just b)just leave		d)leave	
5-My uncle has lived abroad	•		
a)since b)already	c)yet	d)for	
6-Have you tried English foo			
a)since b)for	c)just	d)ever	•• •
7-Micheal Morpurgo is a famous E			
a)wrote b)write			
8-Micheal Morpurgo was a famous			
10) = = = =		d)have writ	
9-Michaelwriting stor			ol teacher.
a)started b)has started		d)starts	
10)Basel is not hungry. He		•	
	c)is eating	d)eats	
11-We can't go home by bus. The l			
a)left b)has left 12-He's never a crocodile,	c)have left	d)will leave	
a) see b) Seeing	c) saw	•	d) seen
13- It's seven years since they	Luxor.		
d) visits c. Visiting		a. visited	
14-My sister is a new doctor. She ha	s justfrom the Fa	culty of Medicine	
a) been graduated b) graduate	ed c) graduate	es d) graduating	
15- It's the first time I have eaten car	viar. I have eate	n it before.	
a) never b) ever c) a	lready	d) just	
16- Mr Ali lived in Cairo from 1997	until 2007, this means	that	
a)he has lived in Cairo for 10 years	. b)he has lived i	n Cairo since 10 year.	S.
c)he lived in Cairo for 10 years.	d)he lived in C	airo since 10 years.	
17- He has taught in our school	more than ten yea	urs.	
a) since b) i	n c)	for d) at	
18- I haven't written the letter			
a) now b) y	et c) just d) alre	ady ,,
19-It's ten years	visited London.		
a) just b) for	c) ago	d) since	?
20-A lot of new schools	recently.		
a) built b) are			l) have built
Moi	re Exercises on (Grammar	
1) Choose the correct answ			
1- A long time has passed	I saw him.		
a) as long as b) because	se c) since	d) until	
2- My uncle to Ge			
a) is b) will be	•	d) is being	
3- I have had a cold		., .	

1st year sec. New OK. a) since b) for d) from c) ago 4- You look pale. to you? a) Has anything happenedb) Will anything happend) Was anything happening 5- Have you been to Cambridge University? b) never a) lately c) ever d) already 6- Theywhat to do for the holidays yet. a) hadn't decided b) won't decide c) don't decide d) decided 7- Rania as a doctor for the last ten years. a) has worked b) worked c) had worked d) is working 8- Amr..... all night and he is very tired. b) worked a) has worked c) had worked d) is working 9- Ali has travelled the last five days. d) since a) for b) ago c) when 10- I have done my homework three hours. d) since b) ago 11- Fady has learnt English he was 7 years old. a) for b) ago c) when d) since 12- I on this English exercise for the last hour! c) have worked a) has been working b) worked d) was working 13- They have been doing the homework 6 o'clock. d) since b) ago c) from 14- We here for 6 years and we don't intend to move. a) have lived b) has lived c) lived 15- She for the test for three hours. c) lived d) were living a) has revised b) revised c) had revised d) revises 16- She the driving test. a) just has passed b) has just passed c) passes d) is passing 17- you watched that film yet? c) Have b) Did d) Had a) Do 18- Where's Hala? I can't see her. – She to the shops. b) has gone d) had been a) goes c) has been 19- Samira has lived here she was a child. b) ago d) since 20- Aida is very tired. She very hard. a) has worked b) have worked c) worked d) been working 21- I haven't been swimming last summer. d) since b) ago c) when 22- She hasn't been to Cairo many years. b) ago d) since 23- I tennis since the age of ten. a) have played b) played c) has played d) was playing 24- Have you eaten anything this morning? b) ago c) when d) since 25- I haven't seen him we were in London. b) ago d) since a) for c) when

)		
26- It	heavily for the l	ast two hours. I's still	raining.
		c) rained	
27- He			,
		c) has played	d) had played
28- I	three movies this	s week.	
		c) had seen	d) was seeing
		e scl	
a) has finished	b) had finished	c) finishes	d) finished
30- Amna			
a) had opened	b) was opening	c) opens	d) has opened
31- We	in Canada since	1986.	
a) have lived	b) lived	c) were living	d) had lived
32- Salma has been il			
a- for	b- since	c- ago	d- lately
33- Alla has To			
a- been	b- be	c- go	d- gone
34- Ahmed has	to Alex. He came b	oack yesterday.	
a- been	b- be	c- go	d- gone
35- Have you ever vis			
a- have	b- travelled	c- travel	d- has travelled
36- Tarek	how to swim three ye	ars ago.	
a) will learned	b) had learned	c) learned	d) have learned
37- I lost my house k	ey last week and I	it yet.	
a) have found	b) haven't found	c) didn't found	d) found
38- I for	over five years now a	and I will never smoke	again.
a) don't smoke	b) didn't smoke	c) haven't smoke	d d) smoking
39- We've been here			
a) since	b) for	c) ago	d) yet
40- We've been here	4 o'cloc	k.	
a) since	b) for	c) ago	d) yet
41) It's more than 20	0 years I trav	elled.	
a- while	b-before	c- since	d- when
42) salma	tennis since she	e was five years old.	
a- has played	b- was playin	g c-played	d-is playing
43) oh! i	my passport. What s	hould I do?	
a- lose	b- have lost		sing d- lost
44) I can't phone n	ny sister because I	my phone	
a- lose	b- lost	c- have los	st d- had lost
45) the plane has	left. I car	see it in the sky	
a- ever	b- yet	c- just	d- never
46) it's two weeks s	ince we		
a- meeting			d-met
	_		ng in this polluted city.
a- has	b- had	c- has had	d- was having
	been to the zoo	before.	
a- just	b- yet	c- ever	d- never

Treasure Island Chapter 3

	<u>rreasure isiai</u>	iu Chaptel 3	
take a note	يدون ملاحظة	danger	خطر
own	يمتلك	dangerous	خطير
owner	مالك	(be) able to + inf.	قادر ع <i>لی</i>
full of ملئ ب	فارغ empty	choose (chose/chosen)	يختار
surprised	مندهش	sail with	يبحر مع
quickly	بسرعة	at the front of	يبحر مع امام/في مقدمة
finger	اصبع يد	worry	يقلق / القلق
stop	اصبع ید یتوقف / یمنع یدفع ل	worried (adj)	قلقان/قلق
pay for	يدفع ل	Mutiny	تمرد / عصیان /یتمرد
helpers	مساعدين	mutineer	متمرد
come with	یأتی مع	keepsafe	متمرد يحفظسالم/امن
catch	يقبض على / يمسك / يلحق	agree with	يتفق مع
along	بطول	begin (began/begun)	يبدأ
harbour	ميناء لرسو السفن مختلف	crutch	عكاز / دعامة/مسند
different	مختلف	look after	يعتنى ب
size	حجم	parrot	ببغاء
reach	حجم يصل مشكلة	laugh	يضحك
problem		decide to	يقرر ان
why not?	لما لا	barrel	برمیل
destination	جهة الوصول رحلة	nearly	تقريبا
journey	رحلة	nearby	قریب / مجاور
secret	سر / سر <i>ي</i>	terrible=horrible	فظيع
explain	یشر ح طاقم السفینة	wait for	ينتظر ل
crew	طاقم السفينة	join	ور قریب / مجاور فظیع ینظر ل ینضم الی
treasure	كنز	tired of	متعب من قر صان
صبور (patient (adj		pirate	
map	خريطة	gang	عصابة
dead	میت	يقتل kill	killer قاتل
realise	يدرك	frightened	خائف
land (n) (v)	ارض/يابسة/يهبط	news (Un)	أخبار (لا تعد)







The next morning, Mr Trelawney asked me to take a note to Long Adel Silver. I went to the inn which Silver owned. It was full of people, but I soon saw a tall, strong man with one leg. He looked very happy and seemed to know all of the people there. I walked up to him and gave him the note. When he saw that it was from Mr Trelawney, he looked surprised and said, "Ah, you must be the new ship's boy!"

في صباح اليوم التالي ، طلب مني السيد تريلاوني ان اخذ رسالة إلى لونج جون سيلفر. ذهبت إلى النزل التي كان يملكها سيلفر. كانت مليئة بالناس ، لكنني سرعان ما رأيت رجلاً طويل القامة قويًا له ساق واحدة. بدا سعيدًا جدًا ويبدو أنه يعرف كل الناس هناك. مشيت إليه وسلمته الرسالة. عندما رأى أنها من السيد تريلاوني ، بدا مندهشًا وقال: "آه ، يجب أن تكون فتى السفينة الجديد"!

At that moment, one of the men in the inn quickly left the room. I saw that he had three fingers on one hand. "It's Black Dog!" I called. "Stop him!"

```
في تلك اللحظة ، غادر أحد الرجال في النزل الغرفة بسرعة. رأيت أن لديه ثلاثة أصابع في احد يديه. ''إنه بلاك دوج!'' انا صحت. ''اوقفوه''!
```

"Yes, stop him! He did not pay for his food!" called Silver to one of his helpers. The helper ran after the door.

"Do you know that man? Black Dog, is it?" Silver asked me.

"Yes, he was one of the men who attacked my home. Did Mr Trelawney tell you about that?" I replied. "Ah, yes. I've seen him in my inn before. He sometimes comes with a blind man."

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"نعم، أوقفه! لم يدفع ثمن طعامه! " نادى سيلفر على أحد مساعديه. جرى المساعد خلف الباب. "هل تعرف هذا الرجل؟ بلاك دوج، اليس كذلك؟ "سألني سيلفر. "نعم، كان أحد الرجال الذين هاجموا منزلي. هل أخبرك السيد تريلاوني بهذا؟ "أه نعم. لقد رأيته في نزلي من قبل. كان يأتي احيانا مع رجل أعمى."
```

"The blind man is called Pew," I said. "He was with Black Dog when they attacked." "Then we must catch them both," said Silver. However, the helper returned and said he could not catch Black Dog.

```
قلت: "الرجل الأعمى يسمى بيو، لقد كان مع بلاك دوج عندما هاجموا". قال سيلفر: " اذا يجب أن نمسك كلا منهما". ومع ذلك ، عاد المساعد وقال أنه لم يستطع الامساك ببلاك دوج
```

"Well, we must return to Mr Trelawney," said Silver. We walked back along the harbour past boats of different sizes, all preparing to go to sea. Silver told me all about the boats and I knew that he was a great sailor.

```
قال سيلفر: "حسنًا ، يجب أن نعود إلى السيد تريلاوني."
مشينا إلى الخلف على طول الميناء مرورا بمراكب ذات أحجام مختلفة ، وكلهم يستعدون للذهاب إلى البحر.
أخبرني سيلفر بكل شيء عن القوارب وعرفت أنه كان بحارًا عظيمًا.
```

We found Dr Livesy with Mr Trelawney when we returned to his hotel, and told them about Black Dog. وجدنا الدكتور لايفسى مع السيد تريلاوني عندما عدنا إلى فندقه وأخبرناهم عن بلاك دوج

"There is nothing we can do now," said Mr Trelawney. "We leave at four o'clock this afternoon. Get your hat, Jim, we'll go on the ship now," he said to me.

```
قال السيد تريلاوني: "لا يوجد شيء يمكننا القيام به الآن، سوف نغادر الساعة الرابعة بعد ظهر هذا اليوم، احضر قبعتك يا جيم ، سنركب السفينة الآن."
```

It took some time to reach the Hispaniola. When we walked onto the big ship, the captain, Smollett, did not look happy to see us.

"What's the problem?" asked Mr Trelawney. "I don't like the men on this ship and I'm not happy about where we're going," he said.

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استغرق الأمر بعض الوقت للوصول إلى هيسبانيولا. عندما مشينا على السفينة الكبيرة ، لم يكن القبطان ، سموليت ، سعيدًا لرؤيتنا". ما هي المشكلة؟" ، سأل السيد تريلاوني. قال "لا أحب الرجال الذين على متن هذه السفينة ، وأنا لست سعيدًا بالمكان الذي نحن ذاهبون إليه."
```

"Why not?" asked Dr Livesy.

"I was told that the destination of the journey was a secret," he explained. "But the crew tell me we're looking for treasure. I know that looking for treasure always means danger. And when I go on a journey, I like to be able to choose my own crew."

"Don't you like the crew we chose?" asked Mr Trelawney.

"If I sail with them, I want you to stay at the front of the ship for all the journey, and to keep guns with you. And don't show anyone the map," said Smollett.

سأل السيد تريلاوني "ألا تحب الطاقم الذي اخترناه؟" الإنهان الرحلة ، وأن تحافظ على الأسلحة معك. وقال الإدا أبحرت معهم ، أريدك أن تبقى في مقدمة السفينة طوال الرحلة ، وأن تحافظ على الأسلحة معك. وقال سموليت "لا تُظهر الخريطة لأي شخص."

"Are you worried there will be a mutiny?" asked Dr Livesy.

"It's my job to keep you safe, that's all," said Smollett, and walked to another part of the ship.

''هل أنت قلق من حدوث تمرد؟'' ، سأل الدكتور لايفسي.

قال سموليت ، "انها وظيفتي ان احافظعلي سلامتك ، هذا كل شيء" ، ومشي إلى جزء آخر من السفينة.

"I think you've two good men on the ship," said Dr Livesy. "That's Long Adel Silver and Captain Smollett." "I know Long Adel Silver is a good man," said Mr Trelawney, "but I don't think Captain Smollett is." I agreed with Mr Trelawney. I did not like Captain Smollett.

"أعتقد أن لديك رجلان جيدان على متن السفينة" ، قال الدكتور لايفسي. "هما لونج جون سيلفر وكابتن سموليت". قال السيد تريلاوني: "أعرف أن لونج جون سيلفر رجل جيد ، لكنني لا أعتقد أن الكابتن سموليت كذلك". كنت اوافق السيد تريلاوني في رأيه. لم اكن احب الكابتن سموليت.

The Hispaniola finally left Bristol and our long journey began. Silver was able to walk around the ship on one leg, using only a crutch. All the men liked him and he was a good cook, his kitchen always clean. When he wasn't working, he looked after his parrot. He called it Captain Flint and said it was 200 years old. The parrot could talk, too, which always made me laugh.

غادرت هيسبانيولا أخيرًا بريستول وبدأت رحلتنا الطويلة. كان بإمكان سيلفر المشي حول السفينة على قدم واحدة ، باستخدام عكاز فقط. كان كل الرجال يحبونه وكان طباخًا جيدًا ومطبخه دائمًا نظيفا. عندما لم يكن يعمل ، كان يعتنى بببغائه. كان يسميه كابتن فلينت وقال إن عمره 200 عام. كان بامكان الببغاء أن يتحدث أيضًا ، الأمر الذي جعلنى أضحك دائمًا.

One night, before I went to bed, I decided to eat an apple. The apples were kept in a big barrel which I climbed inside, because it was nearly empty. Before I left the barrel, I heard a man talking nearby. It was Silver and what he said was terrible.

في إحدى الليالي ، قبل أن أذهب للنوم ، قررت أن آكل تفاحة. تم حفظ التفاح في برميل كبير تسلقته من الداخل ، لأنه كان فارغًا تقريبًا. قبل أن أغادر البرميل ، سمعت رجلاً يتحدث في مكان قريب. كان فضيًا وما قاله فظيعًا.

اؤهي ثغنيي هامك Fun with English

"On that journey, Flint was the captain," he said. "It was then that I lost my leg and Pew became blind. After that journey, I put a lot of money in the bank. It was a great journey, and most of the same crew are on this ship today."

"في تلك الرحلة ، كان فلينت هو القبطان" ، قال "لقد فقدت ساقي وأصبح بيو أعمى. بعد هذه الرحلة ، وضعت الكثير من المال في البنك. كانت رحلة رائعة ، ومعظم أفراد الطاقم على متن هذه السفينة اليوم"

"You won't be able to return to Bristol after this journey," said another sailor called Dick. "What will happen to your inn?" "I've sold it," said Silver. "My wife has the money and is waiting for me to return in a secret place. And after this journey, you'll have lots of money, too."

قال بحار آخر يدعى ديك: "لن تتمكن من العودة إلى بريستول بعد هذه الرحلة، ماذا سيحدث لنزلك؟" قال سيلفر: "لقد بعتها، زوجتي لديها المال وتنتظرني للعودة في مكان سري. وبعد هذه الرحلة، سيكون لديك الكثير من المال أيضًا".

Another man joined them and said, "I'm tired of waiting. When can we attack Captain Smollett?" "You must be patient," said Silver. "Trelawney has the map, so we wait until they have found the treasure. We might also want Smollett to take us home before we attack."

انضم إليهم رجل آخر وقال: "تعبت من الانتظار. متى يمكننا مهاجمة الكابتن سموليت؟ قال سيلفر: "يجب أن تكون صبورًا، تريلاوني لديه الخريطة ، لذلك ننتظر حتى يعثروا على الكنز. ربما نرغب أيضًا في أن تأخذنا سموليت إلى البيت قبل الهجوم".

"We shouldn't wait that long," replied another sailor.

"You're like the others," said Silver. "You want to do things quickly. That's what Pew and Flint wanted to do. What happened to them? Pew is blind and Flint is dead."

قال سيلفر "أنت مثل الآخرين، تريد أن تفعل الأشياء ."أجاب بحار آخر: "يجب ألا ننتظر هذا الوقت الطويل ." ماذا حدث لهم؟ بيو أعمى وفلينت ميت فلينت و بيو بسرعة. هذا ما أراده

I began to realise that Silver was not only a cook, but he was also a pirate, and the other crew were part of his gang.

بدأت أدرك أن سيلفر لم يكن فقط طباخًا ، ولكنه كان أيضًا قرصاتًا ، وكان الطاقم الآخر جزءًا من عصابته. "No, we wait," continued Silver. "When the time is right, I'll kill Trelawney and his friends! Now, Dick, can you get me an apple?"

"لا ، نحن ننتظر" ، امل سيلفر كلامه. "عندما يحين الوقت ، سأقتل تريلاوني وأصدقائه! الآن يا ديك ، هل يمكنك ان تحضر لي تفاحة ؟"

When I heard these words, I was very frightened. However, before Dick came to the barrel, I heard another sailor call out: "I can see land!" It was this news that saved me, because the sailors now all forgot about apples. We were near the Treasure Island.

عندما سمعت هذه الكلمات ، كنت خانفا للغاية. ومع ذلك، قبل وصول ديك إلى البرميل، سمعت بحارًا آخر ينادي: "أستطيع أن أرى الأرض!" كانت هذه الأخبار هي التي أنقذتني ، لأن البحارة الآن نسوا كل شيء عن التفاح. كنا بالقرب من جزيرة الكنز.

1st year sec. New OK.

Definitions

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مرفأ harbour
              : area of water where ships can stay safely.
when a group of people refuse to obey the person in charge and take: تمرد \ فتنه
control
crutch عصا \ عصا : a special stick which you put under your arm to help you walk
بيغاء parrot
                :a brightly coloured bird which can learn to speak.
barrel برمیل : a large container made of wood.
pirate قرصان : a sailor who attacks ships and steals from them.
gang عصابة : a group of people that causes trouble
secret : known by only few people and kept from others.
patient عبور : able to wait calmly for a long time.
Attack: هجوم an act of violence that is intended to hurt a person or damage a place.
                             Exercise on Chapter (3)
1-My brother has a......that can sing and repeat words.
       (puppy - kitten - hen - parrot)
2-One of the......told his captain that he could see land in the distance.
       (sails - sailors - sellers - seals)
3-It is not safe to go sailing in this area because there are........
       (rescuers – parrots – pirates – sailors)
4-The coach depends on his....to find information about other teams.
      (sailor - helper - pilot - cook)
5-What is your next.....? – I am going to Paris.
      (barrel – destination – mutiny – secret)
6-The tiger.....the deer and killed it.
      (fed - returned - attacked - protected)
7-If you go on working hard, you will......your goals.
     (lose - mistake - fail - reach)
8-What we say here is top...... It is not for publishing.
      (secret – public – score – tip)
9-Don't be...... The lion is in its cage.
      (tiring - frightening - frightened - tired)
10-I asked Ali to......the dictionary he had borrowed from me.
      (return – take – catch – attack)
11-One of the sailors led a.....against his captain.
     (mission – murder – mirror – mutiny)
12-This oil field produces two million......a day.
     (pirates – destinations – barrels – parrots)
13- The fox ..... and kills the birds on our farm.
( feeds – returns – attacks – protects )
```

Revision 1 lesson (1&2) Vocabulary

\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	نادی بازل Basel ینضم الی ینضم ال
jo: وجه/يواجه / شخص jo: الله عند الله عند الله الله الله عند الله	oin بنضم الي
	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	نادی ارسنال Arsenal
championship بطولة رياضية sti	ماز ال ماز ال
	eginning بدایة
	يغير /يتغير /تغيير
beat (beat/beaten) يهزم ad reach يوسل ge	يعجب ب
	generous to کریم مع
	رغبة / يرغب في lesire
1	olood pressure ضغط الدم
play for يلعب لصالح ge	get experience یکتسب خبرهٔ
	olunteer متطوع
	يذهب للغوص يذهب للغوص
	nonitor يراقب / يرصد
inspire يلهم im	mpact تأثير / يؤثر
footballer لاعب كرة قدم ma	مياة بحرية narine life
	urtles سلاحف
	ay (laid) تضىع بيض/يضىع شىء/يجهز
	فیضان / یفیض
national team المنتخب الوطنى en	ndangered معرض للخطر
time وقت lie	ie <mark>in/on (lay/lain) يقع/يستلقى</mark>
	ie to (lied) يكذب على / كذبة
on TV (television) في التلفزيون di	اisaster کار ثة
	يلاحظ يلاحظ
boyhood club نادى الصبا in	nternal flight رحلة داخلية vite (bit / bitten) يعض/عضة
	pite (bit / bitten) يعض/عضة
become friends وصبح اصدقاء co	eommunicate with يتواصل مع
	ocket جيب

Reading Text (1 / 2) Raneem El Weleily / Mohamed Elneny

Raneem El Weleily is one of Egypt's most famous faces. She was world champion of the squash World Open in 2017, when she beat another Egyptian, Nour El Sherbini. She also twice reached the final in 2014 and 2016 and was the world's top women squash player in 2019. Raneem was born in Alexandria in 1989. She first played for Egypt's squash team when she was only ten. She became World Junior Champion in both 2005 and 2007 before winning her first competition as an adult in 2009. She is now married to another top squash player, Tarek Momen. When she is not playing squash, she likes to listen to music and do puzzles, but it is her success at squash that has inspired many young Egyptians to play the game.



Mohamed Elneny is a famous Egyptian footballer. He is a strong player, and he has played for the Egyptian national team more than 60 times. He has scored more than six times for Egypt, and he is often on television. Elneny was born in 1992 and moved from his boyhood club Al Ahly, in Cairo, to Al-Mokawlon in Nasr City in 2010. He played for Al-Mokawlon at the same time as Mohamed Salah, and the two footballers became good friends. In 2013, Elneny went to Switzerland and joined Basel, one year after Salah went to the same club. Then Elneny went to London, England to join Arsenal. He is still good friends with Salah. 'I'm happy to have been with him since the beginning and he has not changed,' he says.



Listening Text Audio Script

Presenter: Many people want to work with animals or to help the environment. A good way to get experience of this kind of work is as a volunteer. This means working without money, sometimes in another country, and it can be very hard work, but most young people love the experience. We spoke to three young student volunteers to find out what they did during their summer holidays last year.

Adam: Hi, my name's Adam. I spent the summer working with an organisation based on the Red Sea coast in Egypt. It's a beautiful place and many people go there for a holiday. Most tourists like to go diving to see the colourful fish. However, there are so many tourists now that some of the fish are finding life difficult. My job was to help monitor the impact tourists are causing. So, while the tourists were at the beach, or swimming in the sea, I was on a boat counting and monitoring marine life in different areas. It's important to know where the fish are and how many there are of them. Then, at the end of the day, while the tourists were eating in restaurants, I was with a team helping to clean the beaches. It was hard work, but I really enjoyed it. I'm sure my work has helped people to understand the impact tourists have on the Red Sea.

Lara: my name's Lara and I've recently returned from Greece. I spent most of my time on a quiet beach watching big turtles! These beautiful animals visit the same beach every year to lay their eggs. They lay a lot of eggs, but many of the eggs are taken by birds, or flooded by the rain and the sea. These turtles are endangered, so each one of their eggs is important. It was my job to help protect the eggs and to stop tourists visiting the areas where the eggs lie in the sand. It can be a bit of a disaster when tourists visit and put sun umbrellas in the same place as the turtle eggs!

The work was very tiring because we often worked at night. So, when my friends were sleeping, I was there on the beach! But it was a great place and I loved observing the big, slow turtles when they left the beach and slowly swam off into

the sea. In my opinion, it's a great project and I've learned a lot more about conservation, too.

Munir: I'm Munir and I've just spent an amazing few weeks in the north of Thailand. It's a very isolated area and I had to take an internal flight to get there. Thailand is known for its elephants, and many farmers use them on their farms. The elephants are also used to carry tourists. Not all the elephants have an easy life, so I worked with conservationists who were trying to help elephants return to a more natural life in the wild. The elephants are very intelligent and it was amazing helping to feed them. It was not easy work, though. The rainforest was very hot, and there were a lot of dangerous snakes and insects. On one day, a spider bit me on the hand when I was putting something in my pocket. y hand swelled up and I thought, Oh, no! I have a big problem! But local people told me that the spider wasn't a dangerous one, and after a day or two my hand was fine. I don't think everyone would find life in Thailand easy, but I loved it. I've even learnt some Thai. Now, I can communicate with Thai people as well as the elephants!

Revision 1 lesson (3&4) Vocabulary

short story	قصة قصيرة	adventures	مغامر ات
describe	يصف	distant = far	تعتذ
adjectives	صفات	distance	مسافة
however	ومع ذلك	simple	بسيط
middle	منتصف	type (n) (v)	نوع / يكتب علي
interesting	شيق	fill (with)	يملآ ب
include	يشمل/يتضمن	full (of)	مملوء ب
information	معلومات	screen	شاشة
perhaps	ربما	go <mark>out</mark>	تنطفئ (الانوار)
in fact	في الو اقع/الحقيقة	association	مؤسسة
reader	قارئ	tournament	مسابقة / دورة
go wrong	يفسد /يتعطل	married to	متزوج من
in the end	في النهاية	based on	قائم على
imagine	يتخيل	learn <mark>about</mark>	يتعلم عن
imagination	خيال	swim off into the sea	a
imaginary=fictional	خيالي		يتحرك للسباحة في البحر
imaginative	مبدع	in pairs	فی ثنائیات
compare	يقارن	in groups	في مجمو عات
addto	يضيفالى	plan a short story	
expect	يتوقع		يضع تصور للقصة القصيرة
visitors	ز ائرین	too low	منخفض جدا

Reading Text

Why write a long book when you can write a short story? A short story can have 200 words or less. The writer can't describe many people or places and so there aren't so many adjectives in a short story. However, we still need a beginning, a middle and an end to the story. And the story

1st vear sec. New OK.

needs to be interesting, so we include important information and an interesting main character, but perhaps only one. In fact, it can be interesting to write in the first person (I did this ...) and then the person telling the story is the main character. Readers can't learn much about this character, perhaps not even their name, but something has to happen to them. This might be a surprise, a problem or something that goes wrong. Readers don't always find out what the character does in the end, but they need to be able to imagine the end of the story.

Read the text and answer the questions: Short Story

It was late and Sara wasn't expecting visitors. She sat alone in her room, with only her laptop and books for company. Her phone was off and she wasn't checking her email. There were too many people in her life with too many problems. And Sara was trying to write her first short story. She imagined wild adventures in distant lands full of exciting people, but Sara knew that she had to keep it simple. As she looked at the empty screen, an idea began to build in her imagination. It was a simple idea and people would understand. She began to type. The words came easily, filling the screen. Then the lights went out and Sara sat in the dark. Now there was only one question: did she remember to save her work?

only one question, and she remember to save her work.
Answer the following questions:
1- Sara kept herself away from everything because she wanted to
A) have time to be with herself.
B) think of a new idea for her story.
C) think of a solution to a problem she has.
2- Why wasn't Sara checking her email?
A) Her laptop wasn't working.
B) She didn't have any friends.
C) She didn't want to hear other people's problems.
3- The closest meaning to distant is
A) busy B) remote and far away C) not having a lot of people
4- What problem did the main character have?
A) She lost her story. B) She forgot her story. 5- What would you do if you were in Sara's place? C) There was no electricity.
6- Is it important to have a good imagination? Why / Why not?
7- What do you think Sara will do next?

-3)

	Tr	easure Island (Chapters (1
1- The people	tried to catch th	ne thief, but he	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
a. caught	b. escaped	c. arrested	d. managed
2- Be careful	or you will fall	off the; it's	s very steep.
a. mountain	b. hall	c. well	d. cliff
3- We	much to o	ur great teachers.	
a. take	b. lend	c. owe	d. borrow
4- Pew is	; he has l	ost his sight.	

b. blind c. dumb a. deaf d. crippled

1st year sec. New OK. 5- Outside the building, there are two men whose job is toand protect us. a. guard b. attack c. prevent d. own 6- The thief had a long curvedon his cheek, so we could recognize him. a. skate b. skv c. skin d. scar 7- What a brave young man! He was the only student who to say the truth. b. dared a. could c. refused d. disagreed 8- Ais a group of people who work against the law. b. crew a. gang c. staff d. team 9- Unfortunately, the burglarthe house. b. took d. robbed a. stole c. owed 10- The shiphelped each other to control the situation well. b. staff c. crew 11- Ais a bird with brightly coloured feathers that can learn to copy human speech. a. chick b. duck d. pirate c. parrot 12- The police usually look for ato solve a crime. a. clue b. key c. lock d. case 13- There arein this villa. They do all the housework. a. managers b. gentlewomen c. masters d. servants 14- Thequestioned the criminal to know the truth. b. manager c. magistrate d. soldier a. gang 15- A: What is theof the Hispaniola? B: It's headed to the treasure island. a. situation b. destination c. position d. condition 16- Flint and his men areThey attack ships and take money and goods by force. **b.** drivers c. pilots d. divers a. pirates 17- Ais a large container made of wood or metal. a. tin b. jar c. barrel d. cup 18- The thiefmy bag and ran away. b. borrowed c. grabbed a. lent 19- The child seemed to be ill. He was thin and...... a, fit **b.** strong c. pile 20- Ais a weapon with a long pointed blade and a handle. b. sword c. bomb a. gun d. pistol **General Exercises on Units (1-3)** 1-She is a/an.....for many women in business. They want to follow her example. (example – important – role model – great) 2-Runners shouldn't run while they were..... (ambitious – injured – killers – dead) 3-He sat all the time alone in his room as he was..... (plump –dirty – miserable – hard) 4-The food is....., garlicky and delicious.

```
(cool – cold – flavourless – spicy)
5-The money was......to the needy and the poor.
      (stolen – donated – supported – called)
6-Put some ice on your knee before it.....up.
      (treks – swells – leans – isolates)
7-The change in leadership will have a huge......on the government policy.
      (impact – affect – coast – damage)
8-My friends gave me the......"Einstein" because I like science too much.
      (nickname – surname – last name – first name)
9-Judy generally speaks Arabic, but she......English now.
      (speaks – is speaking – spoke – speak)
10-When I arrived at the house, he..... I didn't want to wake him up.
      (slept – was sleeping – sleeping – has slept)
11-I .....this old car for 15 years now.
      (have had – have been having – has had – am having)
12-It is a very long time.....they invited us to dinner.
      (for - just - when - since)
13-He didn't answer the phone because he.....on his work.
      (concentrated – was concentrating – concentrate – concentrates)
14-Why.....you volunteer at the new youth club next summer?
      (don't - didn't - do - did)
15-Did you.....your arm yesterday?
      (broke - break - breaking - broken)
16-We should.....money to charities to help the poor?
      (donate – steal – take – refuse)
17-The beach was really....., so we couldn't find a place to sit.
      (beautiful – exotic – crowded – isolated)
18-Tourism is......when we protect touristic places.
      (crowded – sustainable – unique – noisy)
19-Egyptian cotton clothes......all over the world.
      (are selling – sell – are sold – sold)
20-The....is the natural world around us.
      (atmosphere – environment – location – situation)
21-A novel usually tells a .....story.
      (long – true – travel – historical)
22-.....your parents usually donate blood? –Yes, they always do so.
      (Do - Did - Why - When)
23-When Aya visited me, I....my room. So, she offered to help me.
      (decorate – decorating – was decorating – am decorating)
```

1st year sec.

New OK.

Unit 4

Making new friends

advice	نصيحه	show	عرض/يعرض	population	السكان
advise	ينصح	host	مضيف/يستضيف	extra	اضافي
noticeboard	لوحه اعلانات	bullying	التنمر/البلطجه	practice	ممارسه
notice	يلاحظ	bully	متنمر /بلطجي	practise	يمارس إيتدرب
connect	يوصل	negative	سلبى	opportunity	فرصه
connected to	مرتبط ب	effect	تأثير	instead	بدلا من ذلك
connection	صلة/ علاقه	chess	شطرنج	instead of	بدلا من
relation	علاقه	hide	يخفى	experience	خبرة
cool	رائع	rucksack	حقيبه ظهر	experienced	ذو خبرة
stress	الضغط	hate	یکره	expert	خبير
stressed	مجهد	hatred	كراهيه	worry	يقلق/القلق
stressful	شيئ مجهد	detest	یکرہ	worried	قلق
converse	يتحدث	terrible	فظيع	worrying	القلق
conversation	محادثه	scare	يخيف/يفزع	fight	يتعارك/يتشاجر
personal	شخصى	scared	مرعوب	fighting	شجار/عراك
personally	شخصيا	move to	ينتقل الى	excite	يثير
personality	شخصيه	movement	حركه	exciting	مثير
join	ينضم/يلتحق ب	behave	يتصرف	excitement	إثارة
mate	رفیق/زمیل	behaviour	سلوك/تصرف	laugh	يضحك
teammate	زميل في الفريق	conduct	سلوك/تصرف	laughter	الضحك
roommate	شريك في السكن	continue	يستمر	phone-in	مداخله تليفونيه
teenager	مراهق	go on	يستمر	nasty	کریه/بغیض
teens	مراهقون	lonely	وحيد	copy	ينسخ
intimate	حميم	loneliness	لشعور بالوحده	debate	مناظرة
friendship	صداقه	overcome	يتغلب على	take turns	يتبادل الادوار
friendly	ودود	produce	ينتج	polite	مؤدب
avoid	يتجنب	production	انتاج	project	مشروع
focus on	یرکز علی	pronounce	ينطق	come out	يخرج
face	يواجه	pronunciation	النطق	library	مكتبه
break-time	فتره استراحه	inform	يخبر إيعلم	angry with	غضبان من
relax	یسترخ <i>ی</i>	information	معلومات	anger	الغضب
relaxation	استرخاء	populate	یسکن/یقطن	point at	يشير بأصبعه
relaxing	مريح	population	السكان		

Definition

advice	an opinion someone gives to help you.	نصيحه
take something	to think something is true or will stay the same	يعتبر شيئ من المسلمات
for granted		
Noticeboard	a thing on a wall that people put information on	لوحه اعلانات
connection	something that brings people together	وصله/علاقه
bully(v,adj)	to threaten to hurt someone or frighten them,	يبلطج
	especially someone smaller or weaker.	

New OK.		1 st vear sec.
HEW UK.	1	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,

bully(n)	someone who uses tier strength tor power to بلطجى
	frighten or hurt someone who is weaker.
bullying(n)	the use of strength or power to frighten or hurt البلطجة او التنمر
	someone who is weaker.
cheat(v,ed)	to act in a dishonest way in order to gain an advantage ,especially يغش
	in a game ,competition, an exametc .
cheat(n)	someone who acts in a dishonest way in order to gain an
	advantage ,especially in a game ,competition, an exametc .
cheating(n)	acting in a dishonest way in order to gain an advantage الغش
	,especially in a game ,competition, an exametc .
nurse(n)	someone whose job is to look after people who are
	ill or injured, usually in a hospital.
nurse(v)	to look after someone who is ill or injured.
nursing(n)	the job or skill of looking after people who are ill
	or injured.
police(v)	to keep control over an area to make sure that laws are يفرض الامن
	obeyed and that people and property are protected using a والانضباط
	police force.
police(n)	the people who work for an official organization whose job is to
	catch criminals and make sure that people obey the law.

■			• 4 •
Impo	Tarki Tilli	preb	osition

important preposition						
move to	ينتقل الى	talk to	يتحدث الى			
instead of	بدلا من	good at	جید فی			
ask for advice	يطلب نصيحه	look at	ينظر الى			
spend time with	يقضى الوقت مع	good for	مفید ل			
tell About	يخبر عن	nasty to	بذیئ /کریه ل/شریر			
get to	يصل الى	connect with	يتصل ب			
at school	في المدرسه	stressed about	قلق/خائف			
in the library	في المكتبه	stressful for	مرهق ل			
at break-time	في وقت الراحجه	worried about	قلق بشأن			
reason for	سبب/مبرر ل	learn from/about	يتعلم من			
add to	يضيف الى	sure about	متأكد من			
find out about	يعرف /يكتشف	different to/from	مختلف عن			
talk about	يتحدث عن	difficult for	صعب ل			
on the line	على الخط/ متصل					

Expressions

make friends	يصادق/يكون صداقات	on (my)own	بمفر دی
befriend	يصادق/يكون صداقات	feel better	يشعر بتحسن
bring together	يقرب/يجمع	make it clear	يوضح
stay the same	یبقلی دون تغییر	get along with	ينسجم /يكون على وفاق مع
<u>do</u> team sports	يمارس رياضه جماعيه	As far as I am concerned	بقدر ما انا مهتم
go online	يتصل بالانترنت	<u>leave</u> behind	يترك/ينسي

New OK.				1 st year sec.
1 4 - 11-i 4 -	* . 11 :	1	1	ا ب مؤد ا
busy talking to			have an effect on	له تأثیر علی وسائل التواصل الاجتماعی
get to bulletin board	الی اعلانات	<u>یصس ا</u> اه چه ا	social media take time	يستغرق وقت
blow a whistle			fight the bullies	يكافح المتنمرين
climb out of a barrel				يتعلق بفرع شجره of a tree
mark something on a ma		ية ك	ioin clubs	ينضم للانديه
spend the afternoon			pass an exam	يجتاز الامتحان
on an island		جزير	<u>Dass</u> an onam	5 - 5
call the police	الشرطه	بطلب	give advice	بقدم نصبحه
face a problem	مشكله	بو اجه	give an opinion	بعطی ر أی
be good friends with				یقدم نصیحه یعطی رأی یکتشف
play for	#		student volunteers	متطوعين من الطلاب
1 7	ں ل علی مقابل جید علی			في ثنائيات
	* *			<u> </u>
feel so hard			, phrases and I problems with	يتجنب المشاكل مع
feel connected to			a good experience	ینجنب المسائل مع
feel happy	یشعر بسعاده			يمر بنجرب جيده يدخل على الانترنت
feel better			problems with	لدیه مشاکل مع
feel stressed			est thing to do is	افضل شيئ تعمله هو
a piece of advice	نصيحه واحده			من السهل ان
part of a team			conversation with	يبدأمحادثات مع
take turns	برو من تریق پتبادل الادوار			ببه المعددات المعاددي
make it easier	يجعله اكثر سهوله		as I am concerned	على قدر وعى <i>افى</i> رأى
make it casici			lyms	عی در وعی اعی رای
connect	-		disconnected یو	يفصل
host			guest	ضيف ضيف
polite			μ impolite	غير مؤدب/وقح
fortunately	ظ		unfortunately	لسوء الحظ
negative			positive	ابجابی
hate		.ن کره		يحب/يعشق
production		<u>.</u> تاج		استهلاك
The second secon	S		nyms	
		-		٠.
word			~ J J	ATC
connection			relation/bond	
teammate			friend/companion	
busy			occupied/engaged	2
favourite			best loved/preferable	
connected			linked/joined/attache	u
	D	0 - 1	make	
do puzzles	يحل الغاز رم بعمل تمرين		make notes	يدون ملاحظات يرتكب اخطاء
do a quiz	م بعمل تمرین	يقو	make mistakes	يرتكب اخطاء
		G	0	

New OK.

go wrong	يتعطل	go swimming	يسبح
go mad	يحن	go for a swim	يسبح

Tell				
tell the truth	يشهد الحق	tell a story	يحكي قصىه	
tell lies	یکذب	tell a joke	ينكت	
Win				
win a race	يفوز بسباق	win a medal	يفوز بيمداليه	
win a match	يفوز بمباراه	win a competition	يفوز بمسابقه	
Have				
have a desire	لديه رغبه قويه	have a disease	يعاني من مرض	
have a vote	يجري اقتراع	have a lecture	لديه محاضره	

verbs. collocationsمتلازمات لفظيه

	ver us, conocar عطيه		
be	-different to/from	يكون مختلف عن	
		یکون محق فی right to عیر مرحب به	
call	يطلب الشرطه		
face	a problem يواجه مشكله		
feel	at home يشعر بالراحه	يشعر بتحسن better	
	لدیه ارتباط ب connected to	یر غب ف/یرید like	
	safe يشعر بالأمان	so hard تبدو صعبه جدا	
	stressed يشعر بضغط		
fight	the bullies يقاتل المتنمرين		
get	یحصل علی درجات جیدهgood marks		
give	advice on ينصح بخصوص	an opinion يعطى رأى	
	يعطى معلومات information		
go	يدخل على الانترنت online		
go join	clubs ينضم للانديه		
make	يكون أصدقاء friends		
pass	an exam یجتاز امتحان		
start	a conversation یبدأحوار	a new school ينتقل لمدرسه جديده	
take	for granted یاخذ کامر مسلم به	a photo يلتقط صورة	
	يتبادل الادوار turns	_	
	I		

Don't get confused

connection	علاقه /صله	conduction	توصيل الضوء/الحراره/الكهرباء
teenagers	ألمر اهقون	adults	البالغون
move	ينتقل/يتحرك	remove	یزیل
bully	بلطجي	pulley	بكرة رفع
personal	شخصى	personnel	شئون الموظفيين
stressed	متو تر/قلق	distressed	مكتئب/حزين
cheat	يغش	sheet	ملایه

lonely	وحيد/منعزل	alone	بمفرده
disease	مرض	decease	وفاة
teammate	زميل في العمل	classmate	زمیل فصل در اسی

- يمكن تحويل بعض الافعال في اللغه الانجليزيه الى اسماء بإضافه اللاحقه (ion-)او (tion-)

connect	يوصل	connection	صله/علاقه
populate	يسكن/يقطن	population	عدد السكان
produce	ينتج	production	الانتاج
inform	يبلغ/يعلم	information	معلومات
communicate	يتواصل	communication	اتصال
pronounce	ينطق	pronunciation	النطق

2- يمكن ان نتستخدم(مصدر +to) بعد أدوات الاستفهام عندما تستخدم كروابط في السؤال الغير مباشر

- I got lost and didn't know where to go.
- Could you tell me where to find a good hotel?
- We must find out what to do next.

الكلمات الاتيه تتبع بفعل مفر د وتستبدل بضمير جمع

something	, everything	, nothing	, anything	
someone	, everyone	, no one	, any one	
somebody	, everybody	, no body	, any body	

- Does anybody want cake?
- Anybody who wants cake should pass their plate.
- Nobody brought their bag.
- Everyone likes talking about themselves.

4-لاحظ المشتقات المستخدمه مع الكلمات الاتبه

<u>Verb</u>		noun for action	noun for person
Bully	يتنمر	التنمر bullying	متنمر bully
Cheat	يغش	cheating الغش	cheat غشاش
Nurse	ير عي	nursing التمريض	ممرضه nurse
Police	يتحكم امنيا	حفظ النظام	الشرطه police

Drill: complete the sentences with the correct words:

- 1-people when they are ill, but my cousin wants to be a when she finishes school
- 2- It's wrong to in examsis always bad .
- 3- It's always easy to this village because everyone is friendly . they don't need to call the very often .
- 4- is not allowed at this school and we want all our students to feel safe are not welcome here

5-include / contain /consist /enclose

- Include

يشمل /يتضمن/يضم جزء من كل /تعطى فكرة الاضافه)

- Contain

يحتوى على (بداخل كل الشيء)

- Consist of

يتكون من

- Enclose

ىرفق/ىجىط ب

- 1- your responsibility will include making appointments on my behalf.
 - 2- this essay contain a number of typing errors.
 - 3- our school consists of three buildings.

4- my uncle is enclosed by a high wall.

5-he sent me a letter and <u>enclosed</u> his photo with it.

6-- reason for+n - the reason that/why+ جمله the reason + - جمله +is that.....

- 1- she gave me no **reason for coming** late to the party.
- 2- he gave me no **reason for his failure**.
- 3- I want to know **the reason why** he refused my invitation.
- 4- the reason I like football is that it is a popular.

```
7-make يأتى هذا الفعل فى الجمل بمعنى (يجعل)
صفه + مفعول +make فاعل
+in (مفعول +make فاعل +make فاعل +make فاعل +make فاعل +be) make +to +inf
```

- 1- my son's getting the gold medal made me happy.
- 2- the police made the criminal admit everything.
- 3- the criminal was made to admit everything.

```
personal شئون العاملين personnel شئون العاملين
```

- I am going to tell her anything **personal**.
- For more information about the job , please contact the **personnel** manager.

```
9-connected to متصل (بشیئ یتصل مباشره بشیئ اخر مادی متصل (بشیئ یتصل مباشره بشیئ اخر مادی مرتبط ب/له علاقه ب(معنویا) متصل ب/ یتواصل مع
```

- 1- the printer is connected to the printer.
- 2-Doctors believe that a lot of disease are connected with pollution level.
- 3- Is there a phone number where I can contact you?

10-bully(n)	بلطجي	bully(v)	يبلطج
bully(into	یبتز/یساوم (v)(o	bullying(n)	البلطجة

We called the police to arrest the bullies.

Older children usually bully younger or weaker ones.

The manager bullied me to leave my job.

Bullving is a hig problem in slums

<u>Dunying is a b</u>	15 problem in stams.			
11-cheat (at/in)(v)	يغش	cheat(v)	يخدع/يحتال على/يخون	
cheat(n)	غشاش/نصاب	cheating(n)	غش /نصب	

- He used the mobile to cheat in the test.
- He was arrested as he cheated an old man out of his money.
- Don't trust this cheat.
- Cheating is a crime.
 - address(n) عنوان
 address(n) مباشر
 address(v) عنوان
 address(to)(v) عنوان مطلب رسمیا الی
 - 1- He changed his address.
 - 2- the prime minister's address was clear and direct.
 - 3- He addressed the letter and send it by post.

4- Don't these tourists in France .they are English.

13-noticeboard(n)

bulletin board(n)

لوحه اعلانات (في الانجليزيه البريطانيه) لوحه اعلانات في الانجليزيه الامريكيه)

- 1- You can find companies email on the **noticeboard**.
- 2- You can find companies email on the **bulletin** board.

4- الاسماء المفرده التى تعد يمكن ان تجمع وتسبق بأداه النكرة (a/an)

a car..... cars

a dog..... dogs

an apple....apples

I have just seen <u>a</u> train.

A car costs $\underline{\mathbf{a}}$ lot of money.

The child is playing in the garden.

14- الاسماء المفرده التي لا تعدلا تجمع ولا تسبق بأداة (a/an)

Meat costs much money.

This milk is too hot, I can't drink it.

She bought much rice and wheat from the market.

- Let's have (\underline{some} any) tea .
- Would you like to listen to (**some** any) music .
- Have you seen (some any) person here?
- I don't have (<u>any</u> some) money.
- She has got (some any) friends.

15-هناك بعض الأسماء تعد ولا تعد في نفس الوقت حسب الجملة : 🌉

Countab	le (c) اسم یعد	Uncoun	table (u) اسم لا يعد
a glass	كوب	glass	زجاج
a paper	جريدة	paper	ورق
papers	مستندات		
an ice	أيس كريم	ice	ثلج
an iron	مكواة	iron	حديد
an onion	بصلة	onion	بصل
a coffee	فنجان قهوة	coffee	بن
a tea	_	tea	شای خام
a drink	مشروب	drink	مشرب
a business	شركة	business	عمل
a time	مرة	time	وقت
a light	لمبة	light	ضوء
a hair	شعرة	hair	الشعر عامة
an experience	موقف	experience	خبرة
a food	نوع من الطعام	food	طعام
a drink	نوع من الشراب	drink	شراب
a chicken	فرخة	chicken	لحم فراخ
an orange	برتقالة	orange	لون برتقالي /البرتقال ككل

New OK.

	9-Choose the co	rrect answer:	44		
	1- Would you like .				-
		b) no article	c) no		d) any
	2- Can you make m	ecoffee?			*
	a) any 3- The price of	b) much	c) a		d) several
	3- The price of	has increa	ased.		7 \
		b) an iron		ıron	d) many iron
•	4- I want to buy	light for t	inis room .	.1.	J)
	a) an	b) some	c) muc		d) a
	5- I can't forget				d) a
	6- This job needs	b) an	c) som	e	d) many
,		b) an	chec.	rticlo	d) many
	7- How	Coffees do vou	want	ricie	a) many
		b)much		of	d)a few
	8- How	coffee do vou wa	ant 9two cups	oj .	u)u jew
		b)much		of	d)a few
	9- I saw	in the soup	c)a tot	<i>o</i> j	a)a jew
		b) a little hairs	s c)a few	v hair	d)a hair
	Drill: Guess th				
1- T	he air conditioner c o				()
	he carpenter <mark>joined</mark>			ong glue	()
	oo much coffee can	-			()
4- D	r. Ali has opened hi	s practice , he has	many patients	S	()
	m experiencing a lo				()
6- T	he point of the exer	cise is to learn the	present simpl	e.	()
7- I'd	d like to discuss the	first point in your	essay.		()
8- T	he point of my pend	cil isn't sharp enou	gh		().
9-I l	oved my <mark>stay</mark> in Par	ris very much.			()
10-	What make of the c	ar do you drive?	- It's To	yota.	()
Cho	ose the correc	t answer			
1.	He just took it for	that he w	ould pass the	e exam.	
	graduated b)granted	d)marke	ed
	I'm thinking of stu	_	_	,	
)cool b)call	• •	d)fool		
	A common interes	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		t them	
		ogether c)ga			
					per ground the field
	4. After she scored the winning goal, Jana'scarried her around the field.				
a)referees b)rival c)teammates d)enemies					
5. When you move to a new city, it can be hard tofriends.					
a)create b-do c-invent d-make 6. There isbetween pollution and the death of trees.					
		-			
	-connection b		_	pronunciation	1
7.	Click this button t	oto the	internet.		
a	-conceal b-cor	ntact c-conr	nect d	-collect	
8.	Adel is really	because of al	l the problen	n he's having a	at the moment.
		tressed c-mi		enjoyable	
	-			•	ad decided to get married.
		riend c-frie			8
•			P		

```
10. Janet's been under a lot of ......since her mother's illness
  a-happiness b-pleasure
                                  c-joy
                                            d-stress
11. His addiction has turned him into a ......and a liar/
             b-sheep
                           c-heat
12. Don't take it for .....that other students witll start a conversation.
                               c-qualified d-stated
  a-gifted
                 b-granted
13. On applying for a job, you will need to give your address, and other.....data
                                      c-personal
  a-personality
                       b-personally
                                                        d-persons
14. The coach of the team put the list of players up on the.......
                             c-noticeboard
               b-bread
15. Jenny was so shy that she found it difficult to make .........at school.
  a-bullies
                  b-rivals
                                   c-enemies
                                                   d-friends
16. We.....together researchers from three different universities to work on the project.
                 b-brought
                                      c-fought
                                                  d-taught
  a-bought
17. If you went to a new school, you must find ways to......with other people.
                 b-collect c-neglect
                                            d-respect
18. When I got to the airport, I found I had left my passport...........
                 b-behind
                                  c-ashore
                                               d-alive
  a-ahead
19. You can make new friends if you're nice to other people and start.....with them.
  a-presentation b-preservation
                                    c-conservation d-conversation
20. The island was beautiful, but I felt.....there.
             b-loneliness
                               c-alone
21. Tom tried to make friends to overcome his.....
             b-loneliness
                               c-alone
                                               d-lonely
22. My father gave me some good.....to avoid smoking.
  a-devices
                  b-device
                                   c-advice
                                                     d-advise
23. If you are suffering from...., you may be more likely to become ill.
                         c-press d-pleasure
                b-joy
24. There's still time to a .....before the end of the programme
                      b-coming in c-entrance
                                                   d-phone-in
  a-logging-in
25. She has a ......habit of calling people late at night.
            b-nastv
                         c-nice
                                        d-wonderful
  a-good
26. Moving to a new house is very.....experience.
                b-stressed
                                c-stress d-stressful
27. The .....of the show is famous actor, so all people watch it.
            b-host
                      c-post
                                     d-lost
  a-guest
28. It is not always easy to .....new friends when you move to a new school.
                 b-invent
                                c-make
                                              d-bake
29. You will know people better if you.....time with them at a club.
             b-send
                           c-spend
                                          d-bend
30. It is also a good idea to .....a sport that you like.
  a-advise
                  b-have
                             c-make
                                           d-do
31. You can go ......to find out the scores of today's matches.
  a-guideline s b-underline c-online
                                            d-offline
32. Your teachers can also give.....to help you.
  a-devices
                   b-device
                               c-advise
                                             d-advice
```

1st year sec. New OK. 33. The river is..... mainly by smaller species of fish. d-graduated a-polluted b-populated c-prevented 34. It takes hours ofto learn to play the guitar. c-practical d-practically b-practice 35. We must give students the opportunity to.....their speaking skills. c-refuse d-practice a-object **b-license** 36. We are going to see a movie tonight. Would like tous? **b-move** c-remove a-join d-prove 37. I've been living on my.....for four years now. b-dawn c-own 38. They have the same interests, they seem to get.....with each other. a-alone **b-long** c-a long d-along 39. As.....as I'm concerned, that was the best film of the year. a-far **b**-farther c-high d-long 40. He travelled abroad, leaving the childrenwith their mother. a-between b-along c-behind d-ahead 41. Companies are increasingly making use of social....in order to market their goods. b-made c-mad a-medical d-media 42. I'll send you my email address once I go..... a-offline **b-online** c-underline d-abroad 43. My parents' divorce had a big.....on me. c-effective **b-effect** 44. Neglecting my study was starting to have aeffect on my work. a-preventive **b-inventive** c-positive d-negative 45. We brought.....researches from three different universities to work on the project. a-out c-together d-up 46. Please don't bother me. I'm busy.....my taxes. b-did a-to doing c-to do 47. You've got to......your problems to be able to solve them. **b-neglect** a-avoid c-face d-space 48. India has a of more than one billion. d-revolution a-population **b-pollution** c-solution أدوات النكرة و المعرفة Grammar في اللغة العربية : كي نجعل الاسم معرفة فإتنا نضع الـ و إذا أردنا أن نجعل الاسم نكرة فإننا نحذف الـ . ه /an و إذا أردنا أن نجعل الاسم معرفة فإتنا نضع the و إذا أردنا أن نجعل الاسم نكرة فإتنا نضع a أدو ات نكرة An توضع أمام الاسم المفرد الذي يعد الذي يبدأ بصوت ساكن a توضع أمام الاسم المفرد الذي يعد الذي يبدأ بصوت متحرك an كل الأصوات ساكنة ماعدا $\{a-e-o-u-I\}$ أمثلة: a boy - a girl - a book - a penAn apple – an elephant – an orange – an ice cream = an umbrella. **Fun with English** اؤئي تغنيي كلحك

1st year sec. New OK.

ركز جيدا أننا نتعامل مع أصوات و ليس حروف لذا لاحظ

A one – a European – a university – a use – a uniform – a united – a unique فريد - an hour - an honest..... - an MP -

- He is **an** university student.
- He is just **an** one in a group. " a "

و الآن علينا الإجابة على أربعة أسئلة

1: متى نستخدم أدوات النكرة a - an و ليس the:

قبل الاسم المفرد الذي يعد الذي يذكر للمرة الأولى. I saw ($\underline{\mathbf{a}}$ – the) boy in the street

She is $(\underline{\mathbf{a}} - \text{the})$ doctor

- قبل التحدث عن وظائف الآخرين:--2
- قبل اسم مفرد يعد و قبلة صفة بمعنى :--3

A - an + صفة + an

 \mathbb{Z} I saw (\mathbf{a} – the) beautiful girl.

Egypt carried out a lot of great projects

لان الاسم جمع aلا يجوز وضع

- قبل المركبات العددية للتجزئة مثل:-
- 🖎 A kilo of a dozen of دستة من a bottle of a litter of a pair of a metre of ➣ - a hundred of - a ten of - a piece of - a bar of - a packet of - a bag of
 - \mathbb{Z} Manar got married and gave (\mathbf{a} the) dozen of children.
 - \blacksquare He bought ($\underline{\mathbf{a}}$ the) pair of shoes.
 - $\overline{\mathbf{a}}$ Can you give me ($\underline{\mathbf{a}}$ the) piece of cake
- 🙎 واحد من مجموعة

≥ I met **a** player in AlAhli team .

- 🛭 I went to (a **No article** لا أداة) Cairo .
- $\overline{\mathbb{Z}}$ I was born in (a **No article**) March.

2- قبل الجمع.

Egypt carried out ($a - No \ article$) projects.

3:- السؤال الثالث : متى نستخدم the :-

- 1- أمام الاسم الفريد من نوعه لا يوجد منه اثنين . أو فريد بالنسبة للمتحدثين
- \mathbb{Z} The sun the sky the man the world the capital.
- A: where is your father? B: he is in (the No article) garden.

و يشذ عن ذلك كلمة space

- 2- أمام الاسم الذي يذكر للمرة الثانية في الجملة.
- \mathbb{Z} I saw a boy ,($\underline{\mathbf{the}} \mathbf{a}$) boy was tall .

- 3- أمام أماكن الترفيه و الخدمة
- The restaurant the Cinema the club the theatre.
- \overline{Z} I will eat in (<u>the</u> a) restaurant.
 - اقصد بهذه الجملة في المطعم الذي أتناول فيه دائما الوجبات لذا لاحظ
- لأنني اقصد به النكرة There is ($\underline{\mathbf{a}}$ – the) restaurant next to the bank

4- قبل المختر عات مفر د بصفة عامة و كذلك الاكتشافات.

- The internet the television the femto second
- \mathbb{Z} Bill invented (**the** a) telephone.

و لكن!إذا كنت أتحدث عن الاختراع كجهاز نستخدم a / an مثل :-

 \mathbb{Z} He bought (\mathbf{a} – the) computer.

لأننى اقصد اشتريت جهاز واحد و ليس كل الاختراع . إذا كنت أتحدث عن الاختراع جمع لا تأخذ a - an - the بصفة عامة

- \overline{z} (the a **No article**) computers are vital .
 - بالنسبة لكلمة television إذا كنت أقصد البرامج لا تأخذ شيء أي مُع الفعل watch .
- \mathbb{Z} I watch (the a **No article**) television every day.

5- مع نوع أو فصيلة حيوان و نتحدث عنها ليس كحيوان إنما فصيلة

- $\overline{\mathbb{Z}}$ (the a) lion is a wild animal.
- I saw (a- an −the − no article)lion in the street
 - 6- مع الأماكن المشهورة في البلد و المنظمات.
- The pyramids the sphinx the European union the UNESCO the national bank
 - 7- قبل الآلات الموسيقية بصفة عامة و عادة تسبق بـ play .
- \mathbb{Z} He plays (<u>the</u> a) guitar
- © He bought a lute

a-an فقط واحدة فقط a-an

8- قبل صفات التفضيل est – most صفة

He is (<u>the</u> - No article) most polite boy here. She is (<u>the</u> - No article) best girl here.

- 9۔ قبل ترکیبه کلما کما
- ≥ The more /the ...er the more /the ...er
- The less, the less
- (the No article) more you study the more you get

10-قبل الاسم الذي يعرف برابط وصل

 $(\underline{\mathbf{the}} - \mathbf{a})$ man who I met was tall.

 $(\underline{\mathbf{the}} - \mathbf{a})$ woman who helped me was generous.

ركز في الحتة دي يمكن حذفه فعل + فاعل + رابط وصل

(<u>the</u> – No article) girl I was talking about is my friend's sister.

republic – states – kingdom – Emirates أي مكتوب بها 11-قبل الدول المركبة أي مكتوب بها

> He is from (the – No article) U.S.A

12-قبل تركيبة

He comes from (the - No article) upper Egypt .

13-قبل المحيطات – البحار – الأنهار – القنوات – الصحاري – الواحات

The Atlantic ocean – the Red sea – the Nile – the Suez canal – the Kalahari desert – the

Siwa oasis

14-قبل الجبال - الجزر - البحيرات بشرط أن تكون جمع .

The Alps - the isles - the great lakes.

15-قبل صفة طبقة من طبقات المجتمع التصبح جمع مثل

The oldالشبابthe youngThe richالأغنياءthe poorالفقراء

The talented الموهوبين the gifted

in the morning – in the evening – the same – in the afternoon. قبل تركيبه -16

السؤال الرابع : متى لا نستخدم the

1 قبل الجمع بصفة عامة

(the- No article) people are good and evil (

لأننا نتحدث عن ناس معينة . <u>the</u> – No article) people in my country are polite) ©(

$$^{-}$$
 2-قبل الاسم العلم (مادة در اسية $^{-}$ لغة $^{-}$ شخص فصول السنة $^{-}$ أيام

I like (the - **No article**) English very much .

He speaks (the - **No article**) Spanish .

و لكن لاحظ

(**the** – No article) English man who I met was tall .

The Ragabs – the Belals – the Hindys

أى عائلة هندى / عائلة بلال _ عائلة رجب

3_قبل اسم لا يعد بصفة عامة (مأكل _ مشرب _ مادة خام)

(the - No article) iron is a good conductor of heat .

(the - **No article**) meat is a good meal .

(<u>the</u> – No article) meat in the fridge is fresh .

4- قبل الأنشطة سواء كانت سلبية أم إيجابية

(the - **No article**) smoking is a bad habit .

(the - No article) reading is a good thing.

5- مع الأماكن (school – hospital – prison) → للغرض الذي بنيت من أجله (No article) → the لغرض الزيارة → the

He went to (the - **No article**) school to learn .

He went to ($\underline{\text{the}}$ – No article) school to visit a relative .

I go to (<u>bed</u> – the bed -)early every day _________ركز في الجملة

6- قبل الألعاب الرياضة

(the - **No article**) football is my favourite hobby

7- قبل أسماء القارات – الدول – و المدن – البلاد و العزب كمان

Africa – Egypt – Paris . ماعدا السابقة the Sudan – the Congho – the Netherlands و لكن يشذ

8- قبل تركيبة Eastern – Southern – Northern

9- قبل ألقاب الأشخاص

Professor Zeweil = Zeweil the professor * President Obama = Obama the president.



a - an - the قبل أسماء الوجبات بصفة عامة لا تأخذ

I have (the – <u>No article</u>) lunch early every day

I had <u>a lunch</u> with him one day.

I had <u>a lunch</u> with him one day.

نتحدث عن وجبة محددة بزمن او رابط وصل

(the – No article) lunch which I had with her was good.

11- قبل الأسماء المجردة " الأسماء المعنوية "

(Honesty – democracy – beauty – happiness – sadness)

و اكننا نقول ← The beauty of the country / the honesty of the chairman ← و الكننا نقول

Exercises on Grammar:

- 1- My father is.....doctor.
 - a-the b-no article c-a d-an
- 2- In fact, he's one of the.....best doctors in our town.
 - a-the b-no article c-a d-an
- 3-town which I was born in is Ashmoun.
 - a-the b-no article c-a d-ar
- 4- You shouldn't look at.....sun. it can damage your eyes.
 - a-the b-no article c-a d-an
- 5- Yesterday I found.....mobile phone in the road.
 - a-the b-no article c-a d-ar
- 6-Nile is the longest river in the world.
- a-the b-no article c-a d-ar
- 7- We live in.....old house near to sea Nile.
- a-the b-no article c-a d-an
- 8- When I leave school, I want to be.....tourist guide/
 - a-the b-no article c-a d-an
- 9-mobile phone was invented in 1973.
 - a-the b-no article c-a d-an
- 10- Who is.....headmaster of this school, please?
- a-the b-no article c-a d-an
- - a-the b-no article c-a d-an
- 12- We are spending our holiday in.....Britain this summer.
 - a-the b-no article c-a d-an
- 13- My father plays.....tennis every Sunday morning.
 - a-the b-no article c-a d-an
- 14- Few people have been to......Himalayas.
 - a-the b-no article c-a d-an
- 15- Visitor: Where's the office, please? Girl: It's on.....fifth floor.
 - a-the b-no article c-a d-an

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16- Will you pick up.....book on floor?
                b-no article
                                 c-a
    a-the
                                            d-an
17- My brother is............fastest swimmer in our school.
                b-no article
    a-the
                                 c-a
18- On our trip to Spain, we crossed......Atlantic Ocean.
    a-the
                b-no article
                                 c-a
                                            d-an
19- When I was at school, I loved............Mathematics.
   a-the
                b-no article
                                c-a
                                            d-an
20- .....apples are good for you.
                b-no article
                                 c-a
                                            d-an
21- Look at.....apples on that tree.
   a-the
                b-no article
                                            d-an
22- We had dinner at.....most expensive restaurant in town.
                b-no article
                                            d-an
23- This ring is made of.....gold.
    a-the
                b-no article
                                 c-a
                                            d-an
24- My father works for.....international company.
    a-the
                b-no article
                                 c-a
                                            d-an
25- Mr Ali is .....accountant in a big company.
    a-the
                b-no article
                                 c-a
                                            d-an
26- .....wood is used for making furniture.
                b-no article
                                 c-a
                                            d-an
27- Eman gave me a book and a novel, but I only read.....novel.
    a-the
                b-no article
                                            d-an
28- Hadeer likes playing.....guitar.
                b-no article
    a-the
                                 c-a
                                            d-an
29- Nada's hobby is playing.....basketball.
    a-the
                b-no article
                                 c-a
                                            d-an
30- This man works for eight hours......day.
                                            d-an
                b-no article
                                 c-a
31- We've got.....furniture, but we still need a table.
                b-no article
                                            d-an
32- Can I have.....more juice, please?
                b-no article
                                c-a
                                            d-an
33- He doesn't have any pens, but he has.....pencil.
                                 c-a
    a-the
                b-no article
                                            d-an
34- Our teacher didn't give us.....homework yesterday.
                b-no article
                                c-a
                                            d-an
35- A: Would you lend me......money please? B: Sorry. I don't have ......
    a-some
                 b-any
                                        d-an
                            c-a
36- My brother wants to buy.....new shoes.
                b-no article
    a-the
                                 c-a
                                            d-an
37- Excuse me, I need.....information about the flight to Boaton
    a-the
                b-no article
                                            d-an
                                 c-a
38- Mr. Smith has.....questions that he wants to ask you.
                b-no article
    a-the
                                 c-a
39- Can you tell me how to get to.....cinema from here?
                b-no article
                                 c-a
40- I moved to ......USA when I was 15 years old.
                b-no article
    a-the
                                 c-a
                                            d-an
```

Chapter 4

	<u> Ciia</u> p	CCI I	
hear (heard)	يسمع	expect	يتوقع
quietly	بهدوء	continue	يستمر
climb out of	يقفز من	go back	يعود
barrel	برميل	attack	يهجم / هجوم
join	ينضم الى / يلحق ب	immediately	يهجم / هجوم في الحال
sailors	بحارة	thought	فكرة
at the side of	على جانب من	count	يعد / يحسب
surprised	مندهش	rocky tops	قمم صخرية
crew	طاقم السفينة	shore	شاطئ
hills	בוצ ט	smell	یشم / رائحة
close to	قريب من	diseases	امراض
map	خريطة	mutiny	يتمرد / تمرد
taketo	يأخذالي	mutineer	متمرد
excited to+ inf.	متحمس أن	as usual	كالعادة
point to	یشیر الی	perhaps	ريما
frightened of	مرعوب من	plan	خطة / يخطط
trust	يثق / ثقة	fight	يتشاجر / مشاجرة
speak to	يتحدث الى	decide to	يقرر ان
terrible	فظيع	relax	يستريح
news	اخبار (اسم لا يعد)	gun	بندقية
express	يعبر عن	organise	ينظم
expression	تعبير	realise	يدرك
change	يغير / تغيير	make a mistake	يرتكب خطأ
glasses	نظارة	nearly	تقريبا
downstairs	الطابق الاسفل	hold(held) onto	يمسك في
walk off	يخرج	branch	فرع
wrong	مخطئ		يقفز من على
right	على حق	pretty	جميلة
whistle	صفارة	a cloud of birds	سحابة طيور كثيرة
forever	للابد	follow	يتتبع / يتبع
crutch	عكاز	killwith	يقتلب
hit	يضرب	knife	سكينة

Treasure Island Chapter 4

I heard people running to look at the island, and I quietly climbed out of the barrel. I then walked up to join the sailors at the side of the ship. We could see two low hills and one big one. The island was now very close.

سمعت أشخاصاً يجرون لكى ينظروا إلى الجزيرة ، وخرجت بهدوء من البرميل. مشيت بعد ذلك لكي انضم الى البحارة على جانب السفينة. استطعنا أن نرى اثنين من التلال المنخفضة وواحد كبير. كانت اليابسة الآن قريبة جدا.

"I've been here before," said Silver. "I know where the ship should stop." "I have a map here," said Captain Smollett. "Can you take us to that place?"

قال سيلفر: "لقد كنت هنا من قبل". "أعرف أين يجب أن تتوقف السفينة". قال الكابتن سموليت: " انا لدى خريطة هنا". "هل يمكنك أن تأخذنا إلى هذا المكان؟"

I saw that Silver was excited to take the map, but it was not the one with the treasure marked on it. "Yes, I can see it. You must go here," he said, pointing to a place on the map.

رأيت أن Silver كان متحمسًا لأخذ الخريطة ، لكنها لم تكن هي التي تحمل الكنز عليها. "نعم ، أستطيع أن أرى ذلك. وقال "يجب أن تذهب هنا" ، مشيرًا إلى مكان على الخريطة.

Then he turned to me and said, "You'll love this island. You can swim and climb trees and walk up the hills!" I smiled at Silver, but inside I was very frightened of him now. I could not trust anything that he said.

ثم التفت إلي وقال: "ستحب هذه الجزيرة. يمكنك السباحة وتسلق الأشجار والمشي فوق التلال"! التسمت لسيلفر ، لكن من داخلي كنت خائفًا منه الآن. لم أستطع ان اثق بأي شيء قاله.

I soon found Dr Livesy and quietly said to him, "I must speak to you, Captain Smollett and Mr Trelawney. I have some terrible news."

Dr Livesy's expression did not change. He asked me to find his glasses downstairs and walked off to talk to Mr Trelawney and Smollett. I waited downstairs and soon the three men joined me.

سر عان ما وجدت الدكتور لايفسي وقلت له بهدوء ، "يجب أن أتحدث إليكما يا كابتن سموليت ومستر تريلاوني. لدى بعض الأخبار الرهيبة" .

تعبير الدكتور لأيفسي لم يتغير. طلب مني أن أجد نظارته في الطابق السفلي ومشى للتحدث إلى السيد تريلاوني وسموليت. انتظرت في الطابق السفلي وسرعان ما انضم إليّ الرجال الثلاثة.

"What do you want to tell us?" asked Mr Trelawney. I told them everything that I had heard in the barrel. When I finished talking, they thanked me.

"ماذا تريد أن تخبرنا؟" سأل السيد تريلاوني.قلت لهم كل ما سمعته في البرميل. عندما انتهيت من الحديث، شكروا لي

"Captain," said Mr Trelawney. "You were right and I was wrong. What shall we do?" قال السيد تريلاوني "الكابتن". "لقد كنت على حق وكنت مخطئًا. ماذا يجب ان نفعل؟"

"I'm surprised too," said Captain Smollett. "They have worked hard and been a better crew than I expected. Now we must continue. We can't go back, or they might attack us immediately. I don't think that they will attack us until we find the treasure. Long Adel Silver did not find all of this crew, so some of the men are good men. We must wait, watch and attack them when they don't expect it."

قال الكابتن سموليت: "أنا مندهش أيضًا". لقد عملوا بجد وكانوا طاقمًا أفضل مما كنت أتوقع. الآن يجب أن نستمر. لا يمكننا العودة ، والا سوف يهاجموننا على الفور. لا اعتقد أنهم سوف يهاجموننا حتى نجد الكنز. لم يجد جون سيلفر كل هذا الطاقم ، لذلك بعض الرجال هم رجال طيبون. يجب أن ننتظرهم ونراقبهم ونهاجمهم عندما لا يتوقعون ذلك".

"Jim can help us," said Dr Livesy. "The men all trust him. He can listen and find out who we can trust."

"يمكن أن يساعدنا جيم" ، قال الدكتور لايفسي. "الرجال يثقون به جميعًا. يمكنه الاستماع ومعرفة من يمكننا الوثوق به."

اؤهي نغنيي طمك Fun with English

I did not like this thought. I counted the men that Silver did not find for the crew. There were seven from a crew of nineteen, and I was one of them.

```
لم يعجبني هذا الفكر. لقد عددت الرجال الذين لم يجدهم سيلفر للطاقم. كانوا سبعة من طاقم مكون من تسعة عشر ، وكنت أحدهم.
```

The next morning, the Hispaniola stopped close to the island. There were many trees, and above the trees I saw the rocky tops of the hills. Silver helped Captain Smollett to sail the boat closer to the shore. It was very hot and very quiet. It smelled like bad eggs. "This place is only good for diseases," said Silver.

```
في صباح اليوم التالي، توقف هيسبانيولا بالقرب من الجزيرة. كان هناك العديد من الأشجار، وفوق الأشجار رأيت قمم الصخور للتلال. ساعد سيلفر الكابتن سموليت على الإبحار في القارب أقرب إلى الشاطئ. كان الجوحارا جدا وهادئا للغاية. كانت رائحتها مثل البيض السيئة. قال سيلفر "هذا المكان جيد فقط للأمراض."
```

The crew worked hard on our journey to the island, but now they did not seem to want to work. I remembered Dr Livesy talking about a mutiny. Perhaps it was near. Only Silver worked as hard as usual. Later, Captain Smollett told us that he had a plan.

```
لقد عمل الطاقم بجد في رحلتنا إلى الجزيرة ، لكن الآن يبدو أنهم لا يريدون العمل. تذكرت الدكتور لايفسي يتحدث عن تمرد. ربما كان قريب. فقط سيلفر كان يعمل بجد كالمعتاد. بعد ذلك كابتن سموليت اخبرنا أن لديه خطة.
```

"Let's ask the men if they'd like to spend the afternoon on the island. If they go, we can take the ship. If they don't go, we know we need to fight them for the ship."
"هيا نسأل الرجال عما إذا كانوا يرغبون في قضاء فترة ما بعد الظهر في الجزيرة. إذا ذهبوا ، يمكننا أن نأخذ السفينة. إذا لم يذهبوا ، فنحن نعلم أننا بحاجة إلى قتالهم من أجل السفينة."

Mr Trelawney agreed. We decided to tell all the men we could trust about our plan and gave them all guns. Captain Smollett then told the crew that they could all have the afternoon on the island to relax, if they wanted to.

وافق السيد تريلاوني. قررنا إخبار جميع الرجال الذين يمكن أن نثق بهم بخطتنا وأعطيناهم جميعا أسلحة. ثم أخبر الكابتن سموليت الطاقم أنه يمكنهم جميعًا قضاء فترة بعد الظهر في الجزيرة للاسترخاء ، إذا أرادوا ذلك.

"When you hear a gun at the end of the day, it'll be time to come back," he said. All the crew suddenly looked happy and they all agreed to go. Perhaps they thought that they could find the treasure immediately.

وقال "عندما تسمعوا صوت بندقية في نهاية اليوم ، فسوف يكون هذا وقت العودة."
فجأة بدا جميع أفراد الطاقم سعداء ووافقوا جميعًا ان يغادروا. ربما اعتقدوا أنهم يمكنهم العثور على الكنز فورا.
Captain Smollett asked Silver to organise the men. Six men would stay on the
Hispaniola and thirteen would take the small boats to the shore. I realised that there
were six of Silver's men on the ship. The men in our group would not be able to take
the ship, so I decided I would go with Silver onto the island. I got on one of the boats
quietly, but Silver saw me. Had I made a big mistake?

طلب كابتن سموليت من سيلفر ان ينظم الرجال. سيبقى ستة رجال على سفينة هيسبانيولا ويأخذ ثلاثة عشر القوارب الصغيرة إلى الشاطئ. أدركت أن هناك ستة من رجال سيلفر على متن السفينة. لن يتمكن الرجال في مجموعتنا من أخذ السفينة ، لذلك قررت أن أذهب مع سيلفر إلى الجزيرة. ركبت أحد القوارب بهدوء ، لكن سيلفر رآني. هل ارتكبت خطأً كبيراً؟

The boat I was in was fast, and we were nearly on the beach first when I held onto the branch of a tree and jumped out of the boat. I heard someone calling me, but I did not listen and began to run as fast as I could.

Fun with English

New OK. 1st year sec.

كان القارب الذي كنت فيه سريعًا ، وعندما كنا على الشاطئ تقريبًا أمسكت بفرع شجرة وقفزت من القارب. سمعت شخصًا ينادى على ، لكننى لم أستمع وبدأت أجري بأسرع ما يمكن.

When I stopped, I felt happy. Silver did not know where I was. This part of the island was open, with just a few trees. I could see the hills in front of me. As I walked, I saw pretty flowers, snakes and small birds.

```
عندما توقفت ، شعرت بالسعادة. لم عرف سيلفر أين كنت. كان هذا الجزء من الجزيرة مفتوحًا ، مع بعض الأشجار. استطعت رؤية التلال أمامي. بينما كنت أمشى ، رأيت أزهاراً وتعابين وطيور صغيرة جميلة.
```

Suddenly a cloud of birds flew into the sky and knew that something was coming towards me. I was correct, because I then heard people talking. I decided to hide behind some trees.

```
فجأة حلقت مجموعة من الطيور في السماء وعرفت أن هناك شيئًا ما قادم نحوي. كنت على صواب ، لأنني سمعت الناس يتحدثون. قررت الاختباء وراء بعض الأشجار.
```

I realised that one of the people was Silver, but I could not hear what he was saying. Soon the birds returned, and I knew that the men had gone. I told myself that it was my job to find out what these men were planning to do. So I decided to follow them, without them seeing me. After a few minutes, I saw Silver and another sailor talking near a beach.

```
أدركت أن أحد الأشخاص كان سيلفر ، لكنني لم أسمع ما كان يقوله. سرعان ما عادت الطيور ، وكنت أعرف أن الرجال قد ذهبوا. قلت لنفسي إن وظيفتي هي معرفة ما كان يخطط هؤلاء الرجال للقيام به. لذلك قررت اتباعهم دون أن يروني. بعد بضع دقائق ، رأيت سيلفر وبحارًا آخر يتحدث بالقرب من الشاطئ.
```

"I want you to join us, Tom, because I know you're a good sailor. I'm telling you this to save you!" said Silver. "Silver," Tom replied, "you're a good man and you shouldn't work with these pirates. I'd prefer to lose my hand than work with them!"

```
"أريدك أن تنضم إلينا ، توم ، لأنني أعلم أنك بحار جيد. قال سيلفر "أنا أقول لك هذا لانقذك"! أجاب توم: "فضي" ، فأنت رجل طيب ويجب ألا تعمل مع هؤلاء القراصنة. أنا أفضل أن أفقد يدي من العمل معهم"!!
```

I knew then that here was a man that we could trust. Then came news of another. I suddenly heard a terrible shout, then all was quiet.

"What was that?" asked Tom.

```
كنت أعرف حينئذ أنه هنا رجل يمكننا الوثوق به. ثم جاء خبر آخر. سمعت فجأة صراحًا رهيبًا ، ثم كان كل شيء هادئًا.
```

"ماذا كان ذلك؟" سأل توم.

Silver smiled and said "That? Oh, I think that was Alan."

"Alan!" cried Tom. "He's a good man. If your men have hurt him, then you are no friend of mine. I won't help you!"

```
ابتسم سيلفر وقال "هذا؟ أوه ، أعتقد أنه كان آلان." الناست صديقًا لى. لن أساعدك"! الآلان!" صاح توم. "إنه رجل صالح. إذا أذوه رجالك ، فأنت لست صديقًا لى. لن أساعدك"!
```

Tom began to walk away from Silver along the beach. Silver suddenly threw his crutch at Tom, and it hit him hard on the back. He fell to the ground, and before he could stand again, Silver killed him with a knife.

بدأ توم بالسير بعيدا عن الفضة على طول الشاطئ. ألقى الفضة فجأة عكازه على توم ، وضربه بشدة على ظهره. سقط على الأرض ، وقبل أن يتمكن من الوقوف مرة أخرى ، قتله سيلفر بسكين.

Silver now blew a whistle and I knew that more of his men would soon arrive on the beach. I was very frightened. I walked quietly back into the trees, then ran as quickly as I could.

```
اطلق سيلفر الآن صافرة وكنت أعرف أن المزيد من رجاله سيصلون قريباً إلى الشاطئ. كنت خانفا جدا. مشيت بهدوء خلف الأشجار ، ثم جريت بأسرع ما يمكن.
```

As I ran, I began to think. What could I do now? When we heard Captain Smollett's gun, could I go back to the beach to be with these men? If I did, I knew that they would kill me. I would have to stay on the island forever.

```
أثناء الجرى ، بدأت أفكر. ماذا يمكنني أن أفعل الآن؟ عندما سمعنا سلاح الكابتن سموليت ، هل استطيع ان اعود إلى الشاطئ لأكون مع هؤلاء الرجال؟ لو فعلت ، كنت أعرف أنهم سيقتلونني. سأضطر أن أبقى في الجزيرة إلى الأبد.
```

Exercise on Chapter (4)

1-When the car hit the man, he gave a loud.....

```
(smile – smell – laugh – shout)
```

2-The refree الحكم blew his.....and ended the match.

```
(ball - flag - whistle - shirt)
```

3-To.....is to believe that someone is honest or will not do anything bad or wrong.

```
(blow - doubt - trust - lie)
```

4-A.....is a part of a tree that grows out from the trunk الجذع and that has leaves and fruit growing from it.

```
(root - seed - branch - leaf)
```

5-A/An....is an illness which affects a person, animal or plant.

```
(fight – expression – branch – disease)
```

6-To...... is to rest or do something that is enjoyable. Especially after you have been working. (mark – relax – fight – mutiny)

7-My brother works in Al Ahly national bank, Minia..........He is an accountant.

```
(Trunk - Bark - Branch - Seed)
```

8-The students will be very......if I reward them for their great efforts.

```
(sorry – useless – sad – surprised)
```

9-Ali is one of my best friends. Ihim completely. تماما

```
(doubt – trust – realise – suspect)
```

10-The government must continue the.....against corruption.

```
(right - light - fight - tight)
```

11-After the goal, the referee......and the game was over.

```
(cried – shouted – clapped –whistled)
```

12-I have a.....to be a doctor when I grow up.

```
(plane – plan – plain – plant)
```

1st year sec.

Unit 5

communication

communication		connected	متصل	phishing	النصب الالكتروني
communicate		connect	يتصل-يربط	phisher	المحتال
technology(n		connection	صلة- ارتباط		يحتال- احتيال-نصب
technological		connective	رابط -ضام	scammer	محتال - نصاب
smart phone(هواتف زكيه (n	the internet	الإنترنت	scamming	احتيال -نصب
hack(v)	يقتحم حاسوب لسرقه معلوه	app (applicati		personal detai	تفاصیل شخصیه 1s
hacked(adj)	مقرصن	security	الامن- الحمايه	password	كلمه المرور
hacker(n)	قرصان حاسوب	secure	آمن- منيع	lock	يغلق- يقفل
uploading(n)	تحميل للانترنت	locked	مغلق- مقفول	hacking(n)	قرصنه الكترونيه
upload	يحمل	embarrassing	حرج- محرج	hackery (n)	الاختراق الحاسوبي
cyber bullying		bank account	حساب بنکی	download(v)	يحمل- ينزل
Cyber bully	متنمر عبر الانترنت	realize	يدرك	downloading(n	تحمیل- تنزیل (
websites	مواقع الكترونيه	anti-virus	برمجيات مضاده	click(v)	ينقر نقره خفيفه
		software	للقيروسات		
furious	غاضب	fight		link(n-v)	رابط-يربط
crazy	مجنون	social media	حسابات وسائل	malware(n)	برمجيات خبيثه-
		accounts	التواصل الاجتماعي		برامج ضارة
spade	مجرفه- معزقه	property	بشكل مناسب	posting	رفع الصور على
				photos(n)	الأنترنت
leader	قائد - زعيم	comment	تعليق-يعلق	scary	مرعب
satnav	نظام الملاحه الفضائي	posts	منشورات	imagine	يتخيل
flexible	مرن	horrible	فظیع- مریع	enough	كاف
advert	اعلان	teenager	مراهق	businesses	شركات
form	استمارة	rude	وقح	power station	محطة طاقة
excited	متشوق	bully	يتنمر- يبلطج	cause	سبب
employer	موظف	google	يبحث على جوجل	security	أمن
no longer	لم يعد	machine	آلة	hospitals	مستشفيات
		experts		illegally	بشكل غير قانونى
develop		believe	يصدق- يعتقد	devices	اجهزة
developed	متقدم	heating	حرارة	recognize	يدرك يتعرف على
developing	نامی	bins	صناديق	comments	تعليقات
under develop	متخلف و	driverless car	سيارة بلا سائق	collect	يجمع
control	يحكم - يتحكم	link	يربط-رابط	petrol	بنزین
lighting	انارة	advert	اعلان	roads	طرق
(be) able to	قادر على	electric	کهربی	criminals	مجرمون
empty	فارغ-يفرغ	safe	آمن	organizations	منظمات
worldwide	في كُل انحاء العالم	system	نظام	major	هائل - كبير
laptop	-لاب توب	Particular •	خاص ۔ معین	remove	يزيل-يحذف
Flights	رحلات طيران	Safety	امان سلامه	Document	وثيقه-مستند
science	علم	recent	حدیث-جدید	Museum	متحف
survey	دراسه مطالعه	Theatre	مسرح	Trick	يخدع
Possibility	امكانيه-احتمال	dishonest	غير امين-خائن		
T .					

Definitions

a software that removes unwanted programs from a computer.		
a computer programme is designed to perform / do specific functions.		
to press a button on a computer mouse in order to choose something from the screen that you want the computer to do.		
a system to send and recieve information		
·		
when more then one thing is linked or joined.		
Sending messages online to worry or frighten someone.		
Putting software from the internet that will damage it.		
A worldwide computer network.		
When a computer system is broken into illegally.		
A place in an electric document that take you to another page or website.		
What you can do to stop another people using your phone or social media		
account.		
Trying to trick a person into giving information over the internet to take		
money from them.		
A dishonest plan to steal money.		
Protection of a place or a person		
A device that can connect to the internet		
The use of science to create devices for everyday use.		
Copying information such as your address and phone number to the		
internet.		

Collections					
	اتحقق من التوجيه بالقمر الصناعي	look	heavy		
	يخطئ	look	like		
	يحصل على مال	look	right		

		ي			
do	wrong	يخطئ	look	like	یبدو کأنه/ یشبه
get	money	يحصل علي مال	look	right	يبدو علي ما يرام
give	personal details	يعطي تفاصيل شخصيه	stay	safe	يبقي بأمان
give	a presentation	يقوم بعرض تقديمي	study	online	يدرس عبر الانترنت
go	online	يدخل علي الانترنت	take	photos	يلتقط الصور
make	a decision	يتخذ قرار	win	a prize	يفوز بجائزه
make	life better	تجعل الحياه افضل	write	a blog	یکتب منشور فی مدونه

Synonyms

advert	اعلان	advertisement / ad		
app	تطبيق	application		
book	يحجز	reserve		
malware	برمجيات خبيثة	malicious software		
recent	حديث	new/ modern/ late		
satnav	الملاحه بالقمر الصناعي	satellite navigation		
scam	احتیال - غش	fraud / trick		

Antonyms

advantages	مزایا	disadvantages	عيوب- مساوئ
	صحيح	incorrect	غير صحيح

check

my satnav

تبدو ثقيلة

1st year sec. New OK.

download	تنزيل- يحمل من الانترنت	upload	الرفع- يرفع علي الانترنت
honest	امین	dishonest	غير امين-مخادع – يفتح
lock	قفل	unlock	يفتح
major	كبير -هام – رئيسي	minor- little – unimportant	صغیر۔ غیر ہام
online	متصل بالأنترنت – علي الانترنت	offline	غير متصل بالأنترنت
security	الامن	danger- insecurity	الخطر – انعدام الامان
send	يرسل	receive	يستقبل
similar	متشابه	different	مختلف

مقاطع بادئة Prefixes

	<u></u>				
anti-	ضد	anti-virus	مكافح الفيروسات		
		antibiotic	مضاد حيوي		
cyber-	متعلق بالحواسيب	cyber bullying	التنمر الالكتروني		
	وتكنولوجيا المعلومات	cyber-crime	الجريمة الالكترونية		
dis-	تكون العكس	dishonest	غیر امین-مخادع		
down-	اسفل	downstairs	بالطابق الاسفل		
down-	من الانترنت	download	تنزيل – يحمل من الانترنت		
mal-	سئ – خبيث- مصاب	malware	البرمجيات الخبيثة		
self-	الذات – ذاتي	self-management	إدارة الذات		
up-	اعلي	upstairs	بالطابق العلوي		
up-	الى الانترنت	upload	الرفع على الانترنت		

مقاطع ناهية Suffixes

-ing	تكون اسم/ صفة	Cyberbullying (n)	التنمر الالكتروني
		Embarrassing (adj)	محرج
-ise / -ize	تكون فعل	Summarise / summarize	يلخص
-ive	تكون صفة	Creative	مبدع ــ خلاق
-ment	تكون اسم	Management	إدارة
-ology/ -logy	تكون اسم له علاقة	Technology	التكنولوجيا
	بالعلم او التكنولوجيا		

Language Notes

- click (n)

نقره ـ صوت طقطقه

- -With a single click on the mouse, you can get the information you need.
- -The door shuts with a click.

لاحظ التعبيرات الاتية:

-at the click of the mouse

بسرعه جدا / في غمضه عين يحدث صوت تكة عند القفل

-shut/ close - with a click

ينقر ـ يحدث صوت طقطقه

-click (on) (v)

-I clicked on the link but it did not open.

communicate (with) (v)

يتواصل _ يتصل

-People from all over the world communicate with each other using emails.

communicate ... to

يبلغا / ينقلالى

-The manager communicated the decisions to the secretary by email.

communicate (to) (v)

يعدى / ينقل مرض

-His flu communicated to all his friends.

communication

اتصال/ تواصل – القدره على التواصل

-Ayman's good communication makes him successful. لاحظ التعبيرات التاليه: یکون علی تواصل مع —be in communication with a means of communication وسيله اتصال او تواصل انعدام التو اصل -a lack of communication -poor communication علاقة او تواصل ضعيف اتصال مباشر -direct communication يقيم علاقات مع -establish communication with مهار ات التو أصل -communication skills *كلمة (communications) تعنى وسائل التواصل مثل الانترنت والراديو والتليفزيون وكذلك الطرق والسكك الحديدية وبهذا المعنى فهى جمع دائما: -Modern communications help us learn and work from home. يرفع ملف على الانترنت (upload (v** ينزل ملف من على الانترنت (download (v)* بنك المعرفه المصري . Sama downloaded some educational videos from EXB--He has uploaded some files on Google Drive. ملف مرفوع على الانترنت (upload (n ملف منزل من على الانترنت (download (n -I keep the downloads in a folder called (Internet files). -Some websites pay you money for your uploads. الرفع علي الانترنت (uploading (n التنزيل من الانترنت (downloading (n -Downloading files from the internet takes time than uploading them. لاحظ التعبيرات التاليه: ينزل من download ...from-ينزل الى download to / onto-يرفع على upload....to-يخترق /يقرصن (يحاول سرا الوصول الى او تغيير المعلومات على اجهزه الغير -hack (into) (v) -She was able to hack the password. عمليه اختراق اجهزه الكمبيوتر (تهكير) -hack / hacking (n) -You need to protect your laptop against hack. سیاسی مغمور / کاتب غیر محترف hack (n) -The meeting was full of hacks. قرصان (هاکر) -hacker (n) -I don't know how the hacker could get into the system. link (v) يربط يوصل -Friendship links Mr Nasser and me. -This road links Cairo to Alexandria. link.....to/with(v)بربطب -Friendship links me to / with Mr Nasser. ير بط معا link.....together (v) Friendship links Mr Nasser and me together. رابط/ علاقه بين....و.... link /linkage (between....and.....) (n) -Friendship is the link between Mr Nasser and me. رابط (لصفحه او موقع على الانترنت) link (n) -I will send you the link of my blog. كلمه السر _ كلمه المرور password (n) -You need to enter your password to check your email. محمي باستخدام كلمه المرور password – protected (n) -All the data on the central computer are password-protected. **Fun with English**

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اؤئي تغنيي كلحك

بقفل _ بنقفل lock (v) -I locked the front door. – the front door is locked. be locked in / into -The player was locked into a three- year contract. lock In..... يحبس في The policeman locked the criminals in a cell. يحجز خارج lockout -I am locked out because I have lost my keys. lock + subject+ up/ away يسجن.... -the policeman locked the criminals up. -the policeman locked up the criminals. lock+ شيئ + up/ away يضعفي مكان آمن -my mother locks up/ away her jewellery in the safe. =My mother locks her jewellery up/ away in the safe. القفل lock (n) -In hotels, there is a lock on each door. مقفول locked (adj) -You can't enter the office. The door is locked. الاحتيال او النصب الالكتروني (خداع الناس للاستيلاء على اموالهم) phishing (n) -He was arrested for phishing. نصاب /محتال عبر الانترنت phisher (n) -He was arrested because he was a phisher. عملیه نصب او احتیال / غش scam (n) -There was no flat for sale. It was just a scam. ينصب على _ يغش scam (med) (v) -It is easy for evil people to scam simple people. نصاب _ محال _ غشاش Don't believe scammer (n) him. He is a scammer. secure (d) (v) يحمى _ يؤمن -The police secure citizens and their property. يضمن (يستخدم شئ كضمان) secure (d) (v) -He used his farm to secure the loan. فی خطر / غیر محمی insecure آمن – محمی secure (adj) -Your money is secure in the bank. security (n) التأمين – التأمين insecurity انعدام الامن -The security forces protected the building. برنامج حاسوبی (کلمه لا تعد) software (n) -I downloaded the new software. لاحظ التعبيرات والمتلازمات اللفظية التاليه: برنامج مكافح للفيروسات anti-virus software يثبت برنامج مكافح -a piece of software برنامج نصب/ احتيال (للاستيلاء على اموال الغير) -The police has warned people about internet and phone scam. رسائل البريد الالكتروني التي تحتوي على اعلانات غير مرغوب فيها spam -I don't know how to delete all the spam

1st year sec. New OK.

التكنولوجيا (الآلات والمعدات والاساليب التي تعتمد على التطور العلمي والحاسوبي (n)

-Modern technology has made life easy.

لاحظ التعبيرات والمتلازمات اللفظيه التاليه:

information technology (IT)

advanced technology digital technology

advances/ developments in technology

التكنولوجيا الرقميه التطور التكنو لوجي اخصائي /خبير تكنولوجيا technologist (n)

-In our school, Mr Mohamed Omar is a real technologist.

-Life has become تكنولوجيا - متعلق بالتكنولوجيا technological (adj)

faster thanks to technological development

advertisement / advert / ad

إعلان (كلمه عامه)

تكنو لوجبا المعلو مات

التكنولوجيا المتطوره

-Don't believe adverts. Ask people who have already bought the products. إعلان (في التلفزيون / الراديو) commercial

-This actress started in commercials.

trailer

إعلان عن فيلم

-This web page is full of trailers.

promotion

حملة دعائية (للترويج لمنتج معين)

-The company spent 2 million dollars on promotions for the new product.

announcement

إعلان/تنبيه (نشر تنبيهات _ تعليمات _ تحذيرات _ قرارات)

-We are waiting for the announcement about the decisions.

virus

فيروس (كائن دقيق يسبب المرض)

-He is infected with AIDS virus.

virus

فيروس إلكتروني (يسبب ضرر للاجهزة الحاسوبية)

-A virus has destroyed the data on my tablet.

anti-virus

مكافح فيروسات (برنامج لإزالة البرامج الضارة)

-Don't trust a free anti-virus.

البرمجيات الخبيثة (برنامج يقوم بتدمير واتلاف اجهزة الحاسب والهواتف الذكية) malware

-A malware is a malicious software

قرصان انترنت (شخص يخترق خصوصية اجهزة الكمبيوتر والبرامج الخاصة بالاخرين) hacker

-A hacker has deleted the data from the central computer.

app = application

تطبيق (برنامج يقوم بعمل معين على الكمبيوتر او الهاتف) Google play is-

full of free apps/ applications.

application

طلب التحاق (بنادب او جامعة او وظيفةالخ)

-To join this club, fill in this application form.

communicate

يتصل / يتواصل (عن طريق اللقاء / التلفزيون/ الرسائل) I usually-

communicate with my friends by phone.

يتصل بـ/ يتواصل مع (عن طريق التلفزيون - الرسائل) لطلب او اعطاء معلومة contact

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-When I saw the smoke, I contacted the fire brigade.

security

الامن / التأمين (يتعلق بحماية الاشخاص والممتلكات)

-The match was postponed for security reasons.

اؤئي تغنيي كلحك

Fun with English

1st year sec. New OK. الامان (عدم الخوف وعدم وجود خطر) safety -The airline is taking steps to ensure safety on its aircraft. برنامج حاسوبي (يؤدي غرض معين على الكمبيوتر او الهاتف الذكي) software -I bought this antivirus software. مكونات / اجزاء/ ادوات (الحاسب او غيره) hardware -I need some kitchen hardware. کهربی (تصف کل شئ یعمل او ینتج کهرباء) electric / guitar / generator / shock نیار wires نیار light / current -She has bought an **electric** piano. كهربي (تصف كل من يعمل في الكهرباء او له علاقة بالكهرباء) electrical electrical appliances / equipment / power / storm -Hassan works as an **electrical** engineer. **Exercises on vocabulary** (1) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d: 1. Communication is no longer about people talking to one **b** – other c – others 2. Speech is the fastest method ofbetween people. a – communication **b** – communicative c – connection d – communicate 3.stands for the internet of things. a - SOSb - USAc - IOTd - UN4.believe that everyone will be connected to IOT in a few years **b** – **Doctors** c – Experts d - Engineers a – Teachers 5. is developing so fast a – Technology **b** – A technology c – The technology d – Technological 6. Cars can already connectthe internet using smart phones a – with b - toc - ofd - on7. The word smart is the synonym of a – stupidity b – fool c – intelligence d – foolish 8.is a device that can connect to the internet a – Smartphone b – A mixer c – A radio d – An Axe 9. Acar is driven electronically without a human driver a – cart b – ambulance c – driverless d – carriage 10. Theon my mobile help me to choose what I want a – photos b - appsc – pictures d – images 11. I will drive to the school tothe children a - correct **b** – **connect** c – contact d – collect 12. All the driverless car will be b – electrician a – electrical c –electric **d** –electricity 13. The electric cars will be goodthe environment because it causes no pollution. d – against c – for b - at14. The electric car iscleaner than petrol ones

b -much

15. Experts believe that our roads will beas there will be fewer accidents

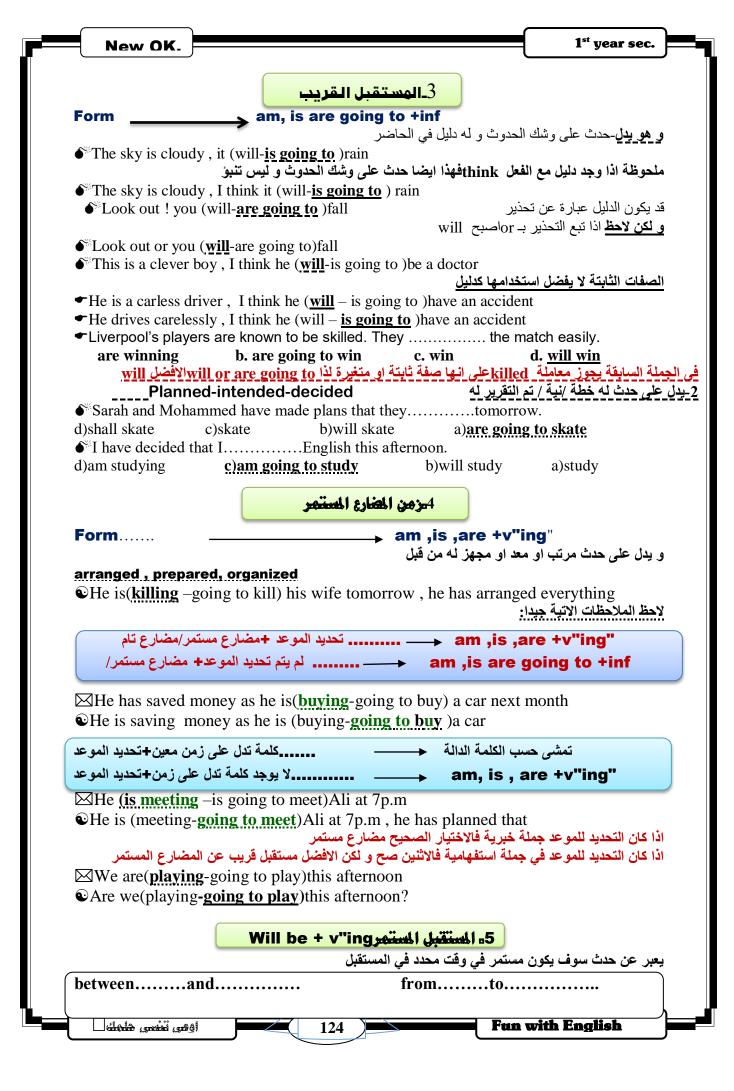
c –more

d - many

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a –dangerous
                    b –dangerous
                                                       d – safer
                                      c - save
16. Many people don't think IOT is safe enough ......
a – already
                    b - yet
                                                       d – never
17. Computers .....information about people and businesses-
a – collect
                    b – commit
                                       c – connect
                                                       d – comet
18. Internet Criminals.....into organisations like hospitals, airports and power stations
                    b – hate
                                       c – hack
                                                       d – lack
19. Criminal ......major security problems to these organisations
                   b – cause
a – reason
                                       c - save
                                                        d – relieve
20. .....is the use of science to create devices for everyday use
                   b – Terrorism
                                       c – Technology d – Biology
a – Tourism
21. When more than one thing is joined or linked means ......
                    b – collected
                                        c –corrected d – offline
a – connected
22. The internet is a worldwide computer ......
a – work
                    b – wires
                                                    d – network
23. An .....is a computer programme.
                   b – apparatus
                                         c – appearance d – parrot
24. To.....is When a computer system is broken into illegally
                   b – hack
                                         c – pack
25. Egypt is well-known for its safety and .....
                    b – safe
a – secure
                                         c – security
                                                          d -secretive
26. I have a cool new ......that helps me learn English words on my smart phone
                     b – technical
                                        c – image
a – internet
                                                            d - app
27. Oh no someone has tried to .....into my new computer
                    b – hook
28. .....with my friends is really important to me
                        b – Security
                                          c – Communication
a – Connected
                                                                   d – Safety
29. Leila's parents have bought her all the latest..... a computer . a mobile and a tablet
                 b – technology c – communication
                                                               d -connection
a – safety
30. Look at this.....the phone company is going to introduce a flexible mobile-
                     b – advertise c – advantage
                                                       d – addition
31. .....are the people who hurt or cause problem to the internet users.
                    b – Cyper-cafe c – Cyper-net
a – Cyberbullying
                                                                 d – Spiderman
32. There is a good song on the internet. It needs ......
a – uploading
                        b – downloading c – overloading
                                                                 d – loading
33. Teenagers are not always careful about.....their personal details
a – downloading
                   b – loading
                                 c – uploading
34. My computer begins to restart by itself. I think it is harmed by a ......
a – ware
                  b – worms
                                       c –insects
                                                        d – maleware
35. .....is tricking people by getting them to give their identity. bank account numbers, etc
a – Phishing
                   b –Fishing
                                       c – Surfing
                                                        d – Revising
36. The post office is on your way, .....this letter form me, please.
                   b – posting
                                       c – past
                                                       d – supposing
37. When I use the internet, I find advertisement asking for personal details. It is a .........
                    b –scar
                                       c – scam
a – scan
                                                         d – span
38. You shouldn't upload your ......details on websites you don't trust.
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a – public
                    b –unimportant
                                       c – trivial
                                                         d – personal
39. You should use a strong......which can't be discovered easily
                   b – passport
a – password
                                      c – pass wav
                                                       d -keyword
40. 3I am ashamed because she has put me in an .....situation
                                  c – embarrassing
                                                              d - remarkable
a – nice
                      b - good
41. To protect your computer, you should have a strong ......virus software.
                    b – anti-
                                       c – embarrassing
                                                          d – onto
42. I sometimes pay for my goods using my ......card
                   b - cash
                                       c – credit
a – cheque
                                                          d – carrot
43. Don't annoy your Facebook friends and your .....should be polite.
a – comments
                                        c – paragraphs
                    b – letters
                                                           d – essays
44. It was a scam so my dad was furious because they stole money from his bank ......
                                        c – account
                    b – manager
                                                           d – count
45. 4I chat with my friends on the internet when they are .....
                                         c – offline
a – in line
                    b –by line
                                                           d – online
46. Is it difficult to .....anything from the internet?
a – delete
                     b - add
                                        c – upload
                                                           d –post
47- The officer asked me about the...... Of the accident.
                 b-organisations
                                     c-offers
                                                     d-networks
48- I think a .....car is not safe to travel in.
                 b-driverless
a-modern
49- New laws have been .....to stop cyberbullying.
                b-warned
                               c-done
                                             d-introduced
a-taken
50- I connected the charger.....my laptop.
                           c-of
           b-about
51- No one has ever hacked.....my computer.
a-off
             b-into
                            c-for
                                     d-of
52- To join this club fill in this ......
a-programme
                    b-application c-malware d-bucket
53- My father refused to use the family house to.....my brother's loan from the bank.
                            c-secure
               b-lend
                                         d-endanger
54- Saudi Arabia busy military .....like tanks and missiles from the USA.
                                                      d-prediction
                   b-hardware
                                    c-presentation
a-software
55- The suffix ......means the study of something especially something scientific.
            b- -ise
                          c- -ology
                                      d- -ment
56- This research has many practical ..........
                  b-managements c-communications d-applications
       The offer .....only to new members.
57-
a-shares
                b-applies
                          c-develops
                                              d-blogs
58- This webpage is full of job...... i found my current job here.
                    b-malware
a-anti-virus
                                      c-adverts
59- To protect your data and privacy, you need a strong......
                b-antivirus
                                    c-malware
60- Self-.... is necessary to the success of any person.
a-manage
               b-manager
                              c-managed
                                                      d-management
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1st year sec. New OK. at 7 o'clock tomorrow this time tomorrow/..... then Don't phone me at 7 p.m tomorrow as I will (sleep-be sleeping)then Between 8and 10 tomorrow I will(take-be taking)my exam 2- كما يستخدم المستقبل المستمر للتعبير عن حدث سوف يكون مستمرا عندما يقطعه حدث آخر أو عندما يتم حدث آخر في - I will be waiting for you when your bus arrives. - I'll **be staying** at Madison Hotel, if anything *happens* and **you** *need* to contact me. - He will be studying at the library tonight, so he will not see Jennifer when she arrives. 3- كما يستخدم المستقبل المستمر للتعبير عن حدثين سوف يكونان مستمران معا في نفس الوقت في المستقبل. (توازي) و هنا يفضل وضع الزمن الذي بعد الرابطمضارع بسيط او مستمر - At the party tomorrow, Ahmed will be singing while Sarah is dancing. I will be working hard next week while you are relaxing on the beach. 4- يستخدم المستقبل المستمر أيضا عندما نخمن ما يفعله شخص الآن - Don't call him now, he'll be doing his homework. - I don't want to disturb them. I'm sure they'll be cleaning their house at the moment. 5- لا يستخدم المستقبل المستمر مع الأفعال التي تعبر عن حالــــة (افعال الشعور - الامتلاك - الكينونة - قصيرة المدى . Be – have ميمانك own – possess- want – join – know – seem – love – like – admire – prefer -- Maher will be at my house when you arrive. (Not: will be being) - After I study, I will know all the answers for the test. (Not: will be knowing) may be + V.ing - يستخدم (may be v.ing) للتعبير عن أحداث محتملة الحدوث (أحداث غير مؤكدة) ستكون مستمرة في المستقبل - I can't visit you because I will / may be doing my homework this evening. - In 100 years, people **may be living** in space. - When she's 21, she may be working in London. 6. زمن السنتيل النام Will have +p.p يدل على اتمام حدث في وقت معين في المستقبل زهن في المستقبل+ By In two years' time مستقبل بسيط او تام و الافضل تام +مضارع بسيط عسيط او تام و الافضل تام By 2050, we will(build-have built)the bridge قد يكون الفعل في المبنى للمجهول ⊙In three years' time ,the road will..... a)have been paved c)have paved b)pave a)be paved Before Ali comes, we will (do-have done) the homework المعنى هو الاساس في ازمنة المستقبل ركز مع الامثلة **6** By 2030 we will(build – **have built**) 20 schools ◆ By 2030, most of the people all over the world will (speak – have spoken) English ◆ By 7 o'clock tonight I will (be doing – have done)the homework so I can't come with you By 7 o'clock tonight, I will (be doing – have done) the homework so we can go out

a)am travelling

-Choose the correct answer: practice

d)travel

c)am going travel

Tomorrow, I.....to a secret location. I have arranged for that

b)will travel

1st year sec. New OK. they.....probably be in space for about five or six days a)should b)can c)shall d)will I'm sure tomorrow's match.....really exciting c)is going to be a)is being b)will be d)might be My train.....at 7.15 this evening a)is going to leave b)leaves c)will leave d)is leaving -I think my brother.....a doctor, he is clever. a)is going to be b)will be c)would be d)is 6- My plans for tomorrow morning is that I.....prof Afifi a)am going to meet b)meet c)will meet d)will be meeting 7- -A:this year, I'm going on holiday to Alex. B: I'm sure you.....it a)will enjoy b)are enjoying c)enjoy d)are going to enjoy I think my brother a doctor, he's very clever b)will be c)is being d)is going to be Are you tennis after school today? b)going to play c)will play a)play d)playing 10- I expect he the exam a)pass b)passes c)is passing d)will pass 11- Between 7 and 9 I sleeping b)will be c)am being d)will have 12- Haneen 16 on Monday a)will be c)is going to d)is being 13- He a plan for his study, he has intended to do that b)will make a)is making c)will be making d)is going to make 14- I think the weather in England cold and rainy . b) is going to be d) shall be a) will be c) is being 15- There's not a cloud in the sky – it another very sunny day. b) is going to be c) is being a) will be d) will 16- They lots of sports here soon, they've prepared for this . a) are going to start b) will start c) are starting d) start 17- I think you very good at squash. a) is going to be b) are being c) are going to d) will be 18- I've planned. I try hockey. b) am going to c) am doing to d) won't 19- I've decided what to do at the weekend. I my uncle. a) am going visit b) will visit c) am going to visit d) is visiting 20-I.....the summer holiday in Marsa Matrouh as planned. a-am going to spend **b-will spend** c-am spending d-would spend **Exercises on Grammar** 1. He hasn't studied hard. I think he.....this exam. a- will fail b- fails c- is going to fail d- failed 2. Youit if you aren't careful. a- will break b- are going to break c- have broken d- are breaking 3. My brothertwenty next week.

a- will be b- is being c- is going to be
4. The sky is cloudy, I think it.....

d- is

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a- is going to rain
                    b- has rained
                                     c- will rain
                                                           d- would rain
5. The ceiling of the room doesn't look very safe, it ......
a- will fall
                    b- is falling
                                      c- is going to fall
                                                           d- falls
6. I'm.....my uncle at the airport at six o'clock.
                    b- am meeting
a- going to meet
                                      c- will meet
                                                           d- meet
7. If you play well, you.....the match.
a- is going to win
                    b-win
                                                           d- would win
                                      c- will win
8. He .....to London next week, he has booked the tickets.
a- traveling
                   b- is traveling
                                      c- will travel
                                                           d- travels
9. He is filling the bucket with water. He .....the car.
a- is going to wash b- washes
                                                            d- will wash
                                       c- has washed
10. We are saving up because we .....buy a car.
                     b- are being
                                                              d- would
                                        c- are going to
11. You .....punished if you make that mistake again.
a- will be
                     b- is being
                                          c- is going to be
                                                              d- is
12. I.....work in an hour. I have arranged it with my boss.
a- will leave
                     b- am leave
                                         c- am going to leave d- will
13. Has everything been arranged? - Yes. The boss ....for London tomorrow morning.
a- is going to leave
                                                              d- has left
                     b- will leave
                                         c- is leaving
14. A: You see that old lady who can't lift her bag? B: I....her with the bag.
                                          c- am going to help d- helped
a- am helping
                      b- help
15. What are your family's plans for the weekend? - They ......it on the farm.
                     b- are spending
                                       c- are going to spend
a- will spend
                                                                 d- would spend
16. A: What have they decided to do? B: They.....the small factory next month.
                                      c- are going to sell
a- have sold
                    b- are selling
17. Switch off computers and TV when you .....using them.
                  b- have finished
                                        c- had finished
                                                         d- will finish
a- finished
18. My plane ......at ten-tomorrow morning.
a- arrives
                   b- arrived
                                         c- has arrive
                                                         d- was arriving
19. The train.....the station at 5 o'clock tomorrow.
a- leaves
                   b- will leave
                                         c- leave
                                                         d- left
20. I .....leave until he has come.
                   b- won't
a- wouldn't
                                         c- didn't
                                                         d-don't
21. I expect Ahmed ......through his exams.
                   b- is going to get
                                                         d- would get
a- is getting
                                         c- will get
22. There is too little petrol left. The car .....
                                         c- is stopping
                    b- is going to stop
23. Mum, I know you're busy cooking. I......who it is at the door.
a- am seeing
                       b- will see
                                      c- am going to see
                                                               d- would see
24. We .....a party tomorrow at 7 pm for Maha's birthday.
a- have given
                    b- give
                                                         d- are giving
                                          c- giving
25. I.....work in an hour. I have arranged it with my boss.
                                          c- am going to d- will
                    b- am leaving
26. How old are you?- I.............37 next February.
                   b- am going to be
                                          c- will be
                                                         d- am being
27. I expect the next match.....much more difficult.
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a- will be
                   b- is going to be
                                           c- is being
                                                            d- has been
28. Go and see that film. I'm sure that you.....it.
                    b- are enjoying
                                          c- are going to enjoy
a- will enjoy
                                                                  d- enjoy
29. Keep quiet or I .....you out of the class.
                     b- will send
a- am sending
                                          c- am going to send
                                                                   d- send
30. Perhaps, my family.....go to Paris the next holiday.
                                                                   d- will
a- are going to
                      b- going to
31. Look out! The rock is loose. It......on your head.
a- is going to fall
                      b- will fall
                                          c- is falling
                                                                   d- falls
32. Look! He.....off his bike.
                      b- is going to fall
                                          c- will have fallen
                                                                   d-fall
a- will fall
33- Being intelligent, she.....first next year.
                                     c-is going to come
                     b-is coming
                                                                 d-will come
34- She has invited all her friends. Her 26<sup>th</sup> birthday.....tomorrow.
                                c-is being had
                                                       d-is being given
             b-is having
35- She ......to the park with us in the evening tomorrow. She knows all about it.
                                   c-is going to go
a-goes
                 b-will go
                                                      d-is going
36- In ten years' time, my father.....even older.
                  b-is looking
                                 c-going to look
                                                        d-looks
37- I.....my aunt next Friday as I am welcoming some friends at home.
                      b-won't visit
                                           c-can't visit
                                                           d-don't visit
a-am not visiting
38- I'm afraid, I think he....his exams.
a-will pass
                  b-won't pass
                                     c-is passing
                                                        d-isn't passing
39- Mum is busy cooking, I ......who is knocking at the door.
                 b-will see
                                 c-am going to see
40- He is going to catch the bus when it......
                b-will arrive
                                                    d-arrive
a-arrives
                                   c-arrived
41- Don't wash the dishes if you.....in a hurry.
           b-are being
                                       d-have been
a-were
                            c-are
42- I can't go out with you this afternoon. I .....my homework.
               b-going to do
                                 c-will do
43- He is brave by nature. He.....the peoblem.
a-face
                                    c-is going to face
                   b-is facing
                                                          d-will face
44- A: The windows are dirty
                                     B:Yes, I know.....them
                       b-cleaning
a-clean
                                    c-will clean
                                                           d-am going to clean
45- You.....so lazy. Stop it, please. It's annoying.
                 b-are being
                                     c-are going to be
                                                            d-are to be
46- You won't leave the office until the manager.....you.
a-called
              b-had called
                                    c-has called
47- What's the matter with you? You look like you.......
a-faint
                 b-are fainting
                                        c-are going to faint
                                                                 d-will faint
```

New OK.	1 st vear sec.
New OK.	I your soo.

	Unit 5 Lesson	5 Chapter 5	
close <u>to</u>	قریب من	dead	میت
bottom	قاع	leader	قائد
hills	تلال	explain	يشرح
fresher	اكثر نقاء	work <u>for</u>	يعمل لدى
suddenly	فجأة	start	يبدأ / بداية
dangerous		Interested <u>in</u>	مهتم ب
decide <u>to</u>	يقرر أن	at the end	في النهاية يثق في / ثقة
towards	تجاه	trust	يثق في / ثقة
realise	يدرك	allow	یسمح نقود
remember	يتذكر	money	نقود
gun	بندقية		بالتأكيد
feel safer	يشعر اكثر أمانا		يحتاج / احتياج يختفى كنز ينتظر ل
to my surprise	لدهشتى		يختفى
come out from	يخرج من	treasure	کنز
kneel down (knelt)	يركع / ينحنى		ينتظر ل
dry voice	صوت جاف	return <u>to</u>	یعود الی بمفرده
speak <u>to</u>		on his own	بمفرده
skin	جلد	look <u>for</u>	بمعرده یبحث عن جاروف یفضل مجموعة قراصنة صوت شئ صوت بشری یتشاجر / مشاجرة
burn		spade	جاروف
burned		prefer	يفضل
dirty	قذر	group	مجموعة
sail	يبحر /شراع		قراصنة
live on	يتغذى على		صوت شئ
dream <u>of</u>	يحلم ب	voice	صوت بشری
get back to		fight (<u>fought</u>)	يتشاجر / مشاجرة
begin (began)	يبدأ	directions	اتجاهات
look worried	يبدو قلقا	give (gave)	يعطى
problem with	مشكلة مع	easily	بسهولة
rich	غنى	next to	بجوار علم يطير فوق
perhaps		flag	علم
crazy	مجنون	fly (flew)	يطير
believe	يعتقد / يصدق	above	فوق

Treasure Island Chapter 5

I finally stopped running and saw that I was close to the bottom of one of the small hills. The air was fresher here and the trees were taller. Suddenly, from up the hill, something jumped behind a tree. I did not know if it was a man or an animal but it looked big and dangerous. I decided to walk back towards the beach, but then I saw him again. I realised it was a man, but he was running very fast from tree to tree. I remembered that I had a gun and this made me feel safer. I decided to walk towards the man.

توقفت أخيرًا عن الجرى ورأيت أنني قريب من أسفل أحد التلال الصغيرة. كان الهواء انقى هنا وكانت الأشجار أطول. فجأة ، من أعلى التل ، قفز شيء وراء شجرة. لم أكن أعرف ما إذا كان رجلاً أو حيوانًا ولكنه كان كبيرًا وخطيرًا. قررت أن أسير باتجاه الشاطئ ، لكنني رأيته مرة أخرى. أدركت أنه كان رجلاً ، لكنه كان يجرى بسرعة من شجرة إلى أخرى. تذكرت أن لدي بندقية وهذا جعنني أشعر بالأمان. قررت السير نحو الرجل.

When he saw me walking towards him, to my surprise, he came out from behind the tree and knelt down in front of me.

"Who are you?" I asked. "Ben Gun," he said in a dry voice. "I've not spoken to anyone for three years."

```
عندما رآني امشى نحوه، لمفاجئتي، خرج من خلف الشجرة وركع أمامي.
" من أنت؟" انا سألته". بن جن"، قال بصوت جاف. "لم أتحدث مع أى شخص منذ ثلاث سنوات".
```

The man had very long hair and skin that was burned by the sun. His clothes were dirty and made of old sails. "What happened to you?" I asked.

```
كان للرجل شعر طويل للغاية وبشرة أحرقتها الشمس. كانت ملابسه متسخة ومصنوعة من أشرعة قديمة!!. ماذا حدث لك؟!!!
```

"I was left here by a ship," he said. "I've lived on fish and fruit ever since. I dream of eating good food again."

"If I can get back to my ship, I'll give you bread and cheese," I said.

```
قال: "لقد تركتني سفينة هنا". "لقد عشت على الأسماك والفواكه منذ ذلك الحين. أحلم بتناول طعام جيد مرة أخرى".
قلت: "إذا استطعت العودة إلى سفينتي ، فسأعطيك الخبز والجبن."
```

He began to look worried. "If you can get back to your ship?! Why? What's to stop you?" he said. "It isn't a problem with you," I replied.

```
بدأ يبدو قلقا. "إذا كنت تستطيع العودة إلى سفينتك ؟! لماذا ا؟ ما الذي يمنعك؟ أجبته: "إنها ليست مشكلة معك."
```

"I'm a good man," he told me. "I'm very rich, too!" he said in a quiet voice.

I began to think that perhaps Ben Gun was crazy. Ben Gun saw that I did not believe him.

```
قال لي: "أنا رجل طيب". قال بصوت هادئ: "أنا غني جدًا ، أيضًا"! بدأت أعتقد أنه ربما كان بن جن مجنونًا. رأى بن غون أنني لم أصدقه.
```

"I am rich! And you can be rich too, because you found me!" he said. Then he looked worried and said, "You didn't come on Flint's ship, did you?"

I realised now that this man could help me.

```
"انا غني! وقال "يمكنك أن تكون غنيًا أيضًا ، لأنك وجدتني!" ثم بدا قلقًا وقال: "لم تأتِ على متن سفينة فلينت ، أليس كذلك؟" أدركت الآن أن هذا الرجل يمكن أن يساعدني.
```

"No, Flint's dead, but some of Flint's crew is on the ship. That is not good for any of us." I told him. "Is there a man with one leg?" he asked

```
"لا ، فلينت مات ، ولكن بعض طاقم فلينت على متن السفينة. هذا ليس جيدًا لأي واحد منا. " انا أخبرته. "هل هناك رجل بساق و إحدة؟"
```

"Yes, Silver. He's the cook and their leader," I explained.

"If you work for Silver, I'm finished," he said.

I decided to tell him my story from the start, and he looked very interested.

```
" نعم ، سيلفر. أنه الطباخ وزعيمهم." انا اوضحت له. قال: "إذا كنت تعمل مع سيلفر، فقد انتهي امرى." قررت أن أخبره قصتي منذ البداية وبدا مهتماً للغاية.
```

"You're a good boy," he said at the end. "Don't worry, you can trust me. Do you think that Trelawney would give me money and allow me to come home on the ship if I helped him?" he asked.

"Of course," I replied. "And he'll need your help on the ship home, I'm sure."

1st year sec. New OK.

قال في النهاية: "أنت ولد جيد". "لا تقلق ، يمكنك ان تثق بي. هل تعتقد أن تريلاوني سيمنحني المال ويسمح لي بالعودة إلى بيتى على متن السفينة إذا ساعدته؟."

" بالطبع ،" أجبته. "سوف يحتاج إلى مساعدتكم على السفينة ، أنا متأكد".

"You're right," he said. "You know, I was on Flint's ship when he hid the treasure here. He was with six men and they were on the island for about a week. We waited for them on a ship called the Walrus. One day, Flint returned to the ship on his own. The other six men were dead. We don't know how he did it. Billy Bones and Long Adel Silver were with me on the ship. They asked Flint where then treasure was. 'You can go on the island and look for it,' he said. 'But you'll be there on your own. I'm taking this ship home.'

قال: "أنت على حق". "أنت تعلم ، كنت على متن سفينة فلينت عندما أخفى الكنز هنا. كان مع ستة رجال وكانوا في الجزيرة لمدة أسبوع تقريبًا. انتظرناهم على متن سفينة تسمى الفظ. في أحد الأيام ، عاد فلينت إلى السفينة بمفرده. الرجال الستة الآخرون ماتوا. لا نعرف كيف فعل ذلك. كان بيلي بونز ولونج جون سيلفر معي على متن السفينة. سألوا فلينت أين كان الكنز. وقال "يمكنك الذهاب إلى الجزيرة والبحث عنها". 'لكنك ستكون هناك لوحدك. أنا آخذ هذه السفينة إلى المنزل. "Three years ago, I was on a different ship. When we saw the island, I told our crew that Flint's treasure was on it. We spent twelve days looking for it. They were not happy when we found nothing.

قبل ثلاث سنوات ، كنت على متن سفينة مختلفة. عندما رأينا الجزيرة ، أخبرت طاقمنا أن كنز فلينت كان عليه. لقد أمضينا اثنى عشر يومًا بحثاً عنه. لم يكونوا سعداء عندما لم نجد شيئًا.

One day, they went back to the ship and told me I could stay. 'Here's a gun and a spade. You can look for the treasure on your own!' they said. So, you tell Trelawney, I would prefer to work for a man I can trust like him, than with a group of pirates."

ذات يوم، عادوا إلى السفينة وأخبروني أنه يمكنني البقاء. "خذ مسدس وكريك. يمكنك البحث عن الكنز بمفردك!" لذلك أنت اخبر تريلاوني إنني أفضل العمل مع رجل يمكنني الوثوق به مثله ، عنالعمل مع مجموعة من القراصنة. "ا

"I'll tell him, but how can I return to my ship from here?" I asked him.

"I have a boat. I made it myself. We could go to the ship when it's dark!" Suddenly, we heard the sound of a gun.

> "اسوف أخبره ، لكن كيف يمكنني العودة إلى سفينتي من هنا؟" انا سألته لدي قارب. صنعته بنفسي. نستطيع أن نذهب إلى السفينة عندما يحل الظلام"!! فجأة ، سمعنا صوت البندقية.

"They have started to fight," I said. "We must be quick!"

I began to run back with Ben. He gave me directions, and ran easily next to me. We heard more guns, then I saw a flag flying above some trees.

قلت: "لقد بدأوا القتال". "يجب أن نكون سريعين"! بدأت في الجرى مع بن. أعطاني التوجيهات ، وجرى بسهولة بجانبي. سمعنا المزيد من الأسلحة ، ثم رأيت علمًا يرفرف فوق بعض الأشجار

Exercise on Chapter (5)

```
1-Tell your friend that we are going on a trip. I know he might be......
(worried – worrying – interested – interesting)
2-Top is to......as rich is to poor.
(low - right - bottom - left)
```

3-I can't return home late at night. My father won't.....this.

(allow – refuse – kneel – realise)

```
4-Young girls prefer light colours to.....ones.
(heavy – thick – dark – close)
5-I apologized when I ......that I had made a big mistake.
(allowed – directed – preferred – realised)
6-Use this......to dig a hole for the tree. We will plant over there.
(gun - spade - sail - ship)
7-The Egyptian.....includes three colours in addition to the yellow eagle.
(army – police – leader – flag)
8-In the past, experienced traveller used to depend on stars for......
(directions – food – light – flight)
9-Don't...., mum. Everything is OK.
(allow – worry – prefer – believe)
10-He.....down and carried the little baby in his arms.
(broke – turned – knelt – sailed)
11-I enjoy the.....air of the sea when we go to Alexandria.
(dry - dark - heavy - fresh)
12-It is a risk to.....a man who has a gun unless you are prepared.
(fight - worry - sail - start)
13-A.....is a tool for digging that has a long handle and a broad metal blade that you
push into the ground.
(gun - spade - sail - ship)
14-Don't ......what Ali says. He is a big liar.
(lead – burn – believe – fight)
15-The police.....the terrorists and arrested them all.
(honoured – fought – realised – welcomed)
16-I can do the shopping.....my own.
(at - by - on - in)
17-The new coach won the Super Cup in his first match which was a good......
(spade - start - end - fight)
18-I asked my teacher to..... a maths problem to me.
(think – believe – explain – understand)
19-Without sun cream, the sun will.....your skin.
(turn – burn – cool – freeze)
20-Our president Abd El Fatah El Sisi is an intelligent.....
(sailor – businessman – pirate – leader)
21-People who suffer from starvation usually need food......
(supplies – surveys – reviews – analysis)
```

1st year sec.

N		0	K
-	œw	u	_

Unit 6

learning from literature

literature	الأدب	poem	قصيدة	biography	سيرة
poetry	شعر	author	مؤلف	poet	شاعر
repeated pattern	نمطمتكرر	key	مفتاح	kidnap	يخطف
currant	زبيب	case	حالة	current	جاري كنز قطعة ارض
successful	ناجح	behind	خلف	treasure	كنز
rules	قواعد	adventure	مغامرة	plot	قطعة ارض
pirates	قراصنة	wish	يتمني	hay	تبن
garden	حديقة	gardener	بستاني	path	ممر
follow	يتبع	through	خلال	row	ممر
publisher	ناشر	unfriendly	غير ودود	fruitful	مثمر
tools	أدوات	dig	يحفر	busy	مشغول
describe	يصف	comics	مجلات هزلية	season	فصل
favour	معروف	verse	بیت شعر	suppose	يفترض
rhyme	قافية	respond		rhythm	وزن شعري
formal	رسمي	especially	خصوصا	informal	غير رسمي
boring	ممل	neighbour	جار	activities	أنشطة
dress	يرتدي	fair	عادل	candle	شمعة
fun	متعة	Masterpiece	تحفة	length	طول
quite	تمام	dislike	یکره	hop	يقفز
hate	یکرہ	grow up	یکبر ینشر	hatred	كراهية
clear	واضح	publish	ينشر		

Definitions:

hop to move by jumping on one leg. pleasant enjoyable, nice or good rhyme when words end with the same sound. rhythm a repeated sound in music, poems, etc. swing a moving seat that children play on treasure gold, silver, money, etc. that someone has hidden verse lines that form one part of a poem	
pleasantenjoyable, nice or goodrhymewhen words end with the same sound.rhythma repeated sound in music, poems, etc.swinga moving seat that children play ontreasuregold, silver, money, etc. that someone has hiddenverselines that form one part of a poem	شمع
rhymewhen words end with the same sound.rhythma repeated sound in music, poems, etc.swinga moving seat that children play ontreasuregold, silver, money, etc. that someone has hiddenverselines that form one part of a poem	يقفز
rhythma repeated sound in music, poems, etc.swinga moving seat that children play ontreasuregold, silver, money, etc. that someone has hiddenverselines that form one part of a poem	سار
swing a moving seat that children play on treasure gold, silver, money, etc. that someone has hidden verse lines that form one part of a poem	قافية
verse lines that form one part of a poem	ايقاع
verse lines that form one part of a poem	ارجو
	کنز
bare not covered by anything	سطر
	عار
plots small pieces of land for growing plants on ارض	قطع
hay dried grass that people use to feed animals او دریس	قثر
dig move something in or under the soil using a tool	تح
ا close something using a key	يغا
silly not clever or sensible	سا
profit get something good or useful from a situation	يست
ويطة something with one wheel that gardeners use to carry things	بر
a line of plants that have small fruits ف العنب	
لل على الطريق stay on the path through the garden	
Indian Wars a children's game عبة هندية	
طراف القارصة toes that hurt because of the cold	18

New OK.	1 st vear sec.
ITEW UK.	

a novel	a long story	رواية
a poem	is a piece of writing often arranged in lines that rhyme	قصيدة
poetry	is a form of writing	شعر
a poet	is someone who writes poems	شاعر

collocation and expressions

		nocation a	TICL CITIES	00010110	
come	home	يعود للبيت	follow	rules	يتبع قواعد
do	• a favour • an important job	یصنع معروفا یؤدی عمل هام	improve	his teeth	يحسن صحته
give	a reason a rhythm	یبرر یعطی ایقاع	make	a requesta surfacepreparation for	يطلب يمهد السطح يجهز ل
have	a rhythm fun	به ایقاع یمر ح	spend	time reading	يقضى الوقت فى القراءه
			stay	in bed	يلزم الفراش

Prepositions and expressions

	rrepositions at	in expressions	
feel like	یشعر و کأنه	look down on	ينظر من أعلى لأسفل على يبتعد
get up	يستيقظ	go away	يبتعد
at night	ليلا	profit from	یستفید من
go to bed	يذهب للفراش	have a fight	يتشاجر
by day		on her way home	فى طريقها للمنزل
end with	ينتهي ب	do shopping	يتسوق
stay with		make a call	يجرى مكالمة تليفونية
blame on	يلقي اللوم علي	it's a matter of time	انها مسألة وقت
alternative sources	مصادر بديلة	make arrangement for	يقوم بعمل ترتيبات ل
away behind	بعيدا خلف	currant row	صف من اشجار العنب
best known for	مشهور ب	adventure story	قصة مغامرة
popular with	محبوب لدي	bare feet	حافي القدمين
have rhythm	ذو إيقاع	put something away	يضع شيء ما في مكانه
lay it down	يضع جانب ا	precious treasure	كنز نفيس
a collection of		at the end of	ا في نهاية
a set of	مجموعة من	on television	في التليفزيون
popular with	محبوب من	make a decision	یتخذ قرار یقدم معروفا
fall on		do a favour	يقدم معروفا
at sea	في البحر	look for	يبحث عن
go up		have a quick look	يلقى نظرة سريعة
go down	يهبط	miss a lesson	يفوته درس
sound like		have a headache	يعانى من الصداع
go up and down		Do exercises	یؤدی تمرینات
no one else but		never seems to want	لا يبدو مطلقا انه يريد
dress by yellow	يرتدى ملابسه على ضوء		لا يرغب في احد ان يتحدث
cande light	الشمع الاصفر	-	معه
fire a gun		go past me	يمر امامي
put up a flag	يرفع الرايه	this makes it easy to	هذا يجعل من الصعب

New OK.	1 st vear sec.
New OK.	i yeur sec.

		remember	تذكرها
a book of fact	کتاب علمی	for a while	لفتره من الوقت
a brief summary	ملخص موجز	go to bed	يذهب للنوم
a clear conclusion	خاتمه واضحه	I hated it	كنت اكره ذلك
a form of writing	احد انواع الكتابه	I'm afraid I can't	يؤسفني انني لااستطيع
a full- time writer	كاتب متفرغ	in addition to	بالاضافه الى
a good length for a	طول مناسب لقصيده	in different	في الفصول المختلفه
poem		seasons	

اخر/مختلف ثانى lelse اخرامختلف ثانى الخرامختلف عelse تستخدم else بعد الكلمات الاتيه... any.. every.. no... some... or after..... how.. where... who... why

- Everybody else has agreed except you.
- After I thanked them, I didn't know what else to say.

2-Let/makeinf be let / made to + inf

• He let the girl leave.

The girl was let / allowed to leave.

He made her tidy the room. — She was made to tidy the room.

- He is a quiet man. He doesn't talk very much.
- Can I have some quiet ,please?
- The article was quite good.
- He quitted his job after an argument with his boss.

- The hammer is tool for hammering nails
- He measured the room using an electronic device.
- Surgeons always use surgical instruments.

- We booked our seats in the front row of the theatre.
- They built a row of hotels right along the sea front.
- If you want bread ,you have to join the queue.
- There was a long queue of traffic stretching down the road.

lock(v)	يقفل	lock in (v) بالداخل	يحجز بالخارج x lock out يحجز ب
lock(v)	يحتفظ بشئ (في مكان امن)	lock up(v)	يسجن
lock (v)	يتوقف عن الحركه (يقفش)	lock (n)	قفل

remember to lock the front door when you leave the house.

Verse(n)	مقطع من شعر (جزء من قصیدهیحتوی علی عدد
	من السطور الشعريه)
Verse(n)	ايه في القرآن او الكتاب المقدس
Verse(n)	الشعر - النظم

- this poem has five **verses**. each verse includes six lines.
- Mr. Helmi recites some **verses** before he starts his work in the office.

this play is written in **verse**.

rhyme (n)	القافيه	rhyme (n)	نشيد
rhyme (n)	شعر مقفى	rhyme (v)(with)	يسجع\ يكون قافيه

- traditional **poetry** always has rhyme.
- this poem is written in **rhyme**.
- I liked **rhyme** when I was in primary school.
- the word (night) **rhymes** with(white).

قطعه ارض (مساحه صغیره)(Plot(n	مؤامرة \مكيده(Plot(n)(against)	يتأمر (Plot(v
مدفن العائله(Plot (n)	حبكه الروايه او الفيلم (الاحداث) Plot(n)	

- I have a small vegetables plot
- My grandfather bought this **plot** a short time before his death.
- there was a **plot** against the company to make it lose a lot of money.
- the **plot** of the film was exciting.
- •he **plotted** to steal the safe of the supermarket.
- they **plotted** against their manager.

poetry(n)شعر	poem(n)قصيده
moet(n) شاعر	شعری\ شاعری (poetical(adj)شعری

- I studied English **poetry** at university.
- in Arabic, Hafez Ibrahim my favorite **poet**.
- Ahmed Shawky wrote great **poems**.
- my daughter has the talent of **poetic** expressions.

 - ▶ lie / lay /lain يقع للمكان (/ ينام / يرقد) يقع للمكان (/ ينام / يرقد)
 - 🎤 lay / laid / laid پُرتِّب / يُعِدُ (تبيض / يضع

He laid the book on the table.

The hens have laid a lot of eggs.

She laid the table for four people.

 \triangleright The best + way to + inf. + is to + inf.

The best way to be healthy is to get a lot of exercise.

 \triangleright stop + object + (v.+ing)

We should stop people driving lorries in big cities.

> or / otherwise: إلا و

- Take your umbrella or you'll get wet.
 - ≽ suggest + v. + ing: يفترح

He suggested spending the evening in the club.

پقترح مصدر + should + فاعل + should

Tom suggested that I shouldlook for another job.

favour - جمیل معروف favour -

1st year sec.

New OK.

Can you do me a favour?

Football is my favourite sport?

نتيجة لresult أالى يؤدي الى result from ينتج عن result ألى يؤدي الى result ألى يؤدي الى result ألى يؤدي الم

Smoking results in/leads to cancer.

Cancer results from smoking.

Exercises on vocabulary

(1) Choose the	correct answer fr	om a, b, c or d:	
	t covered by anything,		
a - bare	b – well closed	c - locked	d-closed
2. Small pieces of l	and used for growing t	hings are	
	b - lakes		d – fountains
3. Farmers use	to feed anima	als.	
a - milk	b – hay	c – pizza	d – manure
4. To	means to move sometl	hing in or under soil using a to	ool.
a – dig b -	sing c –	swim	d – scratch
5. He	the door with a key.		
a – closed	b – locked	c – slang	d – sting
6. Something that is	s not clever or sensible	·	
a – silly	b – really	c — windy	d - sandy
7. If you	you get good or us	eful from a situation.	
a – forget	b – found	c — benefit	d – prove
8. It is	it is enjoyable and ni	ce.	
	b – bad		d — pleasant
	money hidden in a plac		
a - pleasure	b - treasure	c – pressure	d – measure
10. The light was o	ff, he used a	to see.	
a - candle	b – bulb	c – glasses	d – torches
	orm one part of a poem		
a – verses	b – coins	c – mobs	d – titles
	e repeated sound in m	-	
a – verse	b - rhythm	c - poets	d – prose
	that children play on is		
a – wing	b – bring	c – swing	d – fling
14. There was no e	lectricity in the house,	so we had to use	
		c – sandals	
15. They found an	old ship under the water	er which they think is full of	
	b – treasures	<u>-</u>	d – cells
	music, it doesn't have	•	
	b – instrument		d – verses
17. I enjoy riding a	in the pa	ırk.	
	b – car		d - ship
		irstof the poem.	
a – poets	b – poetry	c – verse	d – chapter
		park at the end of a hot day.	
a – boring	b – pleasant	c – ugly	d - silly
20 Children leve	in the cond	on the beech	

1st year sec. New OK. a – rigging b – wigging c – wicking d – digging 21. In winter, farmers sometimes give their sheep......to eat. b - hay d – milk c – meat 22. Don't forget tothe door when you leave the house. a – lock b - logc – look d – open 23. The hotels in this city hope tofrom the new airport. b – lose a – benefit d – breeze 24. Their mother told them not to go out with.....feet. a – clean b – bare c – healthy d – long 25. My grandfather always has lots of carrots from his vegetable...... b – flock a – blog c - jogd – plot 26. Can youme a favour? a – make d - dob – did c – does 27. Myteam is Zamalek. a – favour b – favoured d -favourable c – favourite 28. The teacher made the pupils.....homework again. b - to dod – did a - do c – does 29. People were waiting in ato book their tickets. b - rowc – blow d – queue 30. Could youhelp me? a – possibly b – possible d – improbably c – improbable 31. Heout of bed and quickly got dressed. b – hopped a –helped c – rested d - slept32. Do you think the word moon has the sameas the word June? b – poem c – prose d – rhythm a – rhyme 33. I want you tosome jobs for me. b - gived - doa – make c – take 34. Arow is a line of plants that have small fruits. **b** – currant d-curl a – current c - carrot 35. The word hat rhymesthe word cat b - tod - for c – with 36.is small stones, used to make a surface for paths, roads, etc. b – Gravel d - Rock a – Marvel c – Bravery 37. The two girlswhen they revised the lesson together. a – profited **b** – lighted c - lostd – fought 38. I have read a / an.....about the author Robert Louis Stevenson. b – autobiography c – photography d – biographical 39. Samoa is a smallin the south Pacific a – city b – town c – island d – village 40. Stevenson is best known for hislike kidnapped and treasure island. d – novels a – poems **b** – poetry c – plays 41. Ais someone who writes poems - . a – poetry b – poet d – playwright 42. In my opinion, poets should write aboutlife. a – everyday b – to each day c – everyday d – all day 43. The poem's subject isboring.

اؤئي تغنيي كلحك

Fun with English

1st year sec. New OK. **b** – quite a – quit c – quiet d – quick 44. It is to give the twins the same pocket money. b - far d – unfair a – fair c – fare 45. How manydoes the poem consist of. ? a – rhyme b – rhythm c – verses **d** – metaphors 46- There was a power failure for an hour last night, so we had to use c- candle light d- highlight **b- sunlight** 47- for homework, we have to memorize the first two...... a- poems b- vases d- curses c- verses 48- I don't like this poem . it doesn't have any a- rhythmic **b- rhythmical** c- rhythm **d- rhythmically** 49- lines that form one part of a poem a called a a- rhyme b- rhythm d- row c- verse 50- pollution rhymes with..... a- intelligence **b- education** d- row c-sonnet 51- means to jump on one foot. a- hoof **b- honey** c- hop d- hurry 52- keep the walk means to stay on the path through the garden. b- ground c- gravel d- soil a- grave 53- the word doesn't with (bite). b- verse c- rhyme d-hav 54- you should always Your things away. d- make a- cut b- put c- dig 55- dried grapes are called d- coin **b**- currant c- currency 56- if something valuable is hidden, it's called **b-** pleasure c-treasure d- treason a- pressure 57- I saw him digging in the a- opt b- plot c- pilot **d- pottery** 58- I am fond of reading **d- poetess** a-poet b- plot c- poetry 59- hay is a dried grass that people use to...... b- feed d-swallow a- feel c- chew 60- my father loves gardening . he is a good...... a- guard **b**-vet c-garden d- plumber 61- A:the street is dark and empty. B: no problem I'll you home. c- walk d- block b-plot 62- the desert is the..... of a lot of animals. a- house b hall c-home d-nest 63- he always in front of the mirror. d- takes a- dresses **b**- wears c- put on 64- the each measure 20 meters by 30 meters. **b- plots** c- area d- ground 65- a: Do you mind helping me? b: What would you like me to do? b- yes, not at all c- yes, of course a- sure d- no, not at all

Grammar

verbs +to+inf

agree	يوافق	arrange	يرتب	expect	يتوقع
decide	يقرر	dare	يجرؤ	refuse	يرفض
deserve	يستحق	demand	يطلب	manage	يتحكم
pretend	يتظاهر	expect	يتوقع	threaten	يهدد
hope	يأمل	want	یرید	offer	يعرض
wish	یأمل – یتمنی	plan	يخطط	learn	يتعلم
attempt	يحاول	promise	يعد	<u>Try</u> **	يحاول
seem	يبدو	choose	يختار		

- Hazem is **planning to go** to university next year.
- He **hopes to study** medicine.

V+V-ing

enjoy	يستمتع	finish	ينهى	suggest	يقترح
go	يذهب	miss	يفقد	delay	يؤجل
finish	ينهى	detest / despise	یکره بشدة	mind	يمانع
recommend	یزکی	regret**	ينهى	fancy	يتخيل
prevent	يمتع	avoid	يتجنب	admit	يعترف
deny	ينكر	come	یأتی	dislike	یکره
loathe	يكرة بشدة	risk	يخاطر	Postpone	يؤجل
Can't stand	لا يطيق	Can't help	لا يستطيع مقاومة	Practise	يمارس
involve	يتضمن				

- He avoided (to speak *speaking*) to her.
- She risked **to climb** the mountain . (*climbing*)
- He finished (to do **doing**) the h.w

هناك تركيبات أخرى يأتي بعدها v-ing:

Look forward to	+ v-ing	object to	+ v–ing
It's no use	+ v–ing	thanks to	+ v–ing
It's no good	+ v–ing	due to	+ v–ing
Can't help	+ v–ing	can't stand	+ v–ing
Be / get used to	+ v–ing	be worth	+ v–ing
have difficulty	+V-ing	resort to	+V-ing

•I look forward to (hear – *hearing*) from you.

It's no use to hurry, the bus has left. (harrying

Exercise practice (1)

6-Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:-

- 1- I really want one of these festivals.
 - a) to see b) see
 - c) seeing
- d) to seeing

- 2- My brother is learning the oud.
 - a) to play
- b) playing
- c) played
- d) to playing
- 3- If I were you, I'd avoid into the city during the festival.
 - a) to travel
- b) travelled
- c) travelling
- d) travel

- 4- My parents suggested to the theatre.
 - a) going
- b) to go
- c) went
- d) go

1st year sec. New OK. 5- I really want to Hong Kong for the Chinese New Year. b) to going a) going c) to go d) go 6- Before you go to London, you should practice English . b) to speaking c) to speak a) speaking d) speak 7- He hopes a prize for his school work. a) winning b) win c) to win d) to winning 8- She offered me to the station in her car. a) take b) to take c) taking d) to taking 9- We've just finished a TV programme about Egyptian history. a) watching b) to watch c) to watching d) watched 10-When did you decide biology at university? b) to study a) studying c) study d) studying 11-We've arranged my brother up from the airport. a) picking b) pick c) to pick d) to picking 12-Ali is planning all weekend revising for next week's maths test. a) to spending b) spending c) spend d) to spend 13-Sayed recommended the ice cream. b) tried a) to try d) that try c) trying 14-The manger to make us stay in late if we didn't work harder. a) recommended b) suggested c) threatened d) said 15-My friends suggested to the sports club after school. b) go c) went d) going 16-Tamer and I agreed seven pounds each. a) paying b) pay c) to pay d) was paying 17-The school arranged a new charity this year. b) supporter a) supported c) to support d) supporting 18-Kareem finished his dinner at 6.30. c) to have eaten b) to eat d) eaten 19-Amina admitted how to open the door. b) knowing c) to know a) to be known d) known 20-Hala agreed to her young sister. b) to apologise a) apologise c) to have apologised d) apologising 21-In 1954, the government decided the High Dam. a) built b) building c) to build d) had built 22-My teacher promised me. b) would visit a) visit c) to visit d) visiting 3- النمط الثالث: لا يوجد فرق نهائياً (Verb +V-ing / To+inf) يواصل begin - start - continue 4- النمط الرابع: يوجد فرق طفيف (Verb +V-ing / To+inf) تعبر عن موقف خاص (أي في وقت محدد أو الآن) to + inf prefer - hate - like - love تعبر عن موقف عام (رأي) ليس مرتبط بوقت محدد v-ing • I prefer (to drink – *drinking*) tea .

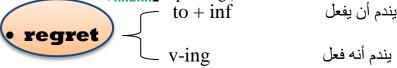
- I prefer (*to drink* drinking) tea now.
- I like (to visit *visiting*) Alex.
- I like (*to visit* visiting) my uncle today .
- I like (<u>to swim</u> swimming) <u>let's go</u> تعبر أن الحدث الآن) هيا بنا

• **stop**(Verb + V-ing / To+inf) بيوجد فرق شُديد to + inf (لم يفعل (لم يفعل) يقوقف لكى يفعل (لم يفعل) بنوقف عن فعل بيتوقف عن فعل v-ing

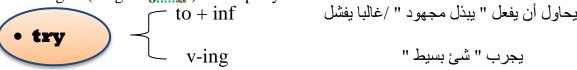
- While he was back home, he stopped (<u>to buy</u> buying) newspaper.
- He stopped (to smoke *smoking*) 3 years ago.



- I forgot (*closing* to close) the door when I went back I found that it was closed
- Don't forget (*to close* closing) the door .
- Remember (*to post* posting) this letter .



- I regret (to go going) to the party yesterday.
- I regret (to go going) to the party tomorrow.
- I regret (to go **going**) to the party.



- He tried (*to climb* climbing) the mountain but he couldn't.
- Have you tried (to eat eating) meat with jam? .

ملاحظات خفيفة للطلبة الظريفة زيادة للمتفوقين فقط

1-

to + inf مفعول	allow + v ing	یسمح ب
to + inf مفعول	advise + v ing	ينصح بـ
to + inf مفعول	recommend + v ing	يوصى ب
to + inf مفعول	permit + v ing	يسمح
to + inf مفعول	encourage + v ing	يشجع
to + inf مفعول	forbid + v ing	يحظر

7-Correct the verb

- 1- I advise (walk) to town.
- 2- They advise her (walk) to town.
- 3- They don't allow us (smoke) here.
- 4- They encourage (do)..... the test.
- 5- They encourage Ali (do) the test.
- 6- They don't permit (smoke) here.
- 7- They don't permit me (smoke) here.

2- الأفعال التالية الدالة على الإدراك يأتي بعدها (v.ing) عندما ندرك جـــــزع من الحدث

1st year sec. New OK. □يلاحظ notice□ hear يسمع □يري □يشاهد see□ watch□ - I heard Huda sing a song. (This means that I heard the whole song.) - و يأتى بعد هذه الأفعال (مصدر) عندما ندرك كسل الحدث (This means that I heard part of the song.) - I heard Huda singing a song. spend مفعول v-ing *stop v-ing مفعول We can stop the river (flooded – *flooding*) • She spent all night (to think – *thinking*) 3- Verbs + object + (to + inf.)ض الأفعال يأتي بعدها دائما (مصدر + to + مفعول) يتوقع بجعل persuade expect cause want يريد tell يُخير warn بطلب promise inform order يسأل / يطلب ask train force يُدرب invite enable motivate يدعو يُمكن **Examples:** - My teacher advised us to study harder. - He didn't allow us enough time to finish the test. - Do you think Dad will allow you to go to Amal's party? - They invited us to have lunch with them. - The bad weather forced people to stay at home all day. - I persuaded her to start a new website. بعــض من الأفعـــال في هذه المجموعة يأتي بعدها (مصــدر + to) بدون مفعول بدون تغيير في المعنى - She promised her father to do her best. - She promised to do her best. - أحيانا يؤثر حذف المفعول على المعنى عندما لا يوجد مفعول (Sara will arrive early) - We expect **Sara** to arrive early. - **We** expect to arrive early. (We will arrive early) ض من الأفعـــال في هذه المجموعة يأتي بعدها (مصــدر + how to + مفعول) - Ali **showed** us how to reach the station. - We **teach** students (how) to read and write. - عند بناء الجملة للمجهول يأتي بعد هذه الأفعال (مصدر + to) - The bad weather forced **people** to stay at home all day. (Active) (Passive) - **People** were forced to stay at home all day by the bad weather. 4- الأفعال (let / make) يأتى بعدهما (مصدر + مفعول) - She wanted to go home, but her boss made her stay until the work was finished. - My boss let me have the afternoon off to go to my sister's wedding. - عند بناء الفعل (make) للمجهول يأتي بعده (مصدر + to) - She wanted to go home, but She was made to stay until the work was finished. 5- الفعل (help) يأتي بعده (مصدر + مفعول) أو (مصدر to + مفعول) - He can help me understand this lesson. = - He can help me (to) understand this lesson. 6- يمكن أن نستخدم (مصدر + to) للتعبير عن الغرض - I study hard to get good marks. - She is driving quickly to arrive on time. ــــــا (to = in order to = so as to) بمعنى (لكــــــى) - He completed all his homework to get a good grade. 8- نستخدم (مصدر + to) بعد الصفات الدالــة على المشاعر التالية pleased, relieved, sad, surprised disappointed , glad , happy , - I was **happy to help** them. - She will be **delighted to see** you. 9- نستخدم (مصدر + to) مع الجمل التي تبدأ بـ (صفــة + lt's) - It was difficult to complete the rough draft. - She thought it was impossible to remember all the rules. 10- (مصدر + to be + pp.) في المجهول تصبح (to be + pp.) - He hopes to be treated well at school.

1st year sec. New OK. (v.ing) عني المجهول تصبح (v.ing) -11 - I remember being carried to hospital after the accident. allow + v(ing) to+inf مفعول The teacher allowed (to speak –speaking) in the class. The teacher allowed us (to speak- speaking) in the class. قد تجد النفي في الفعل الاصلى او ما يأتي بعده بمعنى: He intended to go to the club. He didn't intend to go to the club. He intended not to go to the club. اذا وجدنا startingاو beginning في صيغه (v.ing) الذي بعدها 8-Practice Grammar (2) 1- I'm looking forward more on this project. A) do b) to do c) doing d) to doing 2- How about at that festival for our project? A) look b) looking c) to look d) to looking 3- Some students decided snow sculptures in a park. A) making b) make c) making d) to make 4- Thousands of people enjoy at the sculptures. A) to looking b) to look d) looks 5- I'd like something on this for our project. A) do b) doing c) to do d) to doing 6- I remember a TV programme about it. It was about a year ago. A) watching b) to watch c) to watching d) watch 7- I'll suggest to the Sham El-Nessim festival in Egypt next year. d) to going A) to go b) going c) go 8- When the children stopped everyone clapped. They liked the song the song. c) to singing d) sang A) to sing b) singing 9- They expect thousands of people Sapporo for the Snow Festival. c) to visiting d) to visit A) visiting b) visit 10- I regret to the cinema. It was not a very good film. c) to going b) going d) go 11- Their teacher is used students with their homework. A) helping b) to help c) to helping d) help 12- On my first day at school, I remember into the classroom and seeing my teacher. A) to go b) to going d) go c) going 13- Mr Zaki ordered us running round the park. b) starting c) started A) start d) to start 14- My father advised me to bed early because I had a test the next day. A) to go b) going c) go d) went 15- The ship's captain ordered the sailors harder. A) work b) working c) to work d) must work 16- The teacher warned the students time. A) not to waste b) not wasting c)don't waste d) no waste

A) to watch b) is watching

c) watch

17- Selim is so funny. He stopped television because he said it was rotting his brain.

d) watching

1st year sec. New OK. 18- I can't stand any more. I really got bored. b) waiting c) to waiting d) have waited A) wait 19- Ali prefers to Dahab. A) to have flown b) to fly c) is flying d) flew 20- I regret you that Nabil won't be joining the team. I know you wanted him with us. b) to tell c) have told d) am telling A) telling 21- I wouldn't like given instructions. b) being d) had been A) to be c) has been 22- While crossing the street, I ran into an old friend who stopped my new address. b) would write A) writing c) write d) to write 23- He advised me for the interview at home. A) practising b) practised c) to practise d) to practising 24- I regret not Mary about the wedding. She didn't come to the party. A) tell b) to tell c) telling d) to telling 25- Mrs. Jones, I regret you that your credit limit has been exceeded. b) to inform c) informing d) to informing 26- Stop this terrible noise at once!. b) to make c) making A) make d) to making **Exercises on Grammar** 1- Choose the correct answer: 1. You should avoid friends with such bad people. b) make c) to making a) to make d) making 2. My brother has promised smoking next week b) stopped c) stopping d) to stop 3. The manager decided the reports before he left the office. b) reading c) reads d) to read 4. It's no use over spilt milk. b) cries c) crying d) cried 5. To be good at music, you have to practise every day. a) played b) play c) to play d) playing 6. Rami offered his grandmother with her shopping. b) to help c) help d) to helping 7. Nabil has decided a new computer. a) to buy b) buying d) bought 8. Yasser plans abroad next year. a) working b) works c) works d) to work 9. Taha has always enjoyed poetry. b) to read c) reading d)with reading 10. Huda hopes a week with her aunt and uncle. a) spend b) to spend c) spending d) to spending 11. Young children like to sing. a) learn d) learned b) to learning c) to learn 12. To stay warm in cold weather, you've got to keep b) to moving c) to move d) in moving 13. When Karim finished, he was very tired . a) from running b) runs c) to run d) running

اؤقي تغنيي هلجك

Fun with English

New OK. 1st year sec.

14. He found the film q	uite frightening, so h	ne stopped it	
a) to watch	b) is watching	c) watching	
15. We have all agreed	a pay c	ut so that our company will	survive.
a) taking	b) to take	c) take	d) taken
16. The accused denied	l anyv	where near the bank during t	he robbery.
a) be	b) to be	c) to being	d) being
17. Most men dislike	the same	shirt two days running.	
a) wear	b) to wear	c) wearing thout electricity. c) to live	d) worn
18. It's hard to imagine	Wi	thout electricity.	
a) live	b) living	c) to live	d) of living
1). Dian i you lean	long	division when you were at s	CHOOL:
a) doing	b) do	c) done	d) to do
20. I've never managed	l to th	ne end of "War and Peace".	
a) getting	b) get	c) to get	d) in getting
21. Most people don't i	mind	overtime occasionally.	
a) work			d) working
		save us a bit of time.	,
		c) take	d) taken
		wants down a	
		c) to work	
		e we are old, we'd better sta	
25. I'll never forget	that rare old	c) visiting d coin in the garden. I was o	nly 12 then.
		c) founded	
		cancellation of flight BA20:	_
-)		
a) announce	b) to announcing	_	
		c) announcing	
27. I can't stand	to him.	c) announcing	d) to announce
27. I can't standa) to listen	to him. b) listening	c) announcingc) listened	d) to announced) to listening
27. I can't standa) to listen28. The thief got into the	to him. b) listening ne house because I fo	c) announcing c) listened rgot the wind	d) to announced) to listeningdow.
27. I can't standa) to listen28. The thief got into the closing	b) listeninghe house because I foclosed	c) announcing c) listened rgot the wind c) to closing	d) to announced) to listeningdow.d) to close
 27. I can't stand a) to listen 28. The thief got into the closing 29. He regretted 	b) listening ne house because I fo b) closed his job as	c) announcing c) listened rgot the wing c) to closing s he couldn't find another on	d) to announced) to listeningdow.d) to closee.
 27. I can't stand a) to listen 28. The thief got into the closing 29. He regretted 	b) listening ne house because I fo b) closed his job as	c) announcing c) listened rgot the wing c) to closing s he couldn't find another on	d) to announced) to listeningdow.d) to close
 27. I can't stand a) to listen 28. The thief got into the a) closing 29. He regretted a) leaving 30. She deserved 	b) listening ne house because I fo b) closed his job as b) to leave he first	c) announcing c) listened rgot the wing c) to closing s he couldn't find another on c) left prize.	d) to announce d) to listening dow. d) to close e. d) leaves
 27. I can't stand a) to listen 28. The thief got into the closing 29. He regretted a) leaving 30. She deserved a) win 	b) listening ne house because I fo b) closed b) to leave the first b) winning	c) announcing c) listened rgot the wing c) to closing s he couldn't find another on c) left prize. c) won	d) to announced) to listeningdow.d) to closee.
27. I can't stand a) to listen 28. The thief got into the a) closing 29. He regretted a) leaving 30. She deserved a) win 31. Soha admitted	b) listening ne house because I fo b) closed his job as b) to leave the first b) winning a lie who	c) announcing c) listened rgot the wing c) to closing s he couldn't find another on c) left prize. c) won en she was first asked.	d) to announce d) to listening dow. d) to close e. d) leaves d) to win
27. I can't stand a) to listen 28. The thief got into the closing 29. He regretted a) leaving 30. She deserved a) win 31. Soha admitted a) telling	b) listening ne house because I fo b) closed b) to leave the first b) winning a lie who b) to tell	c) announcing c) listened rgot the wing c) to closing s he couldn't find another on c) left prize. c) won en she was first asked. c) had told	d) to announce d) to listening dow. d) to close e. d) leaves
27. I can't stand a) to listen 28. The thief got into the a) closing 29. He regretted a) leaving 30. She deserved a) win 31. Soha admitted a) telling 32. Hesham likes	b) listening ne house because I fo b) closed his job as b) to leave the first b) winning a lie who b) to tell a nap in the	c) announcing c) listened rgot the wind c) to closing s he couldn't find another on c) left prize. c) won en she was first asked. c) had told afternoon.	d) to announce d) to listening dow. d) to close e. d) leaves d) to win d) was telling
27. I can't stand a) to listen 28. The thief got into the closing 29. He regretted a) leaving 30. She deserved a) win 31. Soha admitted a) telling 32. Hesham likes a) to take	b) listening ne house because I fo b) closed b) to leave the first b) winning b) to tell a nap in the b) is taking	c) announcing c) listened rgot the wing c) to closing s he couldn't find another on c) left prize. c) won en she was first asked. c) had told afternoon. c) took	d) to announce d) to listening dow. d) to close e. d) leaves d) to win d) was telling d) taken
27. I can't stand a) to listen 28. The thief got into the a) closing 29. He regretted a) leaving 30. She deserved a) win 31. Soha admitted a) telling 32. Hesham likes a) to take 33. When I was young,	b) listening ne house because I fo b) closed his job as b) to leave the first b) winning his a lie who b) to tell his a nap in the b) is taking I remember	c) announcing c) listened rgot the wind c) to closing s he couldn't find another on c) left prize. c) won en she was first asked. c) had told afternoon. c) took	d) to announce d) to listening dow. d) to close e. d) leaves d) to win d) was telling d) taken ery week.
27. I can't stand a) to listen 28. The thief got into the a) closing 29. He regretted a) leaving 30. She deserved a) win 31. Soha admitted a) telling 32. Hesham likes a) to take 33. When I was young, a) visit	b) listening ne house because I fo b) closed his job as b) to leave his job as b) winning he house because I fo b) to leave his job as b) to tell his taking li remember his to visit	c) announcing c) listened rgot	d) to announce d) to listening dow. d) to close e. d) leaves d) to win d) was telling d) taken ery week. d) to visiting
27. I can't stand a) to listen 28. The thief got into the a) closing 29. He regretted a) leaving 30. She deserved a) win 31. Soha admitted a) telling 32. Hesham likes a) to take 33. When I was young, a) visit 34. I love my grandmother.	b) listening ne house because I fo b) closed his job as b) to leave the first b) winning a lie who b) to tell anap in the b) is taking I remember b) to visit cher. I remember	c) announcing c) listened rgot	d) to announce d) to listening dow. d) to close e. d) leaves d) to win d) was telling d) taken ery week. d) to visiting
27. I can't stand a) to listen 28. The thief got into the a) closing 29. He regretted a) leaving 30. She deserved a) win 31. Soha admitted a) telling 32. Hesham likes a) to take 33. When I was young, a) visit 34. I love my grandmote a) visit	b) listening ne house because I fo b) closed his job as b) to leave his job as b) winning he house because I fo b) to leave his job as b) to tell his taking his taking his tremember his to visit her. I remember his to visit	c) announcing c) listened rgot	d) to announce d) to listening dow. d) to close e. d) leaves d) to win d) was telling d) taken ery week. d) to visiting
27. I can't stand a) to listen 28. The thief got into the a) closing 29. He regretted a) leaving 30. She deserved a) win 31. Soha admitted a) telling 32. Hesham likes a) to take 33. When I was young, a) visit 34. I love my grandmote a) visit 35. Mona stopped	b) listening ne house because I fo b) closed his job as b) to leave the first b) winning a lie who b) to tell his taking I remember b) to visit ther. I remember b) to visit her. I remember to her friend	c) announcing c) listened rgot	d) to announce d) to listening dow. d) to close e. d) leaves d) to win d) was telling d) taken ery week. d) to visiting d) to visiting
27. I can't stand	b) listening ne house because I fo b) closed his job as b) to leave the first b) winning his a lie who b) to tell his taking I remember b) to visit her. I remember b) to visit her. I remember b) to visit her b) to her friend b) to talk	c) announcing c) listened rgot	d) to announce d) to listening dow. d) to close e. d) leaves d) to win d) was telling d) taken ery week. d) to visiting
27. I can't stand	b) to tell b) to visit cher. I remember b) to visit cher. I remember b) to visit cher. I to her friend b) to talk cher. I to her friend	c) announcing c) listened rgot	d) to announce d) to listening dow. d) to close e. d) leaves d) to win d) was telling d) taken ery week. d) to visiting d) to talking d) to talking
27. I can't stand	b) listening ne house because I fo b) closed his job as b) to leave the first b) winning his a lie who b) to tell his taking I remember b) to visit her. I remember b) to visit her. I remember b) to visit her b) to her friend b) to talk	c) announcing c) listened rgot	d) to announce d) to listening dow. d) to close e. d) leaves d) to win d) was telling d) taken ery week. d) to visiting d) to visiting

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	Unit 6 Lesson	5 Chapter	<mark>6</mark>
shore	شاطئ البحر	sink (sank/sunk)	يغوص / يغرق(اشياع)
wind	الرياح	sinking	الغرق
<u>at</u> all	على الاطلاق	blow(blew/blown)	تهب (الرياح)
attack	يهاجم/ هجوم	different	مختلف
island	ج زيرة		اتجاهات
worried about	قلق بشأن	keep (kept)	يحفظ / يحافظ
trust	ثقة / يثق	patient	صبور / مریض
call	يتصل / يسمى	change	يغير / تغيير
reach	يصل الى	cannon	مدفع
fort	قلعة / حصن	realise	يدرك
well defended	محصنة جيدة	look <u>round</u>	ينظر حوله
shout	يصرخ / صرخة	prepare	يعد / يجهز
dead	میت	move	يتحرك
death	موت	easy <u>for</u>	سهل على
die	يموت	hit (hit)	يضربيقف
deadly	ممیت	stand <u>up</u>	يقف
run <u>back to</u>	يعود مسرعا الى	fire <u>at</u>	يطلق النار على يسقط
plan	يخطط/خطة	fall (fell/fallen)	يسقط
medicines	أدوية	cry	يصرخ / صرخة
at the same time	في نفس الوقت	race	سباق
contact	يتصل / اتصال	feet	أقدام (مسافة)
surprised	مندهش	include	يتضمن
quickly	بسرعة	get <u>to</u>	يصل الى
return <u>to</u>	يعود الى	as fast as possible	بسرعة بقدر الامكان على الاقل
None of	لا احد من	<u>at</u> last	على الاقل
advantage	ميزة	arrive <u>at</u>	يصل الى
disadvantage	عيب	gun fire	اطلاق النار
weapons	أسلحة	pick <u>up</u>	يلتقط
supplies	امدادات / مؤن	servant	خادم
close <u>to</u>	قریب من	put <u>up</u> a flag	يرفع العلم
careful	حريص	take <u>down</u>	ينزل / يخفض
prevent	يمنع	alive	على قيد الحياة

Treasure Island Chapter 6

Dr Livesy:

When the boats went to the shore, I talked to Captain Smollett and Mr Trelawney. There was no wind at all, so we knew we could not take the ship, even if we wanted to attack the six men who stayed on the ship with us. Then we heard that Jim Hawkins was on the island with Silver and his men. We were very worried about him.

الدكتور لايفسى:

عندما ذهبت القوارب إلى الشاطيء، تحدثت مع كابتن سموليت ومستر تريلاوني. لم يكن هناك اى رياح على الإطلاق، لذلك عرفنا أننا لا نستطيع أن نأخذ السفينة ، حتى لو أردنا مهاجمة الرجال الستة الذين بقوا على السفينة معنا. ثم سمعنا أن جيم هوكينز كان على الجزيرة مع سيلفر ورجاله. كنا قلقين جدا عليه

I decided to take a boat to the shore with another man we could trust, called Hunter. When we reached the island, we walked a little way and then we found a small fort. It was big enough for about

twenty-five people and was very well defended. It also had water. Then I heard a shout. I thought that Jim was dead.

قررت أن آخذ قاربًا إلى الشاطئ مع رجل آخر يمكننا ان نثق به يدعى هانتر. عندما وصلنا إلى الجزيرة ، مشينا قليلاً ثم وجدنا حصنًا صغيرًا. كان كبيرا بما يكفي لحوالى خمسة وعشرين شخصًا وتم الدفاع عنها جيدًا. كان بها أيضا ماء. ثم سمعت صرخة. اعتقدت أن جيم قد مات.

We ran back to the boat and soon returned to the Hispaniola. I told Captain Smollett and Mr Trelawney my plan. We quickly put food, medicines and guns in the boat.

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جرينا إلى القارب وسرعان ما عدنا إلى هيسبانيولا. اخبرت كابتن سموليت ومستر تريلاوني بخطتي. وضعنا بسرعة الطعام والأدوية والبنادق في القارب.
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At the same time, Captain Smollett and Mr Trelawney said to Silver's men who were still on the ship, "We have guns. If you try to contact Silver, you will be dead." They looked very surprised.

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في نفس الوقت ، قال كابتن سموليت ومستر تريلاوني لرجال سيلفر الذين كانوا لا يزالون على السفينة ، "نحن لدينا أسلحة. إذا
حاولتم الاتصال بسيلفر ، فستموتوا ". كانوا مندهشين جدًا.
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I then took the boat back to the beach with Hunter and another sailor called Joyce. We quickly took everything up to the fort, then I left Hunter and Joyce in the fort and returned to the Hispaniola.

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ثم أخذت القارب عاندا إلى الشاطئ مع هانتر وبحار آخر يدعى جويس. أخذنا كل شيء بسرعة إلى الحصن ، ثم تركت هانتر وجويس في الحصن وعدت إلى سفينة هيسبانيولا.
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We knew that Silver had more men than us, but we also knew that none of them had guns. We thought that this gave us an advantage. On the Hispaniola, Trelawney helped me to put food and more weapons into the boat. Then we called for Captain Smollett, Redruth and a good sailor called Abraham Gray, and they climbed into the boat with us.

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عرفنا أن سيلفر لديه رجال أكثر منا، لكننا عرفنا أيضًا أنه لم يكن لدى أي منهم سلاح. اعتقدنا أن هذا أعطانا ميزة. وعلى سفينة هسبانيولا ساعدني تريلاوني على وضع الطعام والمزيد من الأسلحة في القارب. ثم نادينا على كابتن سموليت، ريدروث وبحار جيد يدعى أبراهام جراى، وصعدوا إلى القارب معنا
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Our journey back to the island was more difficult than the others. There were more people and supplies now, so the boat was heavy and very close to the water. We had to be very careful to prevent the boat from sinking. The wind blew from a different direction, too, and we were not moving towards the beach near the fort.

"We'll never get to the beach!" I said.

اؤئي تغنيي كلحك

كانت رحلتنا إلى الجزيرة أكثر صعوبة من الآخرين. كان هناك المزيد من الناس والمؤن الآن ، لذلك كان القارب ثقيلًا وقريبًا جدًا من الماء. كان علينا أن نكون حذرين للغاية لمنع القارب من الغرق. هبت الرياح من اتجاه مختلف أيضًا ، ولم نتحرك نحو الشاطئ بالقرب من الحصن.

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قلت: "لن نصل إلى الشاطئ أبدًا"!
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Fun with English

"We must keep in this direction," said Captain Smollett. "Work hard, be patient, and we will arrive." Then his voice changed. "The cannon!" he called.

I looked round and realised that the men we left on the Hispaniola were preparing a cannon. We were moving so slowly that we were not far from the ship. It would be easy for them to hit us.

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قال كابتن سموليت: "يجب أن نستمر في هذا الاتجاه". "اعمل بجد وكن صبورًا وسنصل." ثم تغير صوته. "المدفع"!
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نظرت حولى وأدركت أن الرجال الذين تركناهم على هيسبانيولا كانوا يجهزون مدفعًا. كنا نتحرك ببطء شديد لدرجة أننا لم نكن بعيدين عن السفينة. سيكون من السهل عليهم ضربنا.

Trelawney stood up with a gun and fired at the pirates, and one of them fell. We heard a cry from the ship, and another from the beach. We saw that the other pirates were getting into their boats. "Go as fast as you can," said Captain Smollet. "If we don't get to the beach, we're finished."

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New OK. 1st year sec.

وقف تريلاوني ببندقية وأطلق النار على القراصنة ، وسقط أحدهم. سمعنا صرخة من السفينة وآخر من الشاطئ. رأينا أن القراصنة الآخرين كانوا يدخلون قواربهم.

قال كابتن سموليت "اذهب بأسرع ما يمكنك". "إذا لم نصل إلى الشاطئ ، فقد انتهى امرنا."

"They are only using one boat" I said. "The other men are walking to the beach to wait for us."

"It's a long way for them to run," said Captain Smollett. "It's a race to get there first."

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قلت: "إنهم يستخدمون قاربًا واحدًا فقط". "الرجال الآخرون يمشون إلى الشاطئ لينتظرونا." قال كابتن سموليت: "إنه طريق طويل عليهم ليجروه، إنه سباق للوصول إلى هناك أولاً".
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We moved fast, and the wind was not so strong near the beach. However, Trelawney fired his gun again which made us all move to one side of the boat. It started to sink, but we were in just three feet of water. It was not difficult to walk to the beach, but we had lost many of our supplies in the water, including some of our guns.

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تحركنا بسرعة ، ولم تكن الرياح قوية جدا بالقرب من الشاطئ. ومع ذلك ، أطلق تريلاوني سلاحه مرة أخرى مما جعلنا جميعًا نتحرك إلى جانب واحد من القارب. بدأت تغرق ، لكننا كنا على بعد ثلاثة أقدام فقط من الماء. لم يكن من الصعب السير إلى الشاطئ ، لكننا فقدنا الكثير من إمداداتنا في الماء ، بما في ذلك بعض أسلحتنا.
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There were now voices in the trees and we knew that the pirates were near. We had to get to the fort before the pirates got to the beach. We all ran as fast as possible and at last we saw the fort in front of us. At the same time, seven pirates arrived at the other side of it. The pirates looked surprised to see the fort and stopped. This gave us time to fire our guns, and they quickly turned and ran into the trees behind them.

كانت هناك الآن أصوات خلف الأشجار وعرفنا أن القراصنة كانوا قريبين. كان علينا الوصول إلى الحصن قبل أن يصل القراصنة إلى الشاطئ. جرينا جميعًا بأسرع ما يمكننا، وفي النهاية رأينا الحصن أمامنا. في الوقت نفسه ، وصل سبعة قراصنة إلى الجانب الآخر منه. بدا القراصنة مندهشين لرؤية الحصن وتوقفوا. أعطانا هذا الوقت لإطلاق نيران أسلحتنا ، وسرعان ما استداروا وجروا نحو الأشجار وراءهم.

Before we could enter the fort, we heard another gun fire, and poor Redruth fell down. We quickly picked him up and took him into the fort, but it was too late: he was dead. Trelawney was very sad. Redruth had been a good servant to him. Captain Smollett put up a flag inside the fort and counted the supplies, then he asked me, "How long will we have to spend on this island?"

قبل أن نتمكن من دخول الحصن ، سمعنا إطلاق نار آخر ، وسقط ريد روث. سرعان ما رفعناه وأخذناه إلى الحصن ، ولكن بعد فوات الأوان: لقد مات. كان تريلاوني حزينًا جدًا. كان ريدروث خادما جيدا له. وضع اابتن سموليت علمًا داخل الحصن وقام بحساب الإمدادات ، ثم سألني: "كم من الوقت يجب أن نقضيه على هذه الجزيرة؟"

"In England, I told Blandly that if we were not back by August, to come and find us," I explained.

"We need the supplies that were lost in the sea," said Captain Smollett. "Without them, we have enough supplies until July only."

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"في إنجلترا ، أخبرت بلاندلي أننا إذا لم نعد بحلول شهر أغسطس ، فليأتى الينا ويجدنا."
قال كابتن سموليت: "نحتاج إلى الإمدادات التي فقدت في البحر". "بدونهم ، لدينا إمدادات تكفى حتى شهر يوليو فقط."
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At that moment, we heard gun fire and the fort was nearly hit.

"They can see the flag," said Trelawney. "We should take it down."

"No!" said Captain Smollett. "We keep the flag! It will show the pirates that we are not frightened of them!"

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في تلك اللحظة ، سمعنا إطلاق نار وأصيب الحصن تقريبا.
قال تريلاوني: "يمكنهم رؤية العلم". "يجب أن ننزله."
"لا!" قال الكابتن سموليت. "نحافظ على العلم! هذا سوف يظهر للقراصنة أننا لسنا خانفين منهم"!
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The gun fire continued, but it was almost impossible for them to hit anyone inside the fort. Just then, we heard someone calling.

1st year sec. New OK. "Doctor! Mr Trelawney! Captain! Are you there?" I ran to the door of the fort and I found Jim Hawkins, safe and alive! استمر إطلاق النار ، لكن كان من المستحيل عليهم ضرب أي شخص داخل الحصن. عندها فقط ، سمعنا شخصًا ينادي. ايها ال"طبيب! مستر تريلاوني! كابتن! هل أنتم هناك؟" جريت إلى باب الحصن ووجدت جيم هوكينز آمناً وحياً **Exercise on Chapter (6)** 1-A.....is a book in which you write down the things that happen to you daily. (diary - dairy - cannon - fort) 2-To.....means to shoot bullets or bombs. (fire – shout – point – defend) 3-To.....means to arrive somewhere. (sail – arrive to – get to – leave for) 4-A/An....is an exciting experience in which dangerous or unusual things happen. (adventure – advantage – contact – connect) 5-To....is to communicate with someone or something. (fire – burn – contact – supply) 6-To.....is to protect someone or something from being attacked. (fire - pick - sink - defend)7-....are food, clothes etc. that you need to take with you for a.....period of time. (supplies – communications – Entries – Diaries) 8-A.....is a large gun with wheel. (gun – cannon – sword – fort) 9-A.....is a strong building or group of buildings used by soldiers or an army of defending an important place. (diary – gun – contact – fort) 10-A/An....is a good or useful feature that someone or something has. (adventure – advantage – contact – connect) 11-You can't.....me from telling the truth. It is my right to defend myself. (prevent - pick - put - get)12-The soldiers used the ship's.....to frighten the pirates. (cannon – sails – rows – cook) 13-We all mustthe interests of our country. (attack – defend – hit – blow) 14-The airport lost......with the plane which disappeared from the radar. (contact – arrival – race – diary) 15-It is not easy to break into this strong..... (entry – dairy – diary – fort) 16-He likes...... That's why he is interested in travelling to remote areas. (winds – races – fire – adventure) 17-The powerful engine gives this car an extra.....

(supplies – adventure – advantage – dis advantage)

تم بحمد الله